

# ADOBE® CERTIFIED ASSOCIATE WORKSHOP! (PHOTOSHOP CS5)



CERTIFIED  
ASSOCIATE

Do you have what it takes?

# TEST INFORMATION:

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- ✘ 40 questions
- ✘ 50 minutes
- ✘ 70% minimum required to pass

*Score is based on a 1000 pt system so passing will be a 700.*

# TEST INFORMATION:

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- ✘ Setting Project Requirements
- ✘ Identifying Design Elements
- ✘ Understanding Adobe CS5
- ✘ Manipulating Images using Photoshop
- ✘ Publishing Digital Images using Photoshop



# EXAM OBJECTIVES

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## ***Setting Project Requirements***

- 1.1 Identify the purpose, audience, and audience needs for preparing images.***
- 1.2 Demonstrate knowledge of standard copyright rules for images and image use.***
- 1.3 Demonstrate knowledge of project management tasks and responsibilities.***
- 1.4 Communicate with others (such as peers and clients) about design plans.***

# 1.1 IDENTIFY THE PURPOSE, AUDIENCE, AND AUDIENCE NEEDS FOR PREPARING IMAGES

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- ✘ Meet with client
- ✘ Determine business goals of website
- ✘ Determine age and demographics of audience
- ✘ Determine if audience has any special needs or expectations of the images

## 1.2

# KNOWLEDGE OF COPYRIGHT RULES FOR IMAGES AND IMAGE USE

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The following **REQUIRE** permission to use:

- ✘ Literary works
- ✘ Musical works
- ✘ Dramatic works
- ✘ Pantomimes and Choreographic works;
- ✘ Pictorial, Graphic, and Sculptural works
- ✘ Motion pictures and other Audiovisual works;
- ✘ Sound recordings
- ✘ Architectural works.

*Continued...*



## 1.2 KNOWLEDGE OF COPYRIGHT RULES FOR IMAGES AND IMAGE USE

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The following **DO NOT** require permission to use:

- ✘ Any work published before 1923.
- ✘ Non-original works (i.e., phone books, info)
- ✘ Facts
- ✘ Government works
- ✘ Works in the public domain
- ✘ Ideas, processes, methods, systems
- ✘ Anything defensible by Fair Use Act

*Continued...*

## 1.2

# KNOWLEDGE OF COPYRIGHT RULES FOR IMAGES AND IMAGE USE

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The Four Fair Use Factors:

1. What is the character of use?  
**Non-profit vs. Commercial**
2. What is the work to be used?  
**Published Fact vs. Imaginative Work**
3. How much of the work will you use?  
**Small Amount vs. Impact on 4<sup>th</sup> Factor!**
4. What effect would this use have on the market for the original if the use were widespread?  
**No Market vs. Competes**



# 1.3 KNOWLEDGE OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT TASKS AND RESPONSIBILITIES.

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## Plan:

- ✘ Identify Business Goals and Audience Needs
- ✘ Identify Project Scope and Budget
- ✘ Establish Milestones
- ✘ Assign Tasks

## Build :

- ✘ Create a Prototype or Mockup
- ✘ Build the Project

## Evaluate :

- ✘ Usability Tests and Reviews

# 1.4 COMMUNICATE WITH PEERS AND CLIENTS ABOUT DESIGN PLANS

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## Set Expectations:

- ✘ Establish Milestones
- ✘ Agree on Markers of Success

## Realistic Timelines:

- ✘ Explain Gantt Charts
- ✘ Identify Critical Paths

## Impacts of Delays:

- ✘ Identify Bottlenecks and Risks or Delays

# EXAM OBJECTIVES

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## *Setting Project Requirements*

**2.1** Demonstrate knowledge of image resolution, image size, and image file format for web, video, and print.

**2.2** Demonstrate knowledge of design principles and image composition.

**2.3** Demonstrate knowledge of typography.

**2.4** Demonstrate knowledge of color correction.



## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### Computer Images “On Screen”:

- ✗ Made up of small dots called, pixels
- ✗ More pixels = sharper image, but larger file
- ✗ Fewer pixels = grainy image, but smaller file
- ✗ Each pixel is defined by 1 byte
- ✗ So, a raw image 800 x 600 pixels is a 480K file!

