Economic Decisions

Today's Objectives

- Identify the difference between wants and needs
- Explain the difference between goods and services
- Describe economic resources used in the production of goods and services
- Understand how scarcity applies to economics

Economics Defined

- Study of producing, distributing, and consuming goods and services
- Involves decisions regarding the use of resources
- Decisions are made by
 Individuals (consumers)
 Businesses (producers)
 Societies (government)



Economic Decisions

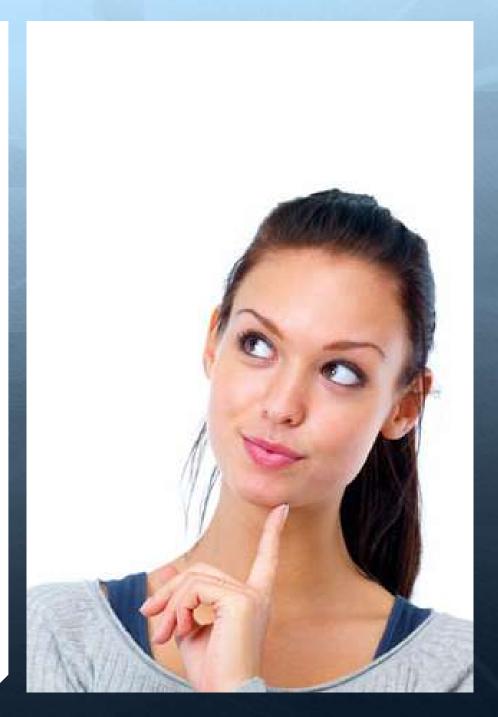
Businesses make money by offering *goods* and *services* to satisfy the *wants* and *needs* of consumers and other businesses.

This is how wants and needs drive the U.S. economy.



Think about it!

Make a list of the last 10 things you bought (or your parents bought for you)



The Economy's Driving Force



NEEDS

 Things necessary for basic living

 Essential to human life; required for survival

 Includes basic food, water, shelter, clothing

The Economy's Driving Force

WANTS

- Things you would like to have
- Non-essential, but add to quality of life
- Also referred to as a luxury

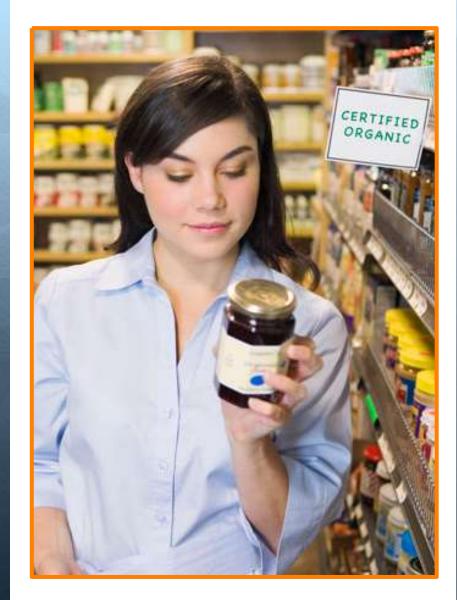


From your list, how many items were needs and how many were wants?



Wants and Needs

- Wants and needs determine what goods and services will be produced by businesses.
- Individuals (consumers) make decisions on what to buy
 - they vote with their dollars



Private vs. Public Wants

- Private wants are what individuals or small groups of people desire
- Public wants are widely shared by many people (society), such as highways, public libraries, shopping centers and parks.



What satisfies our needs and wants?

 Goods are things you can see and touch.
 They are tangible.

+ Shoes, Groceries, IPod



In order to create goods or to provide a service, you need <u>resources</u>.

 Services are satisfied through the efforts of other people or by equipment. They are intangible.

