

# AP COMPUTER SCIENCE AB

## SYLLABUS

**MR. BACU**

### Course Overview

AP Computer Science AB is taught over a period of one year, extending the concepts studied in the previous two courses. The first previous course, Computer Science I, covers introductory Java programming, methods, decisions, loops, input and output, using files, and using classes. The second previous course, Computer Science II, covers designing and writing classes, arrays, searching, sorting, and an introduction to Big-Oh. The language of all 3 courses is Java.

The AP Computer Science AB course emphasizes object-oriented programming and class design. Student show proficiency in creating and implementing classes, including the use of inheritance by extending classes and implementing interfaces. The Java Library classes are studied and used throughout the course. Encapsulation, abstraction, inheritance, and polymorphism are all studied. Another emphasis is the organization of information through the implementation of data structures. One and two-dimensional arrays, array lists, linked lists, stacks, queues, trees, sets, maps, and hash tables are all implemented and used. Algorithm analysis using Big-Oh notation and recursion are also studied. Students learn to analyze many large projects of interacting classes, including the Grid World Case Study. All students become familiar with the interaction of hardware and software components and the ethical and social implications of computing systems.

The content and objectives of this course include all the course objectives for AP Computer Science AB which are listed in the AP Computer Science Course Description. The course enhances the students' problem solving ability and analytical skills, preparing them for the college computer science environment. All 6 topics in the course description are covered including object oriented program design, program implementation, program analysis, standard data structures, standard algorithms, and computing in context.

All AP Computer Science classes are taught in a modern computer lab. Lectures are very interactive; students take notes electronically, program the projects along with the teacher, print code and notes to add to a binder, and transfer programs to flash drives for work at home.

## **COMPUTER FACILITIES**

Our lab contains 20 two year old PC's running Windows XP with CD-RW drives, a data projector, and laser printers. Students have accounts on a networked server and store all of their class files in their accounts. The lab is open both before and after school, and students may stop in to use the lab during their study halls.

All computers include the Sun JDK 1.6 and JCreator 4.5 installed on C: drive for quick processing. All students receive a CD with the software so that they may install it on their home computer.

## **TEXTBOOKS AND RESOURCE MATERIALS**

- Horstmann, Cay. *Big Java 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition*, New York, NY: John Wiley and Sons, 2006
- Teukolsky, Roselynn. *Barron's AP Advanced Placement Exam Computer Science 2007 Levels A and AB 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition*, Hauppauge, NY: Barron's Educational Series, 2006.
- Litvin, Maria, and Roger Frank, Judy Hromcik, Gary Litvin, Dave Wittry. *Be Prepared for the A.P. Computer Science Exam in Java, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition*, Andover, Mass.: Skylight Publishing, 2007.
- The College Board *AP Grid World Case Study*. New York, NY: CEEB, 2006.
- AP Central Computer Science AB Quick Reference Guide for JDK 1.5
- Current magazine and Internet articles discussing ethical and social issues relating to computer use.

## **COURSE OUTLINE**

### **Unit 1 (10 days) REVIEW OF TOPICS FROM COMPUTER SCIENCE I AND II**

#### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

1. Object Oriented Program Design
2. Program Implementation
3. Program Analysis
4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms
6. Computing in Context

#### Activities:

Review Java language features: import statements, library classes, comments, indentation and braces, primitive data types, methods, declaring local variables, arithmetic operators, boolean expressions, relational and boolean operators, if and select case, loops, strings and their methods, applets and graphics

Classes, encapsulation, and abstraction

Arrays

Enhanced for loops

Linear and binary searches

Selection Sort

Documentation, specifications, pre and post conditions

Hardware and software components of a computer system and how they interact

Networks and their operation

Computer ethics, piracy, and copyright laws

#### Assignments:

Write Car and Point class

Multiple Choice Questions

Free Response Question on simulating a deck of cards

Design questions from earlier year AP exams

#### Readings:

*Big Java*: Pages 66 – 102, 104 – 150, 190 – 229, 232 – 277, 280 – 283, 303 – 311, 324 – 351, 576 – 606, 704 – 712, 725 – 730

## **Unit 2 (7 days) ALGORITHM ANALYSIS AND BIG-OH**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

#### 3. Program Analysis

#### Activities:

Formula for summations

Review of logarithms

$O(1)$ ,  $O(\log N)$ ,  $O(N)$ ,  $O(N^2)$ ,  $O(N^3)$ ,  $O(N \log N)$ ,  $O(2^N)$

Best, worst, and average cases

Space analysis

Analyzing code and determining Big-Oh running time

Comparing algorithms to solve problems efficiently

Numerical representations and limits

#### Assignments:

Multiple Choice and Free Response Questions from past years with an emphasis on Big-Oh analysis and comparisons

#### Readings:

*Big Java*: Pages 712 – 740

#### Exam:

6 Multiple Choice on Big-Oh and 2 Free Response (designing solution for a Gas Station class, analyzing stock and bond investments)

## **Unit 3 (14 days) ARRAYLIST<E> AND ITS USE**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

#### 4. Standard Data Structures

#### Activities:

List methods add, size, get, set

Big-Oh of each method above

Method remove and its Big-Oh

Using Iterator<E> and its methods next, hasNext, and remove

Autoboxing

Practice multiple choice questions on above topics

Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

### Assignments:

- Design a Bank class using ArrayList<Bank>
- Design a class WordList and its methods
- Design a Concentration Board

### Readings:

*Big Java*: Pages 284 – 298, 842 – 861

### Exams:

- 2 Free Response (2005 Student Grades, Number Set)
- 20 Multiple choice questions

## **Unit 4 (5 days)    SORTING LISTS**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

5. Standard Algorithms

### Activities:

- Insertion sort
- Bubble sort
- Big-Oh analysis of each sort

### Assignments:

- Multiple choice questions on sorting and searching
- Design a class Student, design a class StudentList, and sort the list

### Readings:

*Big Java*: Pages 713 – 715, 731 – 740

### Exams:

- Computer Science A Practice Exam on material covered so far

## **Unit 5 (12 days)    RECURSION**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

2. Program Implementation
5. Standard Algorithms

### Activities:

- Writing recursive methods
- Tracing recursive methods
- Ordinary and tail recursion
- Quick sort
- Merge sort both iterative and recursive

Big-Oh analysis of above sorts  
Recursion in applets and graphics

### Assignments:

Worksheet on 15 different recursive methods  
Multiple choice questions from earlier year's exams involving recursion  
Recursive binary search  
Finding number of paths through a maze  
Towers of Hanoi  
Project on anagrams  
Project on address books  
I continue to assign recursive method projects during the rest of the course.

### Readings:

*Big Java*: Pages 664 – 701, 715 – 725

### Exams:

2 recursive methods exams  
Computer Science A Practice Exam on material covered so far

## **Unit 6 (15 days) TWO DIMENSIONAL ARRAYS**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

4. Standard Data Structures

### Activities:

Reading and printing  
Writing methods using two dimensional arrays  
Free response questions from previous years  
Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

### Assignments:

1996 Free Response (SumCross and RemoveCross) changed into Java by me  
1997 Free response (WordSearch) changed into Java by me  
1998 Free Response (Black and White Pixels, recursive) changed into Java by me  
2000 Free Response (Encryption) changed into Java by me  
2001 Free Response (Window) changed into Java by me  
Multiple choice questions  
1999 Free Response (Quilt) changed into Java by me  
Project "Kill the Blob"  
Project "Simple Maze"  
Project "Tougher Maze"  
Project "Magic Square Class"

**Readings:**

*Big Java*: Pages 298 – 302

**Exams:**

- 5 Multiple Choice and 1 Free Response Question (SumBorder and BorderSum)
- 1 Free Response Question (2002 Free Response (Flight) changed into Java by me)

**Unit 7 (7 days)    INHERITANCE**

**AP Course Description Topics Covered:**

1. Object Oriented Program Design

**Activities:**

- Review of encapsulation and abstraction
- Review of interfaces
- Extending classes
- Polymorphism
- Early and late binding
- Abstract classes

**Assignments:**

- BankAccount classes
- Square and Rectangle classes
- Person and Student classes
- Athlete, Runner, and Marathoner classes
- Multiple choice questions
- Design questions from previous years' exams

**Readings:**

*Big Java*: Pages 410 – 441, 468 – 514, 608 – 662

**Exams:**

- Multiple Choice Questions on Inheritance
- 3 Free response Questions (Sales/Transaction Classes, Bird Class, Pet Interface)

**Unit 8**

**(20 days over the course of the entire year)**

**GRID WORLD CASE  
STUDY**

**AP Course Description Topics Covered:**

1. Object Oriented Program Design
2. Program Implementation
3. Program Analysis

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms
6. Computing in Context

#### Activities:

Running the Case Study in JCreator  
Experimenting with the simulation  
Identifying the classes  
Bug variations  
Grid World classes and interfaces: Location, Grid, Actor, Rock, Flower, Bug  
Interactions of objects: class Critter and its extensions  
Grid Data Structures: AbstractGrid, BoundedGrid, UnboundedGrid  
Changing the grid to a different data structure  
Compare and contrast all data structures used in GridWorld in terms of which is best to solve a problem