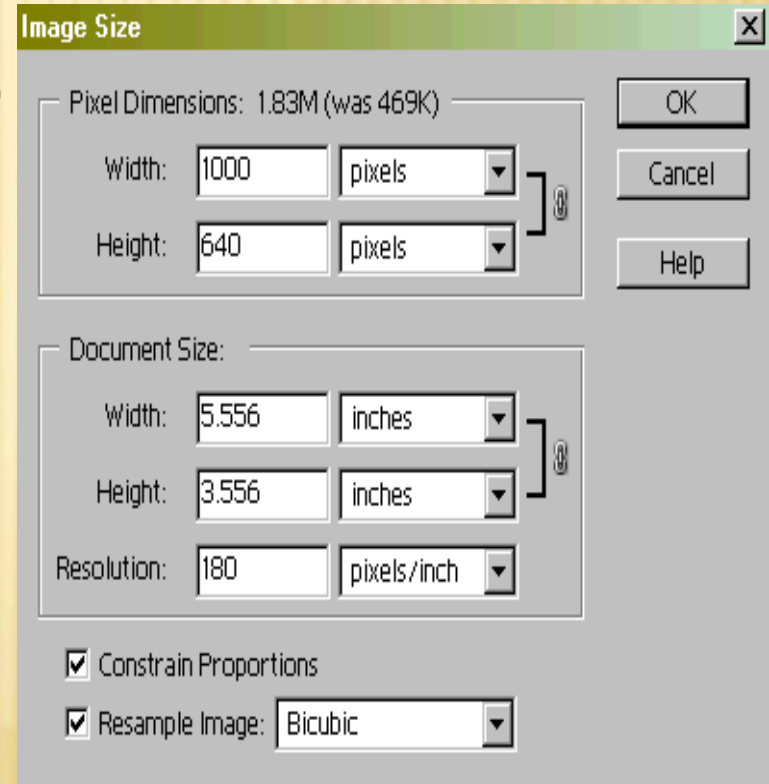
*Continued...*

## 2.1

# IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

## Basic Measures of Image Sizes:

- ✗ Pixel Count:  
1000 x 640 (display size)
- ✗ Physical Measurements:  
3.5" x 5.5" (print size)
- ✗ Resolution:  
180 pixels per inch (ppi)



*Continued...*

## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *Image File Formats:*

- ✘ some better for web (GIF, JPG, PNG)
- ✘ some better for print (BMP, EPS)
- ✘ most can be compressed to reduce file size
  - ✘ lossless – minimal compression; no loss
  - ✘ lossy – maximum compression; pixels lost

*Continued...*



## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *DNG (Digital Negative or Universal RAW):*

- ✘ an archival format for the raw files generated by digital cameras developed by Adobe Systems (27 Sept 2004)
- ✘ files are uncompressed
- ✘ supported by more than 185 camera models (as of May 2008)
- ✘ considered to be a digital negative

*Continued...*

## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *GIF (Graphics Interchange Format):*

- ✘ up to 256 colors (8-bit, or  $2^8$ ), “indexed color”
- ✘ excellent for clip art, logos, line and other solid colored graphics
- ✘ can appear interlaced (low to high resolution)
- ✘ lossless format (of compression)
- ✘ pixels are fully-transparent or fully-opaque (cannot be faded)
- ✘ supports animation called, “animated GIFs”
- ✘ supports transparent backgrounds

*Continued...*

## 2.1

# IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *JPEG or JPG (Joint Photographers Expert Group):*

- ✘ up to 16.8 million colors (24-bit, or  $2^{24}$ )
- ✘ called “TrueColor”
- ✘ excellent for photographs
- ✘ lossy format (compressed)
- ✘ can appear progressive (interlaced-progressive)  
(low to high resolution - similar to GIF)
- ✘ multiple generations of compression lose noticeable data
- ✘ no transparent backgrounds

*Continued...*



## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *PNG (Portable Network Graphic):*

- ✘ trillions of colors (48-bit or  $2^{48}$ )
- ✘ designed to replace GIF
- ✘ lossless format similar to GIF, but can be compressed more similar to JPG
- ✘ pixels can be faded (not simply transparent)
- ✘ does NOT support animation
- ✘ most newer browsers support PNG
- ✘ supports transparent backgrounds

*Continued...*

## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *BMP (Bitmap):*

- ✗ Raster graphics image file format
- ✗ color data stored for each pixel
- ✗ no compression
- ✗ large file size
- ✗ crisp, high-quality graphics
- ✗ used for printed media

*Continued...*

## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *TIFF or TIF (Tagged Image File Format):*

- ✘ used to store or transfer images with high color
- ✘ may be either lossless or lossy
- ✘ mostly replaced by JPEG

*Continued...*



## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *EPS (Encapsulated PostScript):*

- ✘ stores font and vector graphic information
- ✘ prints identical on all PostScript printers
- ✘ used for transferring files between applications
- ✘ great for printing Business Cards

*Continued...*

## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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*AI (Adobe Illustrator):*

- ✗ Vector Image file
- ✗ composed of paths or lines connected by points
- ✗ may be opened in Photoshop

*Continued...*

## 2.1 IMAGE RESOLUTIONS, SIZES, AND FILE FORMATS FOR WEB, VIDEO, AND PRINT

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### *PSD (PhotoShop Document):*

- ✘ can include image layers, adjustment layers, layer masks, annotation notes, file information, keywords, and other Photoshop-specific elements.
- ✘ most commonly used professional image editing format



## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles:

Design principles help make visual images pleasing and interesting to look at.

Design principles include:

