Name	Da	te
1. Find the products.		
a. $1,900 \times 20$ $(9 \times 100) \times (2 \times 10)$ $(19 \times 2) \times (100 \times 10)$ 38×1000 (38,000)	b. $6,000 \times 50$ $(6 \times 1000) \times (5 \times 10)$ $(6 \times 5) \times (1000 \times 10)$ 30×10000 300,000	c. 250×300 $(25 \times 10) \times (3 \times 100)$ $(25 \times 3) \times (10 \times 100)$ 75×1000 (75000)

2. Explain how knowing $50 \times 4 = 200$ helps you find 500×400 .

Compared to 50 x 4, 500 x 400 has 3 additional zeros. So its answer will also have 3 additional zeros.

50 × 4= 200 500 × 400 = 20000



Date

Name

Round the factors and estimate the products.

- a. $656 \times 106 \approx 70,000$ 700 × 100 = 70,000
- b. 3,108 × 7,942 ≈ **24,000,000**

3000×8000 = 24,000,000

- c. $425 \times 9,311 \approx 3,600,000$ $400 \times 9000 = 3,00000$
- d. 8,633 × 57,008 ≈ 513,000,000
 9000 × 57,000 = 513,000,000

NOTE: It is possible answers could be different because students round to a

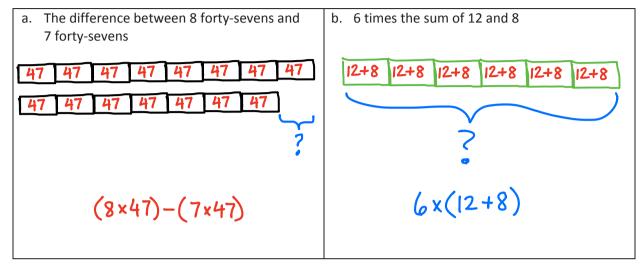
different place value.





Date

1. Draw a model. Then, write the numerical expressions.



2. Compare the two expressions using >, <, or =.

62 × (70 + 8)		(70 + 8) × 26
---------------	--	---------------

The left expression is 62 copies of 70+8, while the right

expression is 26 copies of 70+8.

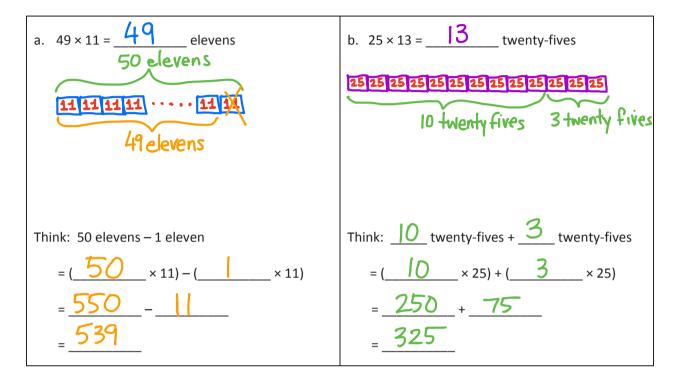




Name _____

Date _____

Solve using mental math. Draw a tape diagram and fill in the blanks to show your thinking.

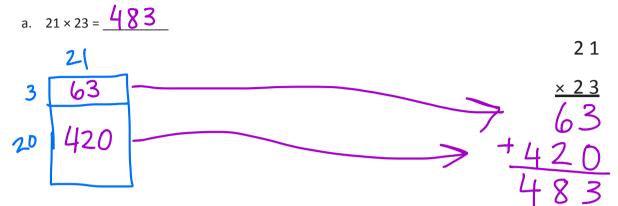




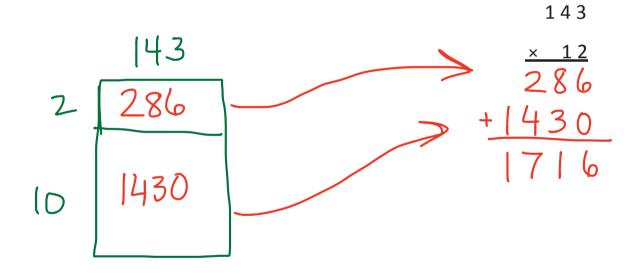
Name _____ Date ____

Date _____

Draw an area model, and then solve using the standard algorithm.



