## Chapter 14 Study Guide Questions

- 1. Why did France and Britain follow a policy of appearement when dealing with Hitler's aggression?
- 2. How did Hitler justify Germany's aggression?
- 3. How was the Munich Conference a turning point in the road toward World War?
- 4. What did the Nazi-Soviet Pact accomplish for Germany?
- 5. What event marked the beginning of World War II?
- 6. What was the result of Operation Sea Lion?
- 7. Why did Hitler decide to invade the Soviet Union?
- 8. What was Hitler's "final solution"?
- 9. Why was the Atlantic Charter significant?
- 10. Why did Japanese leaders view the United States as an enemy?
- 11. How did the Allies mobilize all of their resources for the war effort?
- 12. Explain why the battles of Midway, El Alamein, and Stalingrad were important turning points in the war.
- 13. What was the Battle of the Bulge?
- 14. What agreements did Churchill, Roosevelt, and Stalin come to at Yalta?
- 15. Describe four factors that helped the Allies defeat the Germans.
- 16. How did Germany's location affect its chances to win the war?
- 17. Describe the U.S. strategy of "island-hopping" in the Pacific, and explain it's goal?
- 18. What did kamikaze pilots and the intense battles on Iwo Jima and Okinawa show about the Japanese?
- 19. What factors contributed to President Truman's decision to drop the atomic bomb?
- 20. Why did the allies hold war crimes trials for Axis leaders? What important principle did the trials demonstrate?
- 21. Compare and contrast the United Nations & the League of Nations.
- 22. What change had taken place throughout Eastern Europe by 1948?
- 23. What policy did the U.S. establish with the Truman Doctrine?
- 24. How did the Marshall Plan relate to the Truman doctrine?
- 25. What effect did the cold war have on Germany?
- 26. What were Stalin's goals in Eastern Europe after World War II?