- ✗ Balance
- ✗ Perspective
- ✗ Harmony
- ✗ Unity
- ✗ Movement
- ✗ Variety

*Continued...*

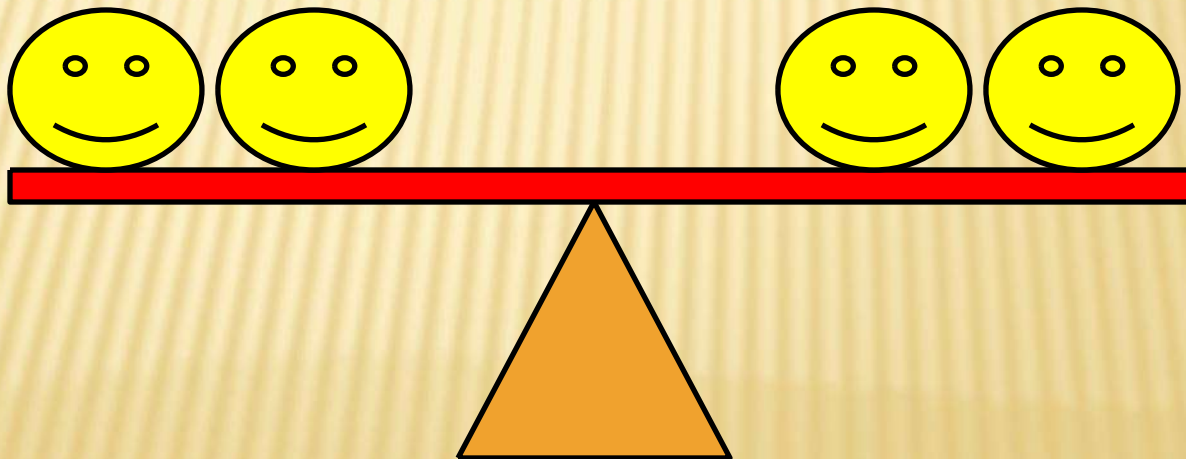
## 2.2

# DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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## Design Principles: (Balance)

Places the parts of a visual in an aesthetically pleasing arrangement comparing not only weight but importance.

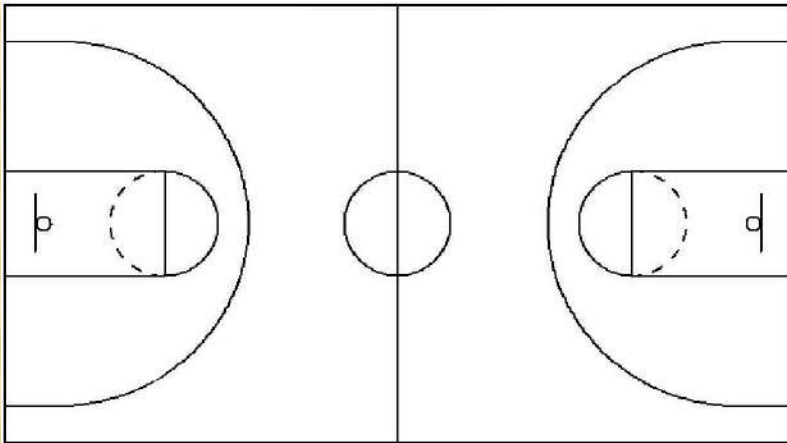


*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

**Design Principles: (Balance)**

**Formal Balance** – when both sides are symmetrical in terms of arrangement.



*Continued...*



## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles: (Balance)

**Informal Balance** - when sides are not exactly symmetrical, but the resulting image is still balanced. Asymmetrical design where both sides are similar in visual weight but not mirrored.



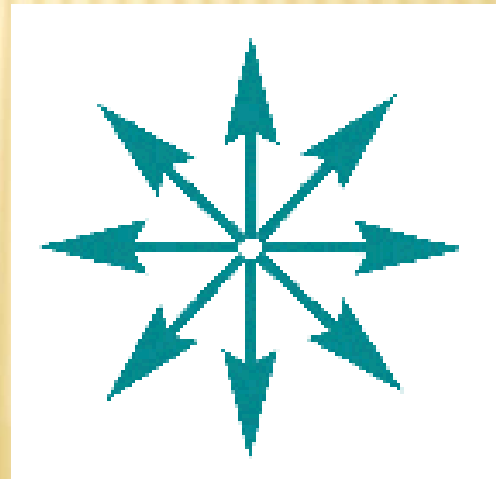
*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

### Design Principles: (Balance)



*Radial* - it is like a daisy or sunflower with everything arranged around a center.



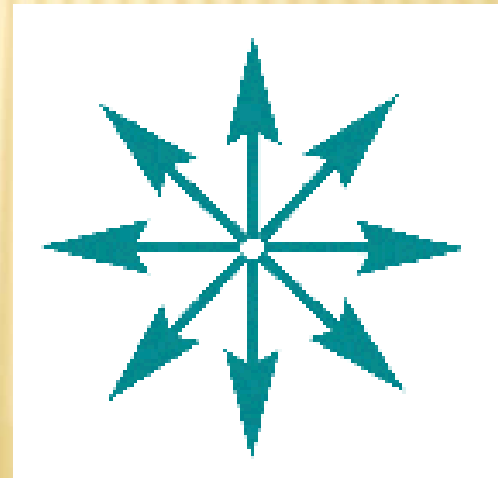
*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

### Design Principles: (Balance)



*Radial* - it is like a daisy or sunflower with everything arranged around a center.



(Formal Balance)

*Continued...*



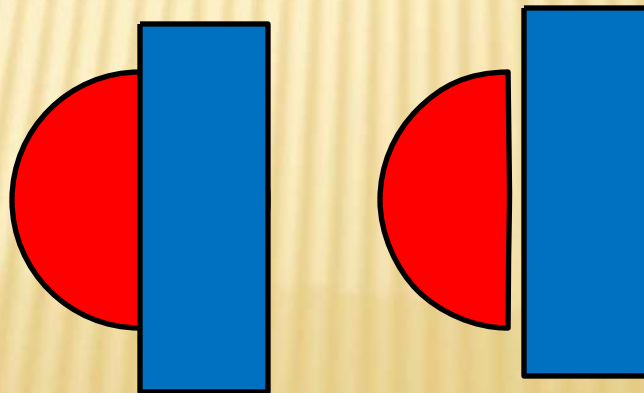
## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles: (Perspective)

Perspective is created through the arrangement of objects in two-dimensional space to look like they appear in real life.