Getting a haircut, go to a movie, landscaping



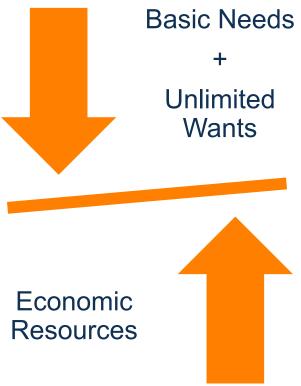
Goods & Services WS



Economic Resources

Resources Are Limited

Resources = Money Resources are limited ✓ Most people have unlimited wants Consumers have to make choices economic decisions

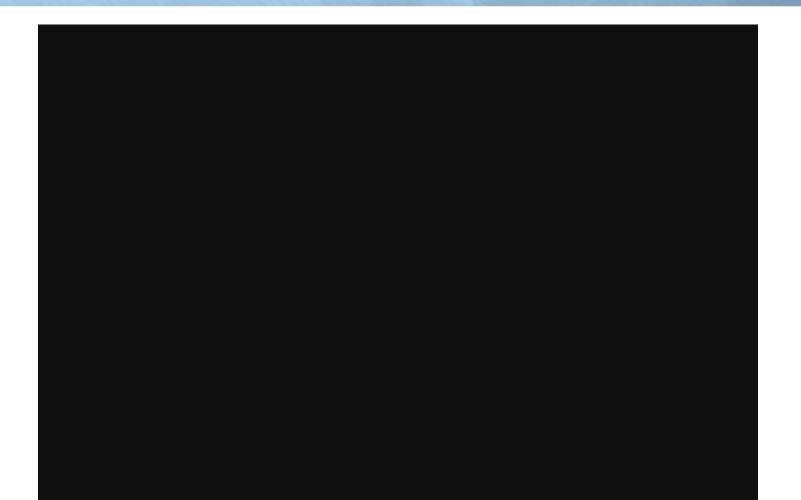


Scarcity

- Shortage of resources
- Conflict between unlimited wants and limited resources

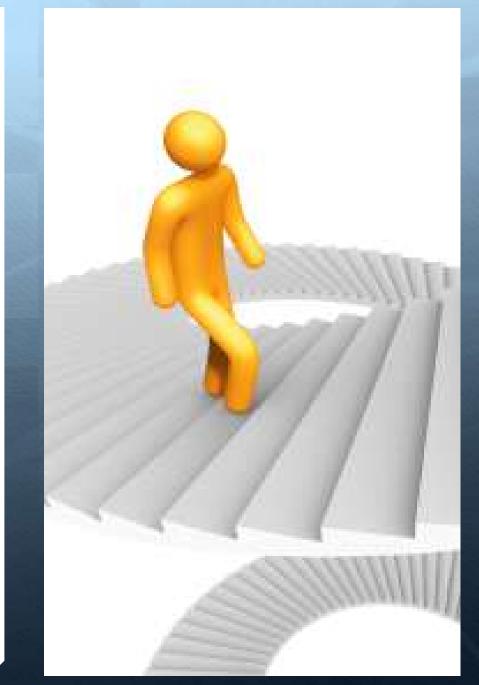


Price Gouging

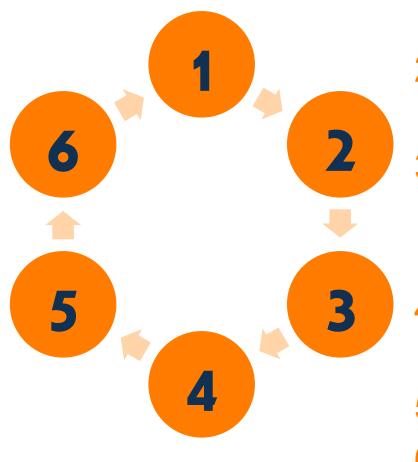


The Decision-Making Process

✓ The decision can be made by following six steps...



Decision-Making Process



- 1. Define problem.
- 2. Identify alternative solutions
- 3. Evaluate advantages / disadvantages of each solution
- 4. Choose the best alternative
- 5. Take action on the choice
- 6. Review the decision

Decision-Making Handout