# **ECON Chapter 3.2**

# **Promoting Growth and Stability**

• America's economy is really big!

## I. Tracking Business Cycles

- A. Macroeconomics = study of the behavior and decision making of entire economies
  - 1. Examines major trends for the economy as a whole.
- B. Microeconomics = study of the economic behavior and decision making of small units (individuals, families, households, and businesses)
  - 1.**GDP** (gross domestic product) = the total value of all the goods and services produced in an economy
  - Business cycle a period of macroeconomic expansion followed by a period of contraction (or decline)
    - a. Economists study **GDP** and other key statistics to predict **business cycles**.

### **II. Promoting Economic Strength**

- •Governments create public policies to stabilize the economy
- They pursue 3 main outcomes to stabilize economy: high employment, steady growth, and stable prices.

#### A.Employment

1. Aim of federal economic policy makers is to provide jobs for everyone able to work a. Unemployment rate between 4% - 6% is desirable.

#### **B**.Growth

1. American dream is for each new generation to enjoy a higher standard of living than previous generations.

#### C.Stability

- 1.General price levels
  - a.Government attempts to keep prices stable.

Example: A jump in the price of milk hurts families with kids; while a plunge in milk prices hurts dairy farmers.

#### D.Economic Citizenship

1.It's important to understand the macroeconomic process because your elective choices help guide the government in economic policy.

## III. Technology and Productivity

- The US enjoys a higher **standard of living** than most of the world.
- A.Technological Progress (**technology** = the process used to produce a good or service)
  - 1. Allows the US economy to operate more efficiently
- B.The Government's Role
  - 1. Inventions are the engine of the Free Enterprise system.
    - a.Government provides incentives for innovation.
    - b Federal agencies fund R+D (research & development) projects at universities.
    - c.Also grant patents and copyrights offering inventors the possibility of making huge profits in the free market.