The relationship between different objects seen in space.



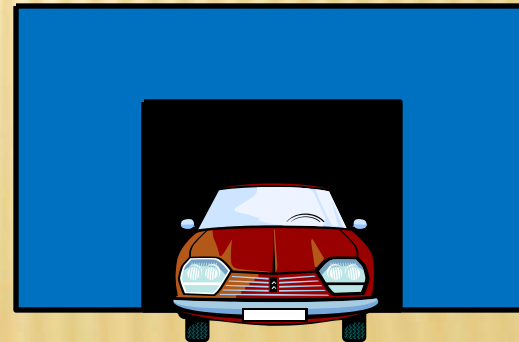
*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles: (Perspective)

Perspective adds realism to a visual image. The size of a rectangle means little until another object gives it the size of a desk, or the size of a building.



*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles: (Perspective)

Perspective can be used to draw the audience into a visual.



*Continued...*

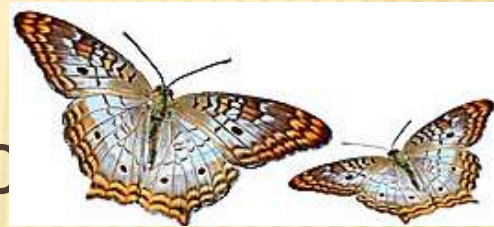


## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

### Design Principles: (Perspective)

Perception can be achieved through the use of:

✘ relative sizes of objects



✘ overlapping objects



✘ blurring or sharpening objects



*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

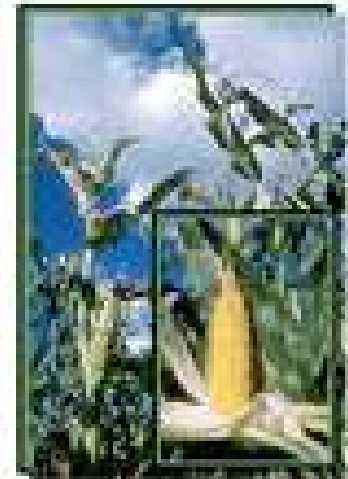
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### Design Principles: (Harmony)

All parts of the visual image relate to and complement each other. the pleasing agreement of parts or combination of parts in a composition

#### Relationships

What is the relationship between a tractor and an ear of corn?



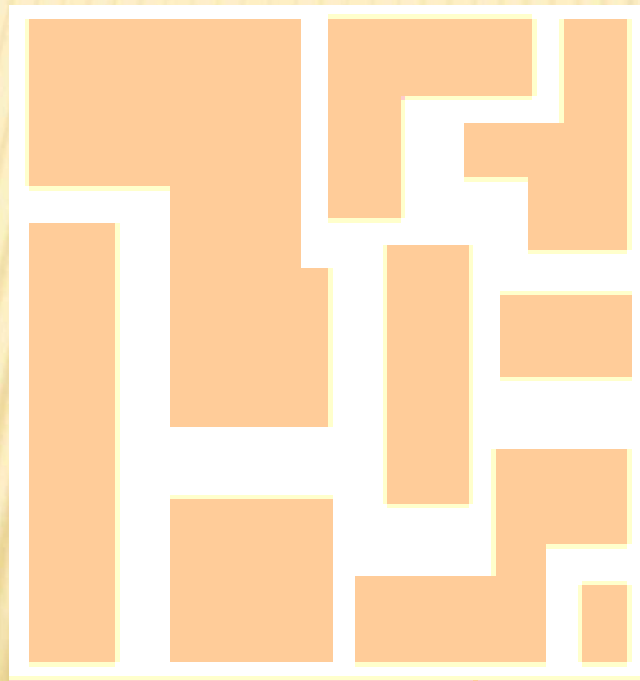
*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles: (Harmony)

Pulls the pieces of a visual image together



*Continued...*



## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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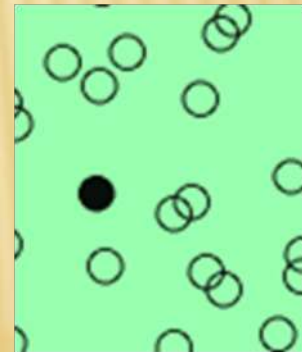
### Design Principles: (Harmony)

Can be achieved through repetition & rhythm

- ✘ Rhythm is the flow depicted visual and helps direct eye movement



- ✘ the overall visual image comes together by repeating patterns in an interesting arrangement



*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles: (Unity)

The relationship among the elements in the image that helps all the elements function together. Unity gives a sense of oneness to the image. The words and the images work together to create meaning.

