The Hidden Curriculum

Quickwrite Questions:

- How did you learn the skill of note taking?
- How did this skill contribute to your success?



Why take notes?

 Cornell note taking stimulates critical thinking skills.

 Note taking helps students remember what is said in class.

 A good set of notes can help students work on assignments and prepare for tests outside of the classroom.

Why take notes?

- Good notes allow students to help each other problem solve.
- Good Notes help students organize and process data and information.
- Helps student recall by getting them to process their notes 3 times.



Writing is a great tool for learning!

History of Cornell Notes

- Developed in 1949 at Cornell University by Walter Pauk.
- Designed in response to frustration over student test scores.
- Meant to be easily used as a test study guide.
- Adopted by most major law schools as the preferred note taking method.

What goes where?

Questions, subtitles, etc. go here, in the left hand column. Remember, we want higher level critical thinking questions.

Don't forget the heading: Name, Class, Period, Date, Topic

Notes go here, in the large right hand column.

A 3 to 4 sentence summary down there on the bottom of the last page of notes

Topic

First & Last Name
Class Title
Period
Date

Questions, Subtitles, Headings, Etc.

Class Notes

2 1/2"

3 to 4 sentence <u>summary</u> across the bottom of the **last page** of the day's notes

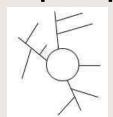
Subject: Why take Cornell notes?

PROCESS (output)

How can
Cornell notes
help me
organize my
ideas?

Which side for diagrams?

Why use concept maps?



What are the benefits to me?

Main Ideas (input)

Date: 11/20/01

Can be used to provide an outline of chapter or lecture. Organized by main ideas and details.

Can be as detailed as necessary.

Sequential- take notes as they are given by instructor or text in an orderly fashion.

After class, write a summary of what you learned to clarify and reinforce learning and to assist retention. Can be used as study tool:

- 1. Define terms or explain concepts listed on left side.
- 2. Identify the concept or term on the right side.

Can be used to provide a "big picture" of the chapter or lecture.

Organized by main ideas and sub-topics

Limited in how much detail you can represent.

Simultaneous you can use this method for instructors who jump around from topic to topic.

After class, you can add questions to the left side Can be used as a study tool to get a quick overview and to determine whether you need more information or need to concentrate your study on specific topics.

Subject: Notetaking Date: 11/20/01

Summary:

There are a couple of ways that you can take notes. The Cornell method is best when the information is given in a sequential, orderly fashion and allows for more detail. The semantic web/concept map method works best for instructors who skip around from topic to topic, and provides a "big picture" when you're previewing materials or getting ready to study for a test.

- Summary is added at the end of ALL note pages on the subject (not page)
 - Summary added <u>AFTER</u> questions are finished
- •Summary should <u>answer the</u> problem stated in the subject.

