## The Stuart Monarchs A century of Revolution

## James I & son Charles I

(Strong belief in Divine Right)

#### Clashed with Parliament began acting as Absolutist

Angered Protestant Puritans

# The English Civil War

### Parliament and Puritan Revolution

(1643)

### **Charles I**

**Cavaliers** 

VS.

Roundheads

**Oliver Cromwell** 

# The English Civil War

### Parliament and Puritan Revolution

(1643)

## **Oliver Cromwell**

"New Model Army"

# The English Civil War

### Parliament and Puritan Revolution

(1643)

#### **Charles I is beheaded in 1649**

First time a European Monarch tried and executed by his own people.

In England, no ruler would claim Absolute power...



# Cromwell & the Commonwealth

### **England became a Republic**

## Commonwealth

At first Cromwell & Parliament share power



# Cromwell & the Commonwealth

Cromwell assumes Title of

### **Lord Protector** a **Dictator**

Brutally put down revolts in Ireland & Scotland (Genocide)
 All Catholics sent to West Ireland...



## Restoration & The Glorious Revolution

Influence of the Puritans Rooted out "godlessness"

Sunday laws – religious observance
Closed Theaters, taverns, and dance halls
Education important – to read the Bible
Marriage based on "love" not business

Cromwell welcomed Jews back to England

## Restoration & The Glorious Revolution



**Parliament overthrows James (Catholic)** 

## "Bloodless Revolution" and places William & Mary - Protestant -(Glorious Revolution)

## **English Bill of Rights**

William & Mary forced to sign in 1688

•Guarantees Parliament's superiority over the Monarchy

•England becomes a Limited Monarchy (Remains today)