Results of  
unresolved  
marital tension

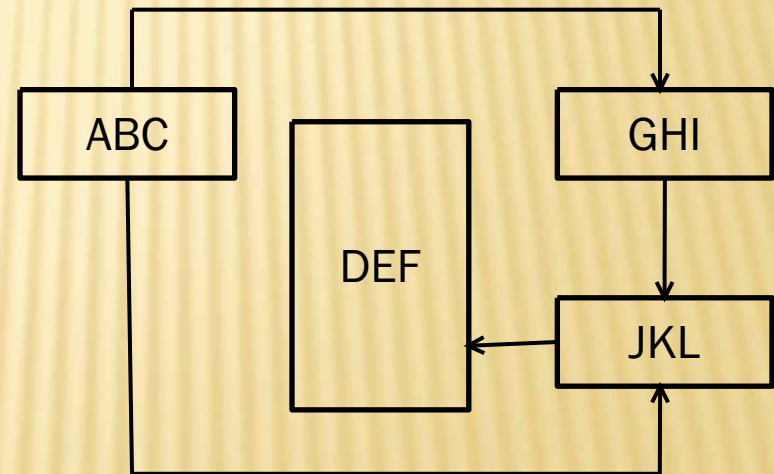
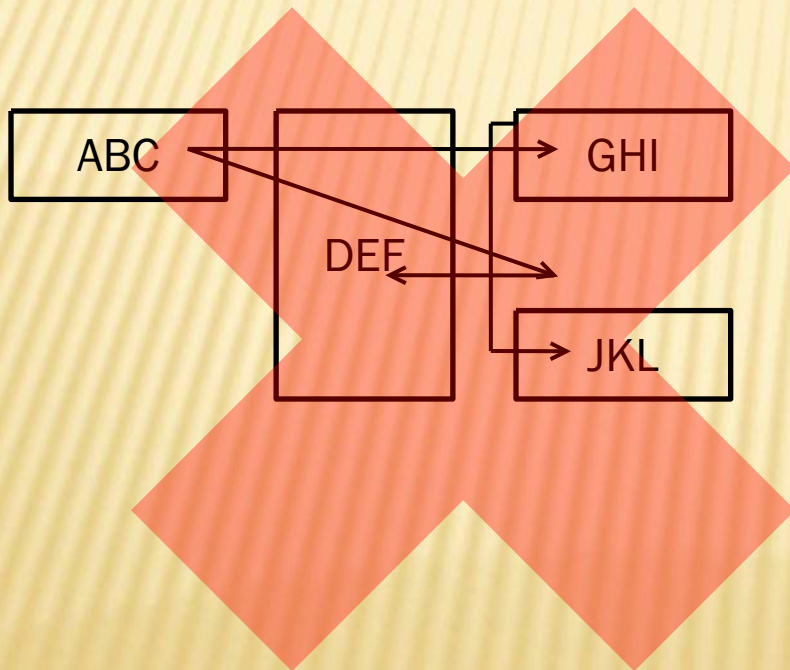


*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

### Design Principles: (Unity)

Helps organize an image, facilitating interpretation and understanding.



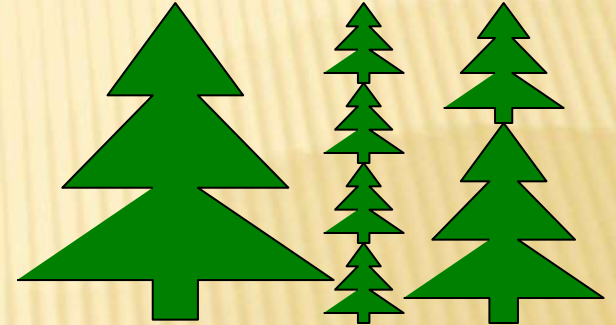
*Continued...*



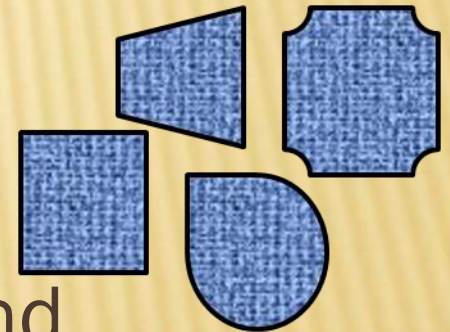
## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

### Design Principles: (Unity)

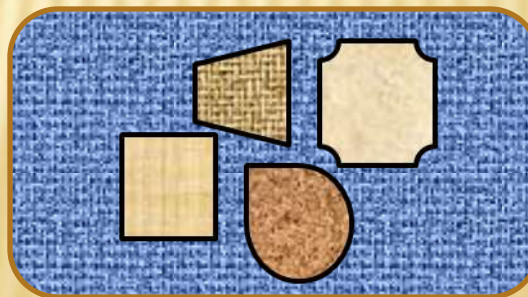
✘ through use of similar objects



✘ through use of common patterns



✘ through use of common background



*Continued...*

## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

### Design Principles: (Movement)

Occurs when objects seem to be moving in an image.



*Continued...*

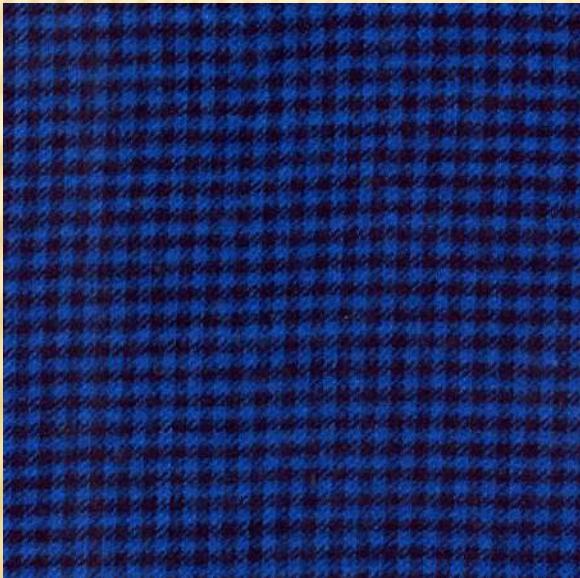


## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### Design Principles: (Variety)

Provides contrast to harmony and unity.