b.
$$143 \times 12 = 1716$$



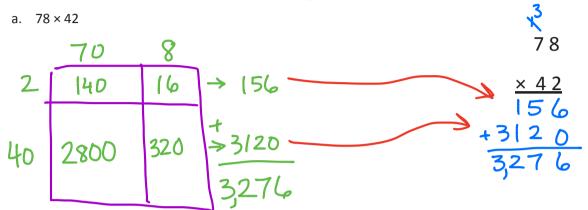


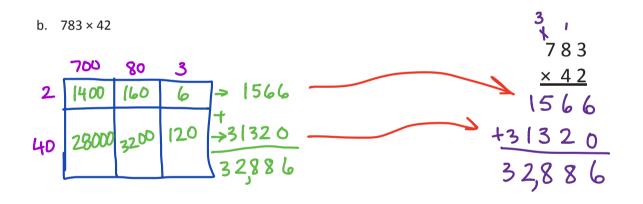
Lesson 5:

5: Connect visual models and the distributive property to partial products of the standard algorithm without renaming.

Date

Draw an area model. Then, solve using the standard algorithm. Use arrows to match the partial products from your area model to the partial products in the algorithm.







6: Connect area models and the distributive property to partial products of the standard algorithm with renaming.

Date _____

6 4 2

257

2100

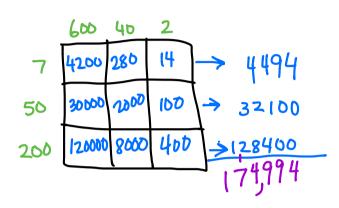
94

28400

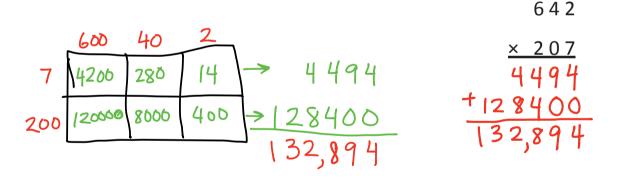
+1

Draw an area model. Then, solve using the standard algorithm.

a. 642 × 257



b. 642 × 207





Lesson 7:

 Connect area models and the distributive property to partial products of the standard algorithm with renaming. Name Date _____ Estimate the product first. Solve by using the standard algorithm. Use your estimate to check the reasonableness of the product. X a. 283 × 416 283 416 ≈ <u>300</u> × <u>400</u> = 12000 200 L 2,803 b. 2,803 × 406 × 406 ≈ <u>3000 × 400</u> 16818 +1121200 <u>_ 1,200,000</u> 138,018

Name	Date

Solve.

Juwad picked 30 bags of apples on Monday and sold them at his fruit stand for \$3.45 each. The following week he picked and sold 26 bags.

- a. How much money did Juwad earn in the first week?
 - ' 3.45 <u>x 30</u> 103.50

```
Juwad earned $103.50 in the first week.
```

b. How muth money did he earn in the second week?



He earned \$89.70 in the second week.

c. How much did Juwad earn selling bags of apples these two weeks?



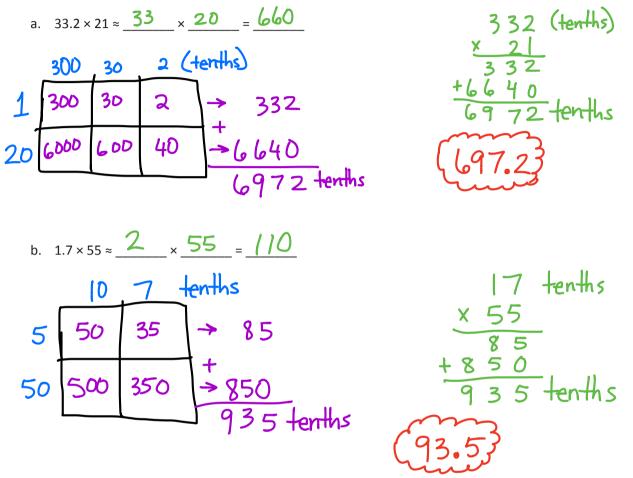
d. **Extension:** Each bag Juwad picked holds 15 apples. How many apples did he pick in two weeks? Write an expression to represent this problem.