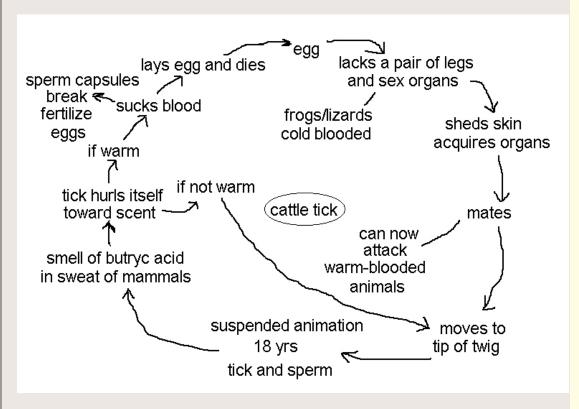
	Recall Clue Column	Record Column
		Propaganda Techniques in Advertising
	nomics	Intro
		Propaganda used by politicians, writers.
	Define "Propaganda"	Also by advertisers.
		Def: Messages intended to persuade audiences to adopt a certain opinion.
	List 4 common tech. used by advertisers	Advertisers use propaganda. 4 techniques common.
		1. Testimonial
		Def: Celebrities used to pitch idea, sell product;
		Audience associate star qualities of celebrity w/ product.
-	Define & explain "testimonial" technique	Ex. Michael Jordan sells Nike shoes
		2. Bandwagon
		Def: Encourages people to buy b/c e'one is doing it.
		Ads urge you to get on board; don't get left out.
	Define & explain "bandwagon" technique	Ex. "All over America, people are switching to"
		3. Plain Folks
		Def: Product associated with ordinary folks like you & me.
		Ads use "regular", next-door-neighbor types to sell product.
	Define & explain "plain folks" technique	Ex. New mother in hospital uses Tylenol.
		4. Transfer
		Product associated with s'thing that is attractive or respectable.
		Car ads show gorgeous model - audience transfer feelings about model to car.
		Ads use patriotic symbols like bald eagle - audience transfers patriotic feelings
		to product, company.
	Define & explain "transfer" technique	Ex. Wal-Mart claims to sell only made-in-USA products.
	SUMMARY:	
	Advertisers use propaganda. Propaganda – Mossagos intended to persuado audiences to adent a certain eninion	
	Propaganda = Messages intended to persuade audiences to adopt a certain opinion.	
	4 common propaganda techniques used by advertisers: 1. Testimonial: celebrity endorses product.	
	Testimonial: celebrity endorses product. Bandwagon: everybody is buying product.	
	3. Plain Folks: ordinary, non-glamorous people like us use it.	
	4. Transfer: transfer feelings of admiration to product.	

Example

(Questions about it)

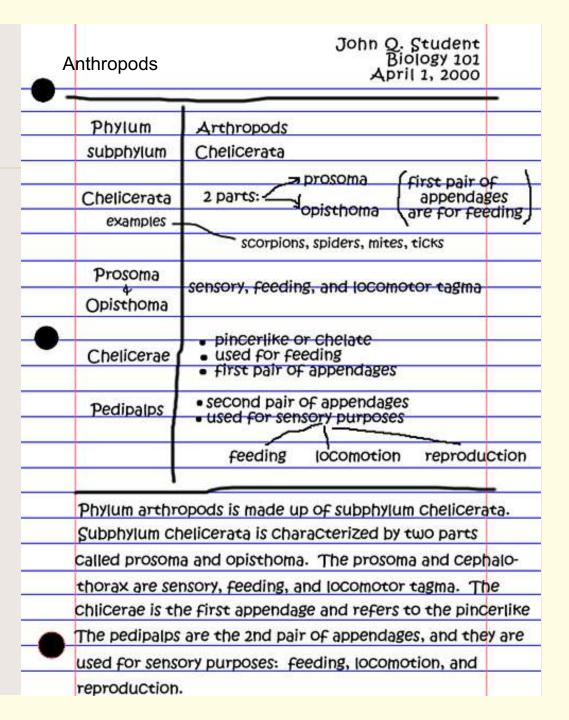
- How do the ticks find the cattle?
- Why don't the ticks usually kill their host?
- How could tick infestations in cattle impact humans?

(Diagram copied during lecture)