Harmony



Variety

*Continued...*

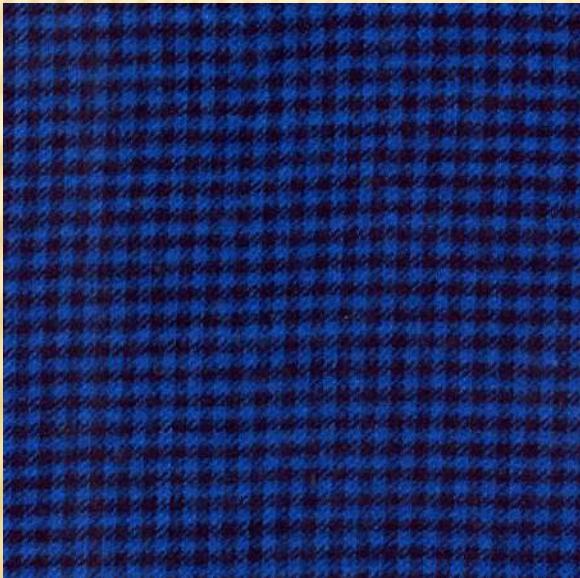


## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

---

### Design Principles: (Variety)

Provides contrast to harmony and unity.



Harmony



Variety

*Continued...*

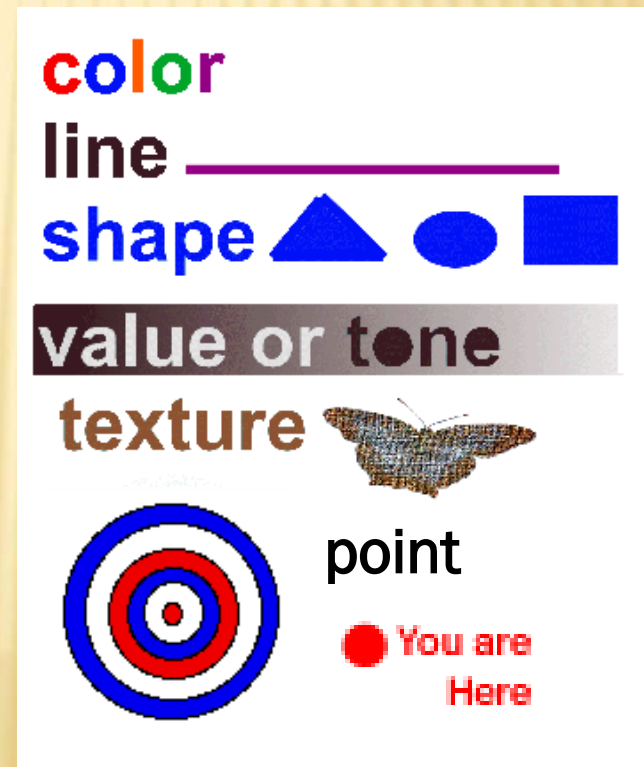
## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

### Design Elements:

The building blocks or basic units in the construction of a visual image. Design elements include.

Design elements include:

- ✘ Color
- ✘ Line
- ✘ Shape
- ✘ Value
- ✘ Texture
- ✘ Point



*Continued...*



## 2.2 DESIGN PRINCIPLES, ELEMENTS AND IMAGE COMPOSITION

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### White Space:

Negative space or portions of a page left unmarked.

*Continued...*



## 2.3 KNOWLEDGE OF TYPOGRAPHY

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### *Basic Principles of Typography:*

Typeface or font

✘ Sans-Serif - sans means “without”  
(i.e., Arial, Helvetica)

✘ typically used for headings

+ Serif - lines or curves project from the ends of the letters; (times New Roman)

✘ typically used for the body of text

+ Easiest to read

<http://alexpoole.info/which-are-more-legible-serif-or-sans-serif-typefaces>

## 2.3 KNOWLEDGE OF TYPOGRAPHY

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### *Basic Principles of Typography:*

#### Font Size

- ✘ 72 points to an inch
- ✘ 10-12 pt are common in text; below 9 pt is hard to read
- ✘ Style (bold, italicized, underlined)
- ✘ Leading - space between lines of type

Kerning - space between characters

*Continued...*

## 2.3 KNOWLEDGE OF TYPOGRAPHY

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### White Space:

