• To View the presentation as a slideshow with effects select "View" on the menu bar and click on "Slide Show."

• To advance through the presentation, click the right arrow key or the space bar.

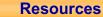
• From the resources slide, click on any resource to see a presentation for that resource.

• From the Chapter menu screen click on any lesson to go directly to that lesson's presentation.

• You may exit the slide show at any time by pressing the Esc key.



Chapter menu



Resources



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Chapter Presentation

Image and Activity Bank

Transparencies

Brain Food Video Quiz

Bellringers

Quotes About Character



"No change of circumstances can repair a defect of character ."

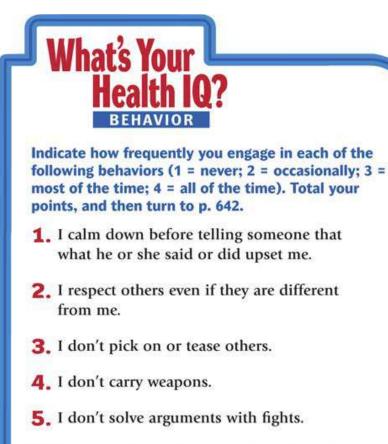
-Ralph Waldo Emerson

Chapter menu

Resources

Chapter 5

Preventing Violence and Abuse



6. I am assertive and communicate directly and respectfully, not aggressively.

Chapter menu

Resources



Contents

- Section 1 Conflict Resolution and Violence Prevention
- Section 2 Recognizing and Preventing Abuse
- Section 3 Sexual Abuse and Violence

Chapter menu

Resources



Bellringer

• Think about the last time you felt angry. What caused the anger, and how did you handle it?



Chapter menu

Resources

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Objectives

- Describe how people are affected by the violence around us.
- Identify five factors that lead to a conflict between teens.
- **Describe** three ways to resolve a conflict without violence.
- State four ways you can avoid dangerous situations.
- Develop a personal plan of how to handle a situation in which you or a friend is bullied.



Chapter menu





Violence Around Us

- Violence is any physical force that is used to harm people or damage property.
- We see violence on TV, in movies, in the newspaper, in video games, in our schools, and in our homes.
- Seeing and experiencing violence can make you insensitive to others who are in trouble.
- It can also make you more violent toward others.



Chapter menu



Factors That Lead to Conflicts Between Teens

- Feeling Threatened The stress from being threatened can lead to violence.
- Unmanaged Anger Fatigue or poor living conditions can make one irritable and more prone to act out with anger.
- Lack of Respect Violent acts against people just because they are of a different race, religion, or culture are called *hate crimes*. Tolerance is the ability to overlook differences and see people for who they are.



Chapter menu



Factors That Lead to Conflicts Between Teens

- **Bullying** Scaring or controlling another person using threats or physical force is called *bullying*.
- If you are being bullied or see someone else being bullied:
 - Be tolerant of others.
 - Don't be embarrassed to ask for help.
 - Be assertive, not aggressive.
 - Try to avoid the bullies.
 - Respect yourself.

Chapter menu

Resources

Factors That Lead to Conflicts Between Teens

- Gangs A gang is a group of peers who claim a territory.
- Many gangs are violent and destructive to the community.
- People may join gangs to feel safe or powerful, to get respect, or to feel like they belong.
- There are many alternatives to joining a gang.



Chapter menu





Avoiding Dangerous Situations

- It is best to completely avoid dangerous people and situations.
- If you do find yourself in a dangerous situation:
 - Recognize the signs.
 - Calm things down.
 - Leave the situation.
 - Offer alternatives.

Chapter menu



End Of Slide

Avoiding Dangerous Situations

Do	Don't
Treat all people with respect, regardless of their race, gender, reli- gion, or ethnicity.	Don't make fun of people who are different from you.
Join a sports team, act in a theater group, volunteer at a hospital, or get a job.	Don't join a gang.
Take a self-defense class.	Don't buy or carry a weapon.
Learn to control your anger.	Don't fight someone to solve an argument.

Chapter menu

Resources

Resolving Conflict Without Violence

- **Conflict resolution** is a nonviolent way to deal with arguments.
- A negotiation is a bargain or compromise for a peaceful solution to a conflict.
- **Peer mediation** is a technique in which a trained outsider who is your peer helps with a negotiation.