$(30+26) \times 15$



Date _____

1. Estimate the product. Solve using an area model and the standard algorithm. Remember to express your products in standard form.



2. If the product of 485 × 35 is 16,975, what is the product of 485 × 3.5? How do you know?

If 485x 35 = 16,975 then 485x 35tenths=16,975 tenths which equals 1697.5



Name	Date
Use estimation and place value reasoning to find the unknown produc	t. Explain how you know.
1. If $647 \times 63 = 40,761$ then $6.47 \times 63 = 407.61$	
$6.47 \xrightarrow{\times 100} 647$	$6.47 \times 63 \approx 6 \times 63 = 378$
x 63 x 65	107.61 is close to 378, so the
40,76 ÷ 100 -> 407.6	answer is reasonable.

- 2. Solve using the standard algorithm.
 - a. 6.13 × 14

b. 104.35 × 34

×10D 6.13×100 10435 104.35 x 14 34 X 1365 **†3** $\frac{0}{0} \div 100$.100 79 3547.9 0 85.82

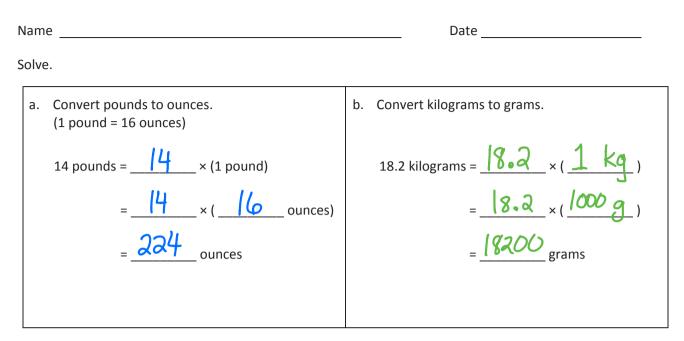


Multiply decimal fractions by multi-digit whole numbers through conversion to a whole number problem and reasoning about the placement of the decimal.

Name	Date
Estimate. Then, solve using the standard algorithm. a. $3.03 \times 402 \approx \underline{3} \times \underline{400} = \underline{1200}$	b. $667 \times 1.25 \approx \frac{700}{100} \times 1.25 \approx \frac{700}{100} \times 1.25 \approx \frac{700}{100} \times 1.25 \approx \frac{700}{100} \times 1.25 $
$3.03 \xrightarrow{\times 100} 303 \times 402 \times 402 \times 402 \times 402 \times 121200 \times 100 121806 \div 100 128.06$	$ \begin{array}{r} 667 \times 100 & 667 \\ \times 1.25 & \times 125 \\ 3335 \\ + 6700 \\ 83375 & \times 100 \\ 833.75 \\ \end{array} $



12: Reason about the product of a whole number and a decimal with hundredths using place value understanding and estimation.

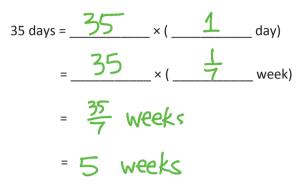




Name _____

Date _____

1. Convert days to weeks by completing the number sentences.



2. Convert grams to kilograms by completing the number sentences.

$$4,567 \text{ grams} = \frac{4567}{4567} \times \frac{19}{1000} \text{ kg}$$
$$= \frac{4567}{1000} \text{ kg}$$
$$= \frac{4567}{1000} \text{ kg}$$
$$= 4.567 \text{ kg}$$

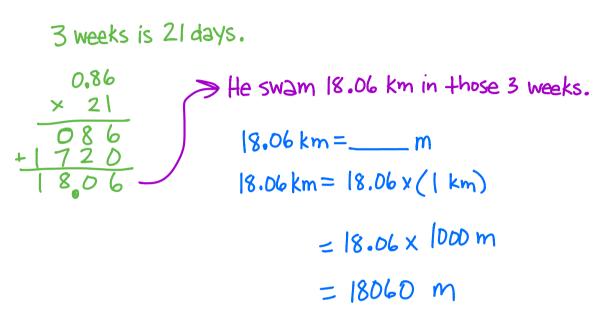
. .



