

# Derivative Review

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(x-x^5\right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left[(x^2-1)(2-x)\right]$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} [(3x^2 - 8x)(x^2 + 2)]$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left[(x^2+x+1)(x+1)\right]$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(x^3-x\right)^2$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{6}{3-x} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x^4 + 4x + 4}{1 - x^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{(2x+1)(3x+2)}{(x+1)(x-1)} \right]$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(5x^{-2}-2x^{-5}\right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x^2 - 4}{x + 2} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ (x-2) \left( x + \frac{1}{x} \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{x}{x^2 + x + 1} \right)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \left( x^5 + x^{-2} \right) \left( x^3 - x^{-7} \right) \right]$$

Determine the equation of the tangent line

$$f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x+1} \quad \text{at the point } (1,0)$$

Determine the equation of the tangent line

$$f(x) = (x^2 + x)(1 - x^2) \quad \text{at the point } (2, -18)$$