Chapter menu





Resolving Conflict Without Violence

- In peer mediation, each person tells his or her side of the conflict, then they discuss solutions together.
- The mediator supervises the negotiation and makes sure things are worked out fairly.

Chapter menu

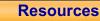


Chapter 5

Section 1 Conflict Resolution and **Violence Prevention**

Resolving Conflict Without Violence

- Communication skills you can use in conflict resolution include:
 - Be respectful, yet assertive.
 - Use the Making GREAT Decisions model.
 - Don't raise your voice or call names.
 - Allow the other person time to speak.
 - Don't make assumptions.
 - Focus on the real issue.
 - Be open to change.
 - Use "I" messages, not "you" messages.



Eno



Bellringer

• Think about a time that you witnessed verbal abuse, either in real life or in the media. Describe how the abuser was acting and how the victim reacted. How did you feel as you witnessed the abusive behavior?

Chapter menu



Chapter 5

Objectives

- Identify abusive behavior.
- Describe four types of abuse.
- Summarize the effects of abuse.
- Identify help that is available for those in abusive relationships.
- List actions you can take to protect yourself from abuse.



Chapter menu

Resources



What Is Abuse?

- Abuse is physical or emotional harm to someone.
- The most common forms of abuse come from people one should be able to trust.
- Abusers are often people who were once abused themselves
- Learning to recognize inconsiderate and disrespectful behavior will help you avoid abusive people.



Chapter menu





Types of Abuse

- Child Abuse As many as 3 million cases of child abuse are reported every year in the U.S.
- Child abuse can be physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse, or neglect.
- Neglect is when a caretaker fails to provide basic needs.



Chapter menu

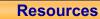




Types of Abuse

- **Domestic violence** is the use of force to control and maintain power over a spouse in the home.
- Abusive relationships often go through three stages:

- Tension-building phase
 Violent episode phase
- 3. Honeymoon phase



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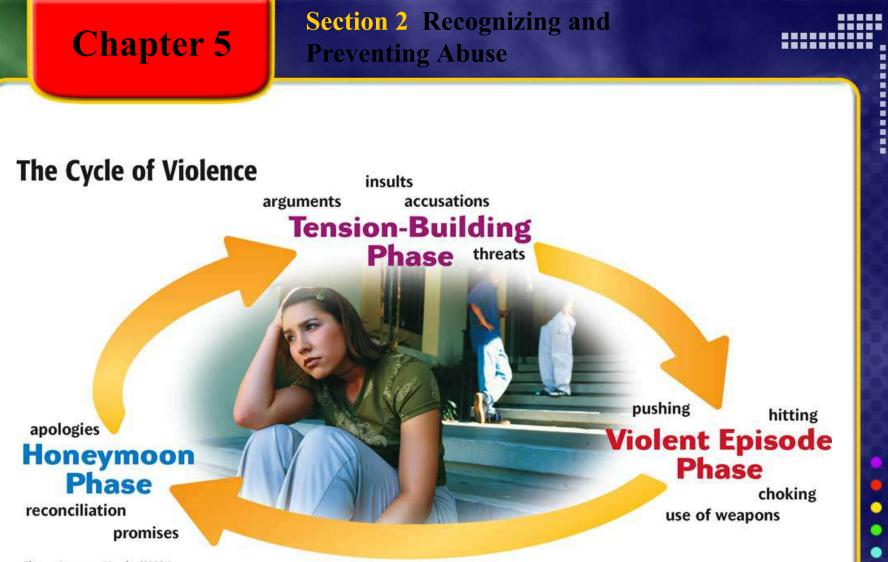


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Chapter menu

Resources



Types of Abuse

- Elder Abuse Elders are sometimes abused in nursing homes or in their own homes.
- Elder abuse can be physical abuse, emotional abuse, or neglect.
- Hazing is harassing newcomers to a group in an abusive and humiliating way.
- Hazing may occur in gangs, sports teams, fraternities, or sororities.

Chapter menu

Resources



Protecting Yourself from Abuse

- Create a supportive network of friends and family.
- Avoid disrespectful people.
- Be assertive when dealing with potential abusers.
- Show disapproval if a person does not treat you in an acceptable way.



Chapter menu





Help for The Abused

- Tell someone.
- Go somewhere safe.
- Consider counseling.

Chapter menu

Resources



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• Sexual abuse is illegal. Explain why you think any and all forms of sexual abuse should be reported to the police.

Chapter menu

Resources

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Chapter 5

Objectives

- Define sexual abuse
- Describe sexual harassment.
- Describe facts about sexual assault and rape.
- Name five things a person can do if he or she has been sexually assaulted.
- List three ways you can protect yourself from sexual abuse and violence.



Chapter menu



Sexual Abuse

Chapter 5

- Sexual abuse is any sexual act without consent.
- Incest is sexual activity between family members who are not husband and wife.
- When a child is sexually abused by someone he or she knows and trusts, the child may not recognize he or she is being abused.
- The child may also be too ashamed to tell someone about the abuse.

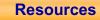


Chapter menu

Resources

Sexual Harassment

- Sexual harassment is any unwanted remark, behavior, or touch that has sexual content.
- Sexual harassment is most dangerous when the harasser holds a position of power.
- If you are being sexually harassed:
 - 1. Tell the harasser to stop
 - 2. Report the harassment



Chapter 5

Section 3 Sexual Abuse and Violence

Examples of Sexual Harassment

- Telling unwanted sexual stories or jokes
- Making sexual remarks about a person's clothing and the way it fits on the person's body
- Staring at a person's body or body parts
- Continuously asking a person out or sending gifts, e-mails, or love notes after he or she asked you to stop
- Touching, patting, or pinching a person in a sexual way
- Standing too close to or brushing up against a person's body
- Making sexual gestures
- Offering the person something he or she needs in return for sex

Chapter menu

Resources

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Sexual Assault and Rape

Chapter 5

- Sexual assault is any sexual activity in which force or the threat of force is used.
- Date rape is sexual intercourse that is forced on the victim by someone the victim knows.
- Most people who rape do so to gain power and control, not because they want sex.
- Alcohol and drugs can make you more vulnerable to sexual assault and rape.



Chapter menu



Chapter menu

Sexual Assault and Rape

- Victims of rape and sexual assault may suffer the following effects:
 - Physical injuries
 - Emotional trauma
 - Pregnancy or sexually transmitted diseases
 - Guilt and shame
 - Trouble sleeping and eating
 - Post-traumatic stress disorder

Protecting Yourself from Sexual Abuse and Violence

Chapter 5

- At Home Keep doors and windows locked. Don't open the door to strangers. Know your neighbors and how to contact others for help.
- On the Street Don't go out alone, especially at night. Walk purposefully. Call for help if you feel threatened.
- **By People You Know** Use the skills you have learned for recognizing and preventing abuse.



Chapter menu



Chapter 5

Section 3 Sexual Abuse and Violence

Protecting Yourself from Date Rape

- When going on a date, know who the person is, where you are going, and what you will be doing. Make sure friends and family know this information too.
- Don't be alone with your date. Go on dates in public places.
- Go on double dates or group dates.
- Do not accept drugs or alcohol.
- Do not allow anyone to have an opportunity to put drugs in your beverage.
- Be wary of meeting anyone on the Internet.
- Know where a phone is at all times.
- Set limits, and communicate these limits clearly and firmly ahead of time.

Chapter menu

Resources

Help After a Sexual Assault

- If you have been raped or assaulted:
 - Make sure you are away from further harm.
 - Call for help.
 - Don't change anything about yourself or your environment.
 - Ask someone to take you to the hospital.
 - Seek therapy or counseling.

Chapter menu



Brain Food Video Quiz

Click below to watch the Brain Food Video Quiz that accompanies this chapter.

Brain Food Video Quiz

You may stop the video at any time by pressing the Esc key.

End

Chapter menu

Resources





Chapter menu

Resources

"If you stand straight, do not fear a crooked shadow."

-Chinese Proverb





Chapter menu

Resources

"One falsehood spoils a thousand truths."

-African Proverb

Chapter menu

Resources

"A man cannot be comfortable without his own approval."

-Mark Twain

Chapter menu

Resources

"Our reverence is good for nothing if it does not begin with self-respect."

