## Precalculus - Final Exam Review

Do all work on a separate piece of paper.

- 1. Convert to degrees:  $\frac{3\pi}{5}$
- 2. Use trigonometric identities to simplify the expression:  $(\sin \theta 1)(\sin \theta + 1)$ .
- 3. Given  $\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{5}$  and  $\tan \theta < 0$ , find  $\cos \theta$ .
- 4. Graph the following equation:  $y = \frac{1}{2} \cos\left(\frac{3x}{2}\right)$
- 5. Evaluate:  $\operatorname{arccos}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ 6. Evaluate:  $\operatorname{cos}\left[\operatorname{arctan}\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)\right]$
- 7. Simplify:  $\frac{\csc x \cos^2 x}{1 + \csc x}$ 8. Simplify:  $\frac{\sin^2 x}{\sec^2 x - 1}$
- 9. Evaluate:  $\tan \frac{13\pi}{12} \left( \text{Use the fact } \frac{13\pi}{12} = \frac{4\pi}{3} \frac{\pi}{4} \right)$ 10. Simplify:  $\sin \left( \frac{3\pi}{2} + x \right)$
- 11. Find all the solutions in the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ :  $\cos 2x + \sin x = 0$ .
- 12. A 16-foot ladder leaning against the side of a house reaches 12 feet up the side of the house. What angle does the ladder make with the ground?
- 13. From point P, a cone is set 112 feet away at point A. Another cone is set 145 feet away from point P at point B. The angle at P is 50°. What is the distance between points A and B?
- 14. From a point 300 feet from a building, the angle of elevation to the base of an antenna on the roof is 26.6° and the angle of elevation to the top of the antenna is 31.5°. Determine the height of the antenna.

- 15. From a point on a cliff 75 feet above water level an observer can see a ship. The angle of depression to the ship is 4°. How far is the ship from the base of the cliff?
- 16. A room 16 feet on a side is to be added on to the side of a house. The angle of elevation of the present roof is 26.5°, and the angle of elevation of the new roof is to be 18.0°. How far along the old roof will the new roof reach?





- 17. Find b in the triangle at the right:
- 18. Find the vertex, focus and directrix of the parabola:  $4y^2 4y 4x + 5 = 0$ 19. Graph:  $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{1} = 1$
- 20. Find the foci of the hyperbola:  $\frac{(x+3)^2}{27} \frac{(y-5)^2}{22} = 1$
- 21. Find the center and radius of the circle:  $(x + 2)^2 + (y 7)^2 = 16$
- 22. Classify the graph of the equation as a circle, parabola, hyperbola, or ellipse:

$$x^2 - y^2 + 2x - 6y - 8 = 0$$

23. Find the magnitude of the vector  $\langle -3, 6 \rangle$ .

24. An airplane has a velocity of 580 mph, and its bearing is N60°W. The wind has a velocity of 60 mph, and its bearing is N45°E. What is the resultant speed and bearing of the airplane (with wind)?

Answers:



**5.**  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$  **6.**  $\frac{3\sqrt{13}}{13}$  **7.**  $1 - \sin x$  **8.**  $\cos^2 x$  **9.**  $2 - \sqrt{3}$  **10.**  $-\cos x$  **11.**  $\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$ **12.** 48.6° **13.** 112.7 ft. **14.** 33.6 ft **15.** 1072.5 ft **16.** 33.5 feet **17.** 51.2



**20**. (-10, 5) (4, 5) **21**. (-2, 7), r = 4 **22.** Hyperbola

**23**. 3 \* square root of 5

**24**. 567.4 mph, N 54.1 $^{\circ}$  W