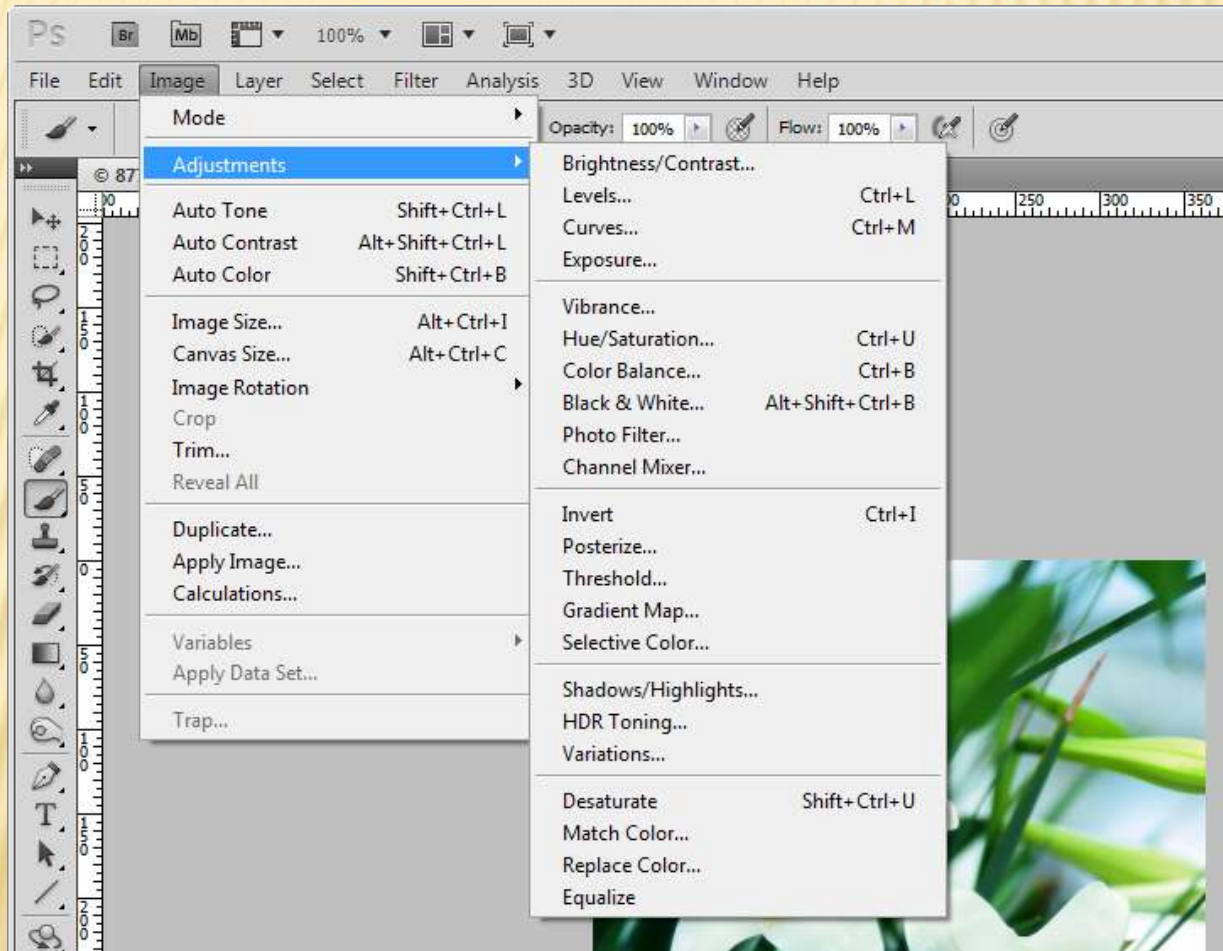
Negative space or portions of a page left unmarked.

*Continued...*



## 2.4 KNOWLEDGE OF COLOR CORRECTION

*How many Correction Tools does Photoshop have?*



# TEST INFORMATION:

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- ✘ 40 questions
- ✘ 50 minutes
- ✘ 70% minimum required to pass

*Score is based on a 1000 pt system so passing will be a 700.*



# SAMPLE EXAM QUESTION

The screenshot displays the Adobe Photoshop CS3 Extended interface. The main canvas shows a photograph of several tall pine trees in a field. The interface includes a top menu bar with options like File, Edit, Image, Layer, Select, Filter, Analysis, View, Window, and Help. Below the menu is a toolbar with various editing tools. On the right side, there are several panels: Navigator, Histogram, Info, Color (with RGB sliders for R=255, G=243, B=43), Swatches, Styles, Layers (showing a 'Background' layer), Channels, and Paths. The status bar at the bottom shows a timer at 0:45:13, navigation buttons for 'Previous Question' and 'Next Question >', and a question count of 13/40. There are also buttons for 'Reset Question', 'Mark for review', and 'Submit Answer'.



# TEST INFORMATION:

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✘ Count at bottom right tracks the question count.

15/60

✘ Time in yellow box starts when 1<sup>st</sup> question appears on screen.

0:49:32

✘ Keeps track of time left

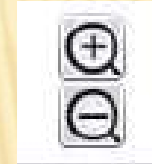
+ Transition between questions is not counted

+ You can use the Skip button and return when you reach the last question

Skip

# TEST INFORMATION:

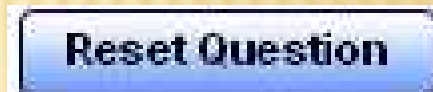
✘ The Zoom icons enable you to change the font size of the question



✘ Select the Mark for Review checkbox to return to an item after the last question.



✘ The Reset Question button will reload the current question



✘ Previous Question



✘ Next Question







✘ Menu button to return to the review screen



# TEST INFORMATION:

After the last question you will be presented with the Review Screen. Here you will see a list of all the questions and their status.

	Shows questions that have been skipped
	Shows questions that have been completed
	Shows questions that are incomplete. (Insufficient number of answers)
	Shows questions marked for review

[Click here to exit the exam](#)



# SAMPLE EXAM SCORE REPORT



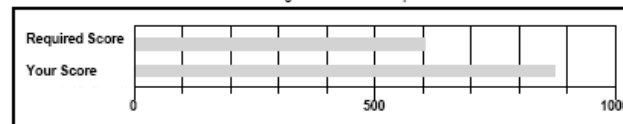
CERTIFIED  
ASSOCIATE

## Visual Communication using Adobe Photoshop CS3 Examination Score Report

CANDIDATE: Debora A. Collins

DATE: 6/17/2008

EXAM: Visual Communication using Adobe Photoshop CS3



REQUIRED SCORE: 600 YOUR SCORE: 872 GRADE: Pass

### Section Analysis

Setting Project Requirements	75%
Identifying Design Elements When Preparing Images	100%
Understanding Adobe Photoshop CS3	90%
Manipulating Images	80%
Evaluating Digital Images	100%

### Adobe Certified Associate exam certifications:

If you do not receive your certificate within 14 days after successfully passing your Adobe Certified Associate exam please email us at: [services@iQcenter.net](mailto:services@iQcenter.net)

To access your Digital Transcript, email the Adobe PDF version of your certificate to colleagues and friends, or to learn more about additional Adobe Certified Associate products and services, visit [www.certport.com/adobe](http://www.certport.com/adobe).