—Oliver Wendell Holmes

Chapter menu

Resources

"When the character of a man is not clear to you, look at his friends."

—Japanese Proverb

Chapter menu

Resources

"What lies behind us and what lies before us are small matters compared to what lies within us."

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

Chapter menu

Resources

"A good name, like good will, is got by many actions and lost by one."

-Lord Jeffrey

Chapter menu

Resources

"To enjoy the things we ought and to hate the things we ought has the greatest bearing on excellence of character."

-Aristotle

Chapter menu

Resources

"He that respects himself is safe from others; He wears a coat of mail that none can pierce."

-Henry Wadsworth Longfellow



Chapter menu

Resources

"The reputation of a thousand years may be determined by the conduct of one hour."

—Japanese Proverb

Enc Of Chapter menu

Resources

"Dreams are the touchstones of our character."

-Henry David Thoreau

Chapter menu

Resources

"A man's character is his fate."

-Heraclitus

Chapter menu

Resources

"Character is that which reveals moral purpose, exposing the class of things a man chooses and avoids."

-Aristotle

Chapter menu

Resources

"What you do speaks so loud that I cannot hear what you say."

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

Chapter menu

Resources

"Abstinence is the surety of temperance."

-Plato

Chapter menu

Resources

"This above all, to thine own self be true/And it must follow, as the night the day/ Thou canst not then be false to any man."

---William Shakespeare



Eno

Chapter menu

Resources

"No change of circumstances can repair a defect of character ."

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

Chapter menu

Resources

"Men acquire a particular quality by constantly acting a particular way . . . you become just by performing just actions, temperate by performing temperate actions, brave by performing brave actions."

-Aristotle

Chapter menu

Resources

"The way to gain a good reputation is to endeavor to be what you desire to appear."

-Socrates

Chapter menu

Resources

"Do what you know and perception is converted into character."

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

Of

Chapter menu

Resources

"Rather fail with honor than succeed by fraud."

-Sophocles

End Of Slide Chapter menu

Resources

"Character is higher than intellect."

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

Chapter menu

Resources

"To know what is right and not do it is the worst cowardice."

-Confucius

Chapter menu

Resources

"It takes less time to do a thing right, than it does to explain why you did it wrong."

-Henry Wadsworth Longfellow



Chapter menu

Resources

"Nature magically suits a man to his fortunes, by making them the fruit of his character."

-Ralph Waldo Emerson

Chapter menu

Resources

"That soul that can be honest is the only perfect man."

-John Fletcher

Chapter menu

Resources

"One does evil enough when one does nothing good."

-German Proverb



Chapter menu

Resources

"There is no pillow so soft as a clear conscience."

-French Proverb

Chapter menu

Resources

"Don't forget to love yourself."

-Soren Kierkegaard



Chapter menu

Resources

"Character is the indelible mark that determines the only true value of all people and all their work."

-Orison Swett Marden



Chapter menu

Resources

"What we think or what we believe is, in the end, of little consequence. The only thing of consequence is what we do."

-John Ruskin

Chapter menu

Resources

"Fame is vapor, popularity an accident, riches take wing, and only character endures."

—Horace Greeley

Chapter menu

Resources

"You can easily judge the character of a man by how he treats those who can do nothing for him."

—James D. Miles

End of Slide

Chapter menu

Resources

"Right is right, even if everyone is against it; and wrong is wrong, even if everyone is for it."

---William Penn

Chapter menu

Resources

"Our deeds determine us, as much as we determine our deeds."

—George Eliot

Chapter menu

Resources

"Character is the result of two things: mental attitude and the way we spend our time."

-Elbert Hubbard

Chapter menu

Resources

"A man without character is like a ship without a rudder."

-Karl G. Maeser

Chapter menu

Resources

"Character is much easier kept than recovered."

—Thomas Paine

Chapter menu

Resources

"Character is power."

-Booker T. Washington

Chapter menu

Resources

"An individual step in character training is to put responsibility on the individual."

-Robert Baden-Powell

Chapter menu

Resources

"Character is a by-product; it is produced in the great manufacture of daily duty."

---Woodrow T. Wilson

Chapter menu

Resources