#### Assignments:

(from draft copy of GridWorld, will be changed to final copy when published)

Page 8 #1 – 4;	Page 11 #1 – 7
Page 12 #1 – 5;	Page 18 #1 – 5
Page 20 #1 – 4;	Page 22 #1 – 5
Page 24 #1 – 11;	Page 24 #1 – 4
Page 28 #1 – 6;	Page 30 #1 – 6
Page 31 #1 – 7;	Page 32 #1 – 6
Page 33 #1 – 4;	Page 36 #1 – 5
Page 37 #1 – 8;	Page 38 #1 – 5
Page 38 #1 – 3	

#### Readings:

*Grid World Case Study*: Pages 1-38  
Quick Reference Guide Appendices A-F

#### Exams:

Quiz Multiple Choice  
Test Multiple Choice and Free Response  
GridWorld multiple choice and free response questions will be included on other exams throughout the year.

### **MIDTERM EXAM**

40 Multiple Choice and 4 Free Response Questions on all material covered so far.  
This exam is given over 2 days with extended class periods.



## **Unit 9 (15 days) LINKED LISTS**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms

### Activities:

How linked lists work  
Advantages of using them  
Writing our own singly linked list class  
Big-Oh of linked list methods  
Shallow vs. deep copies  
Writing our own doubly, circular, and doubly circular linked list classes and their methods  
List Iterator<E> and its methods add and set  
Writing our own methods iterator and listIterator for our linked list class  
The built in Java LinkedList<E> class and its methods  
Comparison of ArrayList<E> and LinkedList<E>  
Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

### Assignments:

Iterative and recursive methods for our own singly linked list class and its variations:  
(addFirst, addLast, get, set, toString, getFirst, size, removeFirst, insertInOrder)  
Review assignment on Grid World (class design)  
Review assignment on two dimensional arrays (Bar Codes)  
2003 Free Response (File Drawers)  
Methods to add or remove from a doubly, circular, or doubly circular linked list  
Write methods iterator, listIterator, next, hasNext, and remove for our classes

### Readings:

*Big Java*: Pages 742 – 762

### Exams:

Practice Exam 40 Multiple Choice Questions  
2 Free Response Questions on Linked Lists

## **Unit 10 (6 days) STACKS AND QUEUES**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms

### Activities:

- Implement Stack<E> as an array, ArrayList<E>, and LinkedList<E>
- Infix, prefix, and postfix
- Implement Queue<E> as an array, ArrayList<E>, and LinkedList<E>
- Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

### Assignments:

- Various class implementations of a stack
- Project Palindrome
- Project “Matching Parentheses”
- Various class implementations of a queue
- Practice multiple choice questions on lists, stacks, and queues
- Project “Parking Garage”

### Readings:

*Big Java: Pages 762 – 773*

### Exams:

- Free Response Question “Radix Sort”
- Free Response Question on stacks and queues

## **Unit 11 (12 days) TREES**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms

### Activities:

- Definitions and vocabulary
- Writing a Binary Tree abstract class and a Binary Search Tree class
- Using recursive methods
- Big-Oh for tree methods
- Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

### Assignments:

- Tree methods search, preorder, inorder, postorder, and level by level traversals
- Tree statistic methods height, width, perimeter, nodeCount, isfull, isComplete
- Deleting a node
- 97 AP Free Response (Separate) changed into Java by me
- Review project on Grid World
- Multiple choice questions on all topics covered so far

**Readings:**

*Big Java: Pages 796 – 815*

**Exams:**

- Multiple choice questions
- Free Response Tree questions

**Unit 12 (6 days) HASH TABLES**

**AP Course Description Topics Covered:**

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms
- 6.

