<u>Unit F - Circles</u>			
Overview			
During this unit students use many concepts learned throughout the course to solve problems involving circles. Segments and angles associated with circles are examined. Problems on the coordinate plane again bridge Algebra and Geometry skills and concepts. 21 st Century Capacities: Analyzing, Synthesizing			
Stage 1 - Desired Results			
ESTABLISHED GOALS/ STANDARDS	Transfer:		
 MP 1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them MP2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively MP7 Look for and make use of structure CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.CO.A.1 Know precise definitions of angle, circle, 	 Students will be able to independently use their learning in new situations to Draw conclusions about graphs, shapes, equations, or objects. (Synthesizing) Demonstrate fluency with math facts, computation and concepts. Make sense of a problem, initiate a plan, execute it, and evaluate the reasonableness of the (Analyzing) 		
perpendicular line, parallel line, and line	Meaning:		
segment, based on the undefined notions of point, line, distance along a line, and distance around a circular arc.	UNDERSTANDINGS: Students will understand that:	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS: Students will explore & address these recurring questions:	
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.C.A.1 Prove that all circles are similar. CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.C.A.2 Identify and describe relationships among inscribed angles, radii, and chords. <i>Include</i> <i>the relationship between central, inscribed,</i> <i>and circumscribed angles; inscribed angles</i> <i>on a diameter are right angles; the radius of</i>	 Mathematicians flexibly use different tools, strategies, symbols, and operations to build conceptual knowledge or solve problems. Mathematicians examine relationships to discern a pattern, generalizations, or structure. Mathematicians analyze characteristics and properties of geometric shapes to develop mathematical arguments about geometric relationships. 	A. What math strategies can I use to solve the problem?B. Does this solution make sense?C. How does classifying bring clarity?	

Geometry Level 1 Curriculum

a circle is perpendicular to the tangent	Acquisition:	
where the radius intersects the circle.	Students will know	Students will be skilled at
CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.C.B.5 Derive using similarity the fact that the length of the arc intercepted by an angle is proportional to the radius, and define the radian measure of the angle as the constant of proportionality; derive the formula for the area of a sector. CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSG.GPE.A.1 Derive the equation of a circle of given center and radius using the Pythagorean Theorem; complete the square to find the center and radius of a circle given by an equation	 How to identify a major or minor arc The formula for the area and circumference of a circle If a radius is perp to a chord, then it bisects the chord (and the converse) The perp. bisector of a chord passes through the center of the circle Vocabulary: sector, circle, center, radius, concentric, interior, exterior, diameter, chord, arc, central angle, minor arc, major arc, semicircle 	 Identifying if a point is located in the interior, exterior or on the circle Identifying chords, radii, diameters, tangents of circles Applying circle area and circumference formulas to find the area of a sector or length of an arc Solving a wide variety of problems, including proofs, involving circles