Name	Date	

Solve.

To practice for an Ironman competition, John swam 0.86 kilometer each day for 3 weeks. How many meters did he swim in those 3 weeks?



He swam 18,060 meters in those 3 weeks.



Name _____

Date

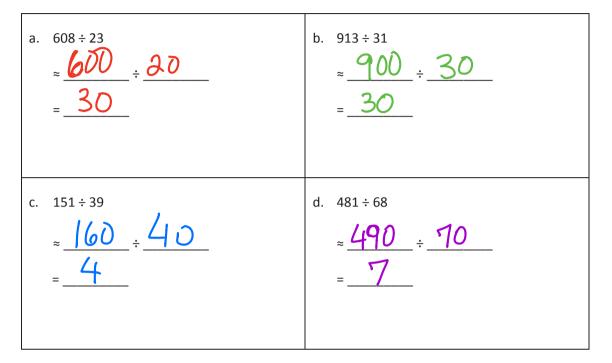
Divide. Show your thinking.

lide. Show your thinking.	
a. 17,000 ÷ 100	b. 59,000 ÷ 1,000
= 170÷1	$= 59$ thousand $\div 1$ thousand
= 170	= 59 ÷ 1
	= 59
c. 12,000 ÷ 40	d. 480,000 ÷ 600
=12,000÷10÷4	= 480,000 ÷ 100 ÷ 6
= 1200 ÷ 4	= 4,800 ÷ 6
= 300	= 800



Date

Estimate the quotient for the following problems.



NOTE : Because students are estimating, their answers may differ from these provided.



Name _____

Date _____

Estimate the quotients for the following problems.

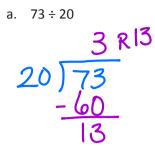
a. 6,523÷21	b. $8,491 \div 37$
≈ <u>6600</u> ÷ <u>20</u>	$\approx 8400 \div 40$
= <u>330</u>	= 210
c. $3,704 \div 53$	d. 4,819÷68
$\approx 4000 \div 50$	≈ <u>4900</u> ÷ <u>70</u>
= 80	= <u>70</u>

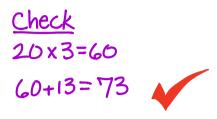
NOTE : Because students are estimating, their answers may differ from these provided.

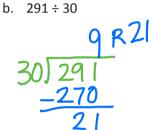


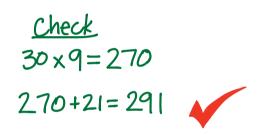
Name		Data	
Name _		Date	

Divide, and then check using multiplication.

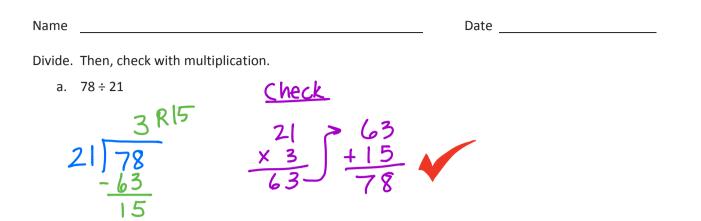




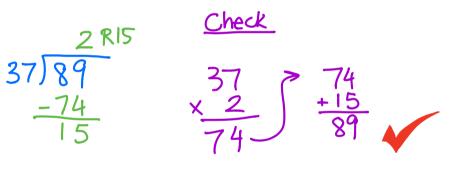








b. 89÷37

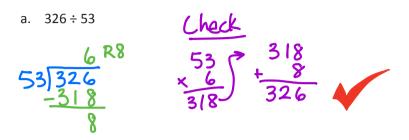




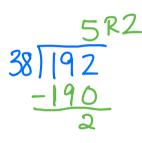
20: Divide two- and three-digit dividends by two-digit divisors with single digit quotients, and make connections to a written method.