**Activities:**

- Designing our own HashTable class
- The hashCode method
- Big-Oh analysis of hashTables
- Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

**Assignments:**

- Project (Hash Table searching)

**Readings:**

*Big Java: Pages 783 – 795*

**Exams:**

- Free Response Question using Linked Lists and Hash Tables

**Unit 13 (4 days) SETS**

**AP Course Description Topics Covered:**

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms

**Activities:**

- Set<E> methods
- TreeSet<E> and HashSet<E>: advantages of each, Big-Oh of each

**Assignments:**

- Project (Vocabulary list with no duplicates)
- Project (TreeSet<E> with Operations)

**Readings:**

*Big Java: Pages 776 – 781*

**Exams:**

25 Multiple Choice Questions

**Unit 14 (6 days) MAPS**

**AP Course Description Topics Covered:**

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms

**Activities:**

Map<E,K> methods

TreeMap<E,K> and HashMap<E,K>: advantages of each, Big-Oh of each

Using Iterator<E> with Sets and Maps

Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

**Assignments:**

Project (Dictionary Map)

**Readings:**

*Big Java: Pages 781 – 783*

**Exams:**

Grid World using Sets and Maps Free Response

Acorn Book 15 Multiple Choice

**Unit 15 (8 days) PRIORITY QUEUES AND HEAPS**

**AP Course Description Topics Covered:**

4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms

**Activities:**

Definitions and vocabulary

Big-Oh

Designing and writing heap methods

Heap sort

Compare and contrast all data structures studied so far in terms of which is best to solve a problem

### Assignments:

- Write heap methods `reheapUp` and `reheapDown`
- Code and test heap sort
- Liver transplant project using priority queues
- Min Heap Free Response question

### Readings:

*Big Java*: Pages 815 – 839

### Exams:

- Multiple Choice questions on all covered topics
- City/State Map

## **Unit 16 (8 days throughout the year)**

## **COMPUTERS AND SOCIETY**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

7. Computing in Context

### Activities:

Students will review processors, computer systems, and memory storage. They will investigate the use of different operating systems and compilers. They will continue to explore the interaction of hardware and software. The idea of intellectual property and copyright laws will be emphasized.

Students will also explore the effect of the computer on society. They will read and analyze articles from the media concerning careers, ethics, computer crimes, hardware and software, privacy, copyright laws and legal issues, and the responsible use of the computer.

### Assignments:

- Article summations
- Oral presentations
- Career investigations
- Panel discussions

### Readings:

- Articles from the media and web sites

### Exams:

- Essays added to other exams

## **Unit 17 (10 days) EXAM REVIEW**

### AP Course Description Topics Covered:

1. Object Oriented Program Design
2. Program Implementation
3. Program Analysis
4. Standard Data Structures
5. Standard Algorithms
6. Computing in Context

### Activities:

Distribute copies of 2004 Multiple Choice and Free Response and 2005 and 2006 Free Response.

Go through 1 section of each type of question daily

### Assignments:

- 2004 #1 (Library)
- 2004 #2 (Voter Ballots)
- 2004 #4 (Tree Priority Queue)
- 2005 #2 (Postal Codes)
- 2005 #3 (Tree Statistics)
- 2005 #4 (Email)
- 2004 40 Multiple Choice Questions
- 2006 #1 (Thesaurus)
- 2006 #2 (Product)
- 2006 #3 (WaitingList)
- 2007 Selected Free Response Questions
- 2 Free Response questions on Grid World

### Readings:

Teacher handouts

### Exams:

All students must take the AP Computer Science AB Exam.

## **Unit 18 (21 days)**

This unit follows the A.P. exam and will cover various topics based on student needs and interests.

## **FINAL EXAM**

40 Multiple Choice questions on all material covered during the course. This exam is given during an extended class period.

## Correlation to AP Topic Outline – Computer Science AB

<b>I. Object-Oriented Program Design</b>	
The overall goal for designing a piece of software (a computer program) is to correctly solve the given problem. At the same time, this goal should encompass specifying and designing a program that is understandable, can be adapted to changing circumstances, and has the potential to be reused in whole or in part. The design process needs to be based on a thorough understanding of the problem to be solved.	
<b>A. Program design</b>	
1. Specify the purpose and goals for a problem.	Unit 1
2. Apply data abstraction and encapsulation.	Unit 1
3. Decompose a problem into classes; define relationships and responsibilities of those classes.	Unit 1
4. Understand and implement a given class hierarchy.	Unit 1
5. Identify reusable components from existing code using classes and class libraries.	Unit 1
<b>B. Class design</b>	
1. Design and implement a set of interacting classes.	Unit 1
2. Design an interface.	Unit 1
3. Choose appropriate advanced data structures and algorithms.	Unit 1
4. Apply functional decomposition.	All Units
5. Extend a given class using inheritance.	Unit 7
<b>II. Program Implementation</b>	
The overall goals of program implementation parallel those of program design. Classes that fill common needs should be built so that they can be reused easily in other programs. Object-oriented design is an important part of program implementation.	
<b>A. Implementation techniques</b>	
<b>1. Methodology</b>	
a. Object-oriented development	Unit 1
b. Top-down development	Unit 1
c. Encapsulation and information hiding	Unit 1
d. Procedural abstraction	Unit 1
<b>B. Programming constructs</b>	
1. Primitive types vs. objects	Unit 1
<b>2. Declaration</b>	
a. Constant declarations	Unit 1
b. Variable declarations	Unit 1
c. Class declarations	Unit 1
d. Interface declarations	Unit 1
e. Method declarations	Unit 1
f. Parameter declarations	Unit 1
3. Console output (System.out.print/println)	Unit 1
<b>4. Control</b>	
a. Methods	Unit 1
b. Sequential	Unit 1
c. Conditional	Unit 1
d. Iteration	Unit 1
e. Recursion	Unit 5
C. Java library classes (included in the AB-level Java Subset)	All Units

<b>III. Program Analysis</b>	
The analysis of programs includes examining and testing programs to determine whether they correctly meet their specifications. It also includes the analysis of programs or algorithms in order to understand their time and space requirements when applied to different data sets.	
A. Testing	
1. Test classes and libraries in isolation.	All Units
2. Identify boundary cases and generate appropriate test data.	All Units
3. Perform integration testing.	All Units
B. Debugging	
1. Categorize errors: compile-time, run-time, logic.	All Units
2. Identify and correct errors.	All Units
3. Employ techniques such as using a debugger, adding extra output statements, or hand-tracing code.	All Units
C. Understand and modify existing code	All Units
D. Extend existing code using inheritance	Unit 7
E. Understand error handling	
1. Understand runtime exceptions.	All Units
2. Throw runtime exceptions	All Units
F. Reason about programs	
1. Pre- and post-conditions	Unit 1
2. Assertions	Unit 1
G. Analysis of algorithms	
1. Informal comparisons of running times	Unit 2
2. Exact calculation of statement execution counts	Unit 2
3. Big-Oh notation	Unit 2
4. Worst-case and average-case time and space analysis	Unit 2
H. Numerical representations and limits	
1. Representations of numbers in different bases	Unit 1
2. Limitations of finite representations (e.g., integer bounds, imprecision of floating-point representations, and round-off error)	All Units
<b>IV. Standard Data Structures</b>	
Data structures are used to represent information within a program. Abstraction is an important theme in the development and application of data structures.	
A. Simple data types (int, boolean, double)	Unit 1
B. Classes	Unit 1
C. One-dimensional arrays	Unit 1 and 2
D. Two-dimensional arrays	Unit 6
E. Linked lists (singly, doubly, circular)	Unit 9
F. Stacks	Unit 10
G. Queues	Unit 10
H. Trees	Unit 11
I. Heaps	Unit 15
J. Priority queues	Unit 15
K. Sets	Unit 13
L. Maps	Unit 14
<b>V. Standard Algorithms</b>	
Standard algorithms serve as examples of good solutions to standard problems. Many are intertwined with standard data structures. These algorithms provide examples for analysis of program efficiency.	
A. Operations on AB-level data	
1. Traversals	Unit 1,3,6,9 - 15
2. Insertions	Unit 1,3,6,9 - 15
3. Deletions	Unit 1,3,6,9 - 15
4. Iterators	Unit 1,3,6,9 - 15
B. Searching	



1. Sequential	Unit 1
2. Binary	Unit 1
3. Hashing	Unit 12
<b>C. Sorting</b>	
1. Selection	Unit 1
2. Insertion	Unit 4
3. Mergesort	Unit 5
4. Quicksort	Unit 5
5. Heapsort	Unit 15
<b>VI. Computing in Context</b>	
A working knowledge of the major hardware and software components of computer systems is necessary for the study of computer science, as is the awareness of the ethical and social implications of computing systems. These topics need not be covered in detail but should be considered throughout the course.	
<b>A. Major hardware components</b>	
1. Primary and secondary memory	All Units
2. Processors	All Units
3. Peripherals	All Units
<b>B. System software</b>	
1. Language translators/compiler	All Units
2. Virtual machines	All Units
3. Operating systems	All Units
<b>C. Types of systems</b>	
1. Single-user systems	All Units
2. Networks	All Units
<b>D. Responsible use of computer systems</b>	
1. System reliability	Unit 16
2. Privacy	Unit 16
3. Legal issues and intellectual property	Unit 16
4. Social and ethical ramifications of computer use	Unit 16