Debora A. Collins  
1422 W. Beacon Hill Circle  
Murray UT 84123

ID: [debbie.collins@usa.net](mailto:debbie.collins@usa.net)  
[debbie.collins@usa.net](mailto:debbie.collins@usa.net)  
Exam reference #: 1988186

View <http://www.certport.com/adobe> for more information about the Adobe Certified Associate program.

# DIGITAL TRANSCRIPT SERVICE (FREE)

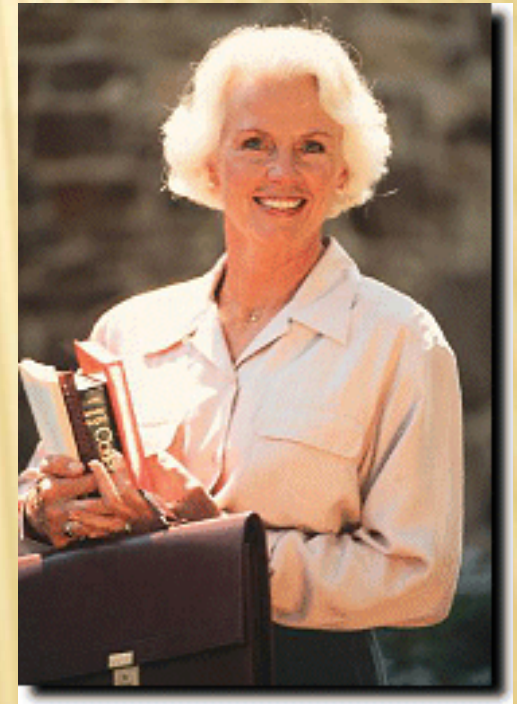
- ✘ *Secure, authenticated website*
- ✘ *Candidates can view exam results and certifications online at any time*
- ✘ *Instantaneous results*
- ✘ *Access can be granted to educators, employers, and staffing agencies to verify candidate results*



# **DIGITAL TRANSCRIPT SERVICE (FREE)**

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- *Secure, authenticated website*
- *Candidates can view exam results and certifications online at any time*
- *Instantaneous results*
- *Access can be granted to educators, employers, and staffing agencies to verify candidate results*





# SAMPLE DIGITAL TRANSCRIPT



## Authenticated Digital Transcript of Certifications

June 17, 2008

Debora A. Collins

1422 W. Beacon Hill Circle  
Murray UT 84123  
debbie.collins@usa.net

*This real-time Certiport Digital Transcript is derived from a global database which tracks and authenticates certification exams administered by over 12,000 testing centers worldwide.*

### CERTIFIED PROFESSIONAL INSTRUCTOR



#### Certifications

Digital Literacy 2005 Certified Professional Instructor	Granted
Desktop Productivity 2003 Certified Professional Instructor	Granted

### MICROSOFT CERTIFIED APPLICATION SPECIALIST



#### Certifications

Microsoft Office Word 2007	Granted
Microsoft Office Excel® 2007	Granted
Microsoft Office PowerPoint® 2007	Granted
Microsoft Office Outlook® 2007	Granted
Microsoft Office Access 2007	Granted

#### Exams

Using Microsoft Office Access 2007	Passed	2/22/2008
<b>Administered by:</b> MOS Instructor Certification Initiative1		
Using Microsoft Office Outlook 2007	Passed	9/20/2007
<b>Administered by:</b> MOS Instructor Certification Initiative1		
Using Microsoft Office PowerPoint 2007	Passed	7/22/2007
<b>Administered by:</b> MOS Instructor Certification Initiative1		
Using Microsoft Office Excel 2007	Passed	5/18/2007
<b>Administered by:</b> MOS Instructor Certification Initiative1		
Using Microsoft Office Word 2007	Passed	4/14/2007
<b>Administered by:</b> MOS Instructor Certification Initiative1		

### ADOBE CERTIFIED ASSOCIATE



#### Certifications

Rich Media Communication Flash CS3	Granted
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#### Exams

Visual Communication using Adobe Photoshop CS3	Passed	6/17/2008
<b>Administered by:</b> MOS Instructor Certification Initiative1		
Rich Media Communication using Adobe Flash CS3	Passed	6/13/2008
<b>Administered by:</b> MOS Instructor Certification Initiative1		

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# READY, SET, CERTIFY!

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## *Adobe Certified Associate Exam:*

- ✘ *First 4 pages of instructions are not timed, so relax and read carefully.*
- ✘ *Once you've finished the exam, print 2 copies.*
- ✘ *Bring one score sheet and your completed evaluation to your instructor before leaving!*

Option: *If you do not feel ready to test, use this time to practice with your book, then after this workshop schedule your exam with a local test center!*