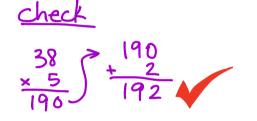
Name	Date	

Divide. Then, check using multiplication.



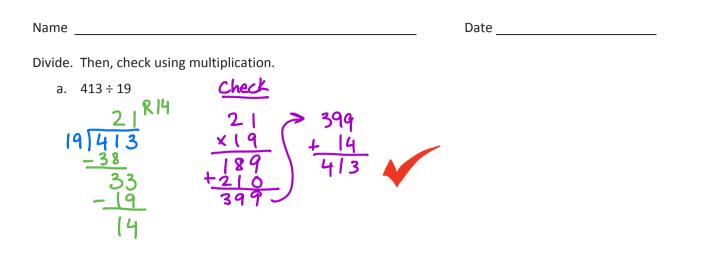
b. 192÷38



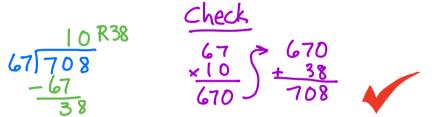




Lesson 21: Divide two- and three-digit dividends by two-digit divisors with single digit quotients, and make connections to a written method.



b. 708 ÷ 67



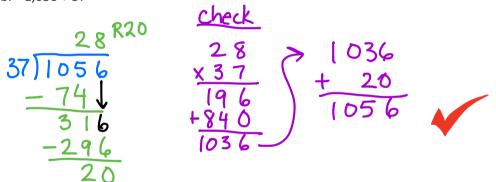


Lesson 22:

Divide three- and four-digit dividends by two-digit divisors resulting in two- and three-digit quotients, reasoning about the decomposition of successive remainders in each place value.

Name		_ Date
Divide. Then, check using r		
a. 8,283÷19	Check	
$ \begin{array}{r} 435 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 8 \\ -76 \\ -76 \\ -76 \\ -76 \\ -76 \\ -76 \\ -76 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 435 \\ \times 19 \\ 3915 \\ + 4350 \\ 8265 \end{array} > 8265 \\ 8283 \\ 828 \\ $	

b. 1,056 ÷ 37





Lesson 23:

Name		Date
1. Divide.		
a. 27.3÷3	b. 2.73 ÷ 30	c. 273 ÷ 300
=9.1	= 2.73÷3÷10	= 273÷3÷100
	= .91 ÷10	= 91÷100
	= 0.091	= 0.91

2. If $7.29 \div 9 = 0.81$, then the quotient of $7.29 \div 90$ is ______. Use place value reasoning to explain the placement of the decimal point.

Since $7.29 \div 90$ can be written as $7.29 \div 9 \div 10$, we know its answer will be 10 times smaller than $7.29 \div 9$. So, 10 times smaller than 0.81 is 0.081.



Name _____

Date _____

Estimate the quotients.

a.
$$1.64 \div 22 \approx |.60 \div 20$$

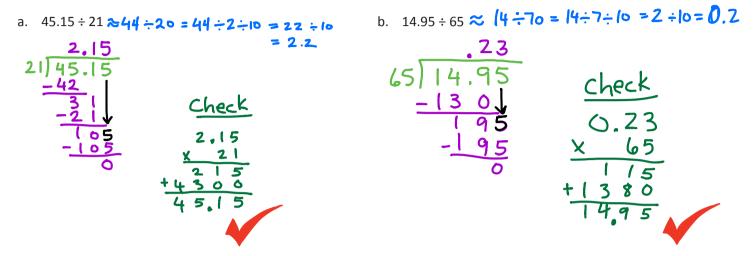
 $= |.60 \div 2 \div 10$
 $= .80 \div 10$
 $= .08$
b. $123.8 \div 62 \approx 120 \div 60$
 $= 2$
c. $6.15 \div 31 \approx 6 \div 30$

NOTE : Students may have answers that are different than the ones provided because this is estimation.