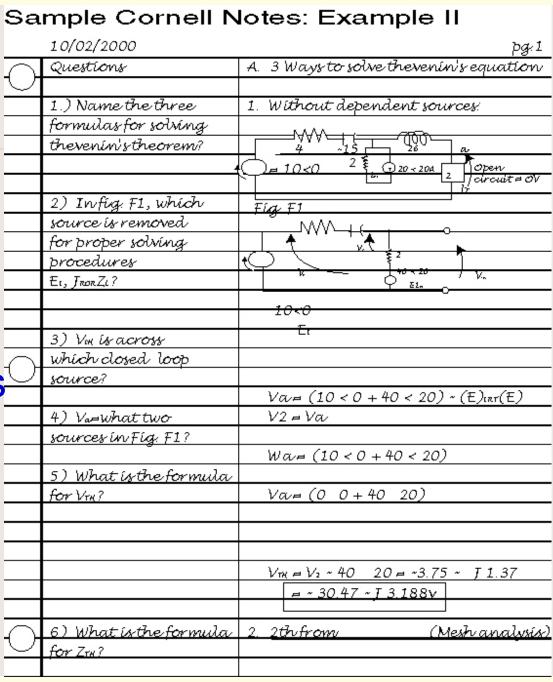
Ninth Grade Biology

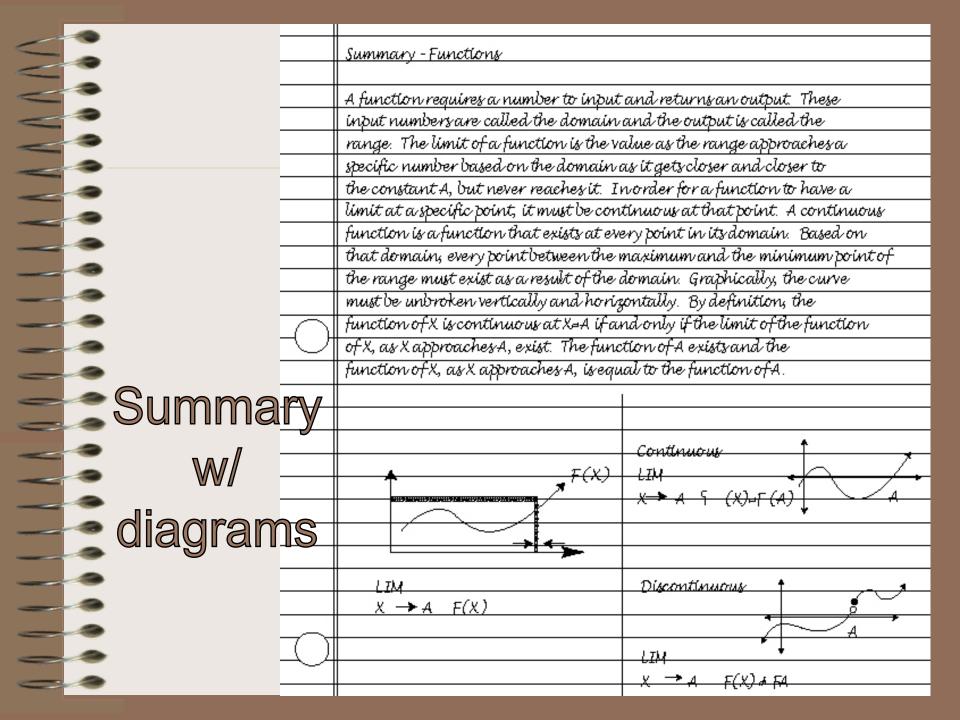
Paul sends his examples



Physics Notes in College

Paul sends his examples





Computerized

- May reflect <u>headings</u> in PowerPoint lectures
- Leave room on the left for questions and diagrams
- Leave plenty of room within the outline for student note-taking

APES NOTES Chapter 1 – Our Changing Environment

I. What IS Environmental Science?

- A. Environmental Sustainability of:
 - 1. Fossil Fuels
 - 2. Water Resources
 - 3. Toxins
 - 4. Population numbers
- B. Environmental Impacts are:
 - 1. Local
 - 2. Regional
 - 3. Global

II. The Principle Goals of Environmental Science

III. Representative Current Problems

- A Human Numbers
- B. Collapse of the Georges Bank Fishery
- C. Declining Bird Populations
- D. Reintroducing Wolves to Yellowstone
- E. Oil Spills in Kuwait
- F. The Introduction of Exotic Species
- G. Damage to the Atmosphere: Stratospheric Ozone Depletion
- H. Global Climate Change and Increasing Carbon Dