

Chemistry Unit 01: The Language of Chemistry

Unit #:	APSDO-00019424	Duration:	3.0 Week(s)	Date(s):	
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Team:
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Grades:
 12

Subjects:
 Science

Unit Focus

In this unit, students will recognize that the field of chemistry has an alphabet all its own in the form of chemical formulas and that the atoms and molecules of pure substances (elements and compounds) can be represented by symbols and formulas. They will learn that these atoms bond in different ways (ionic or covalent) depending on the types of elements involved in the bonding. Students will learn to write the formulas and names of covalent and ionic compounds. Summative assessments may include: written quizzes and tests that include application problems to demonstrate students' capacity to communicate in the language of chemistry; and models and lab reports that include experimental design, data analysis, and laboratory practice. Instructional materials include a traditional textbook (Modern Chemistry), teacher-generated readings and handouts, guided inquiry learning activities, and online tutorials/simulations/problem sets.

Stage 1: Desired Results - Key Understandings

Established Goals	Transfer
<p>Next Generation Science Standards (DCI) <i>Science: 8</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Substances are made from different types of atoms, which combine with one another in various ways. Atoms form molecules that range in size from two to thousands of atoms. <i>PS1.6.A1</i> 	<p>T1 Integrate knowledge from a variety of disciplines and apply it to new situations to make sense of information, formulate insightful questions, and/or solve problems</p> <p>T2 Design an investigation or model using appropriate scientific tools, resources, and methods</p> <p>T3 Collect, analyze and evaluate the quality of evidence in relation to a question</p> <p>T4</p>

Develop a valid scientific conclusion, assess its validity and limitations, and determine future course of actions to inspire further questions

T5

Communicate scientific information clearly, thoroughly, and accurately.

Meaning

Understandings

Essential Questions

U1 (U402) Physical Sciences: Structures & Properties of Matter: Atoms combine in predictable ways to form molecules which have characteristic physical and chemical properties.

Q1 (Q403) What is it about how atoms and molecules are arranged, connected, and/or moving that explains the properties and/or states of the matter that we see and feel?

Acquisition of Knowledge and Skill

Knowledge

Skills

K1

Compounds are named using a system of rules depending on the type of bonding in the molecule

K2

The formula of a compound represents a ratio of the atoms in that compound

K3

Lab safety guidelines must be followed at all times

K4

All lab apparatus/glassware have specific and appropriate applications

S1

Write the formula of an ionic or covalent compound given its name

S2

Name an ionic or covalent compound given its formula

S3

Write formulas, name and draw structures of organic compounds

S4

Create and interpret models to represent molecules

S5

Students will demonstrate lab safety at all

		times S6 Students will demonstrate proper use of lab equipment and glassware
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