Name _____ Date _____

1. Estimate. Then, divide using the standard algorithm and check.



2. We learned today that division expressions that have the same quotient and remainders are not necessarily equal to each other. Explain how this is possible.

```
Let's use 2 R5 as an example.
```

Both 17:6 and 19:7 have 2R5 as answers, But, when we

divide as decimals, this is what we get ...

2.8	2.7
617.0	7)19.0
$\frac{-12}{50}$	-14
-4 8	50
2	-49
	- 1

... this shows the answers are not equal to each other.



Lesson 26:

Name	Date	
Divide. a. $28 \div 32 = 0.875$	b. $68.25 \div 65 = (.05)$	
875 32 28.000 -256 240 -224 160 -160 0	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.05 \\ 65 & 25 \\ -65 & 4 \\ 325 \\ -325 \\ 0 \end{array} $	

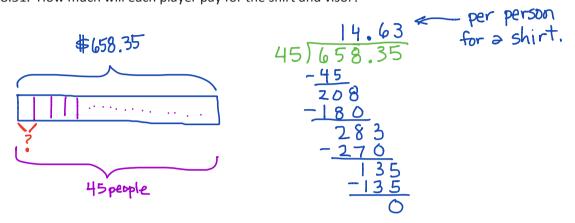


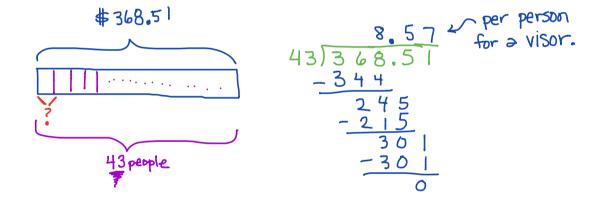
Lesson 27:

_		
Date		

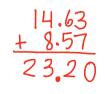
Solve this problem, and show all of your work.

Kenny is ordering uniforms for both the girls' and boys' tennis clubs. He is ordering shirts for 43 players and two coaches at a total cost of \$658.35. Additionally, he is ordering visors for each player at a total cost of \$368.51. How much will each player pay for the shirt and visor?





Player total:



Each player will pay \$23.20 for a shirt and visor.

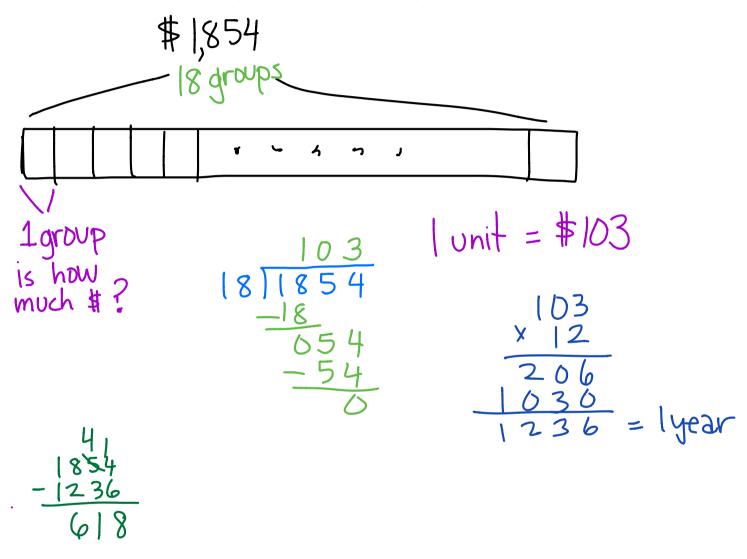


Lesson 28:

Solve division word problems involving multi-digit division with group size unknown and the number of groups unknown.

Solve.

Hayley borrowed \$1,854 from her parents. She agreed to repay them in equal installments throughout the next 18 months. How much will Hayley still owe her parents after a year?



Hayley will still owe \$618 after a year.



Lesson 29: Solve division word problems involving multi-digit division with group size unknown and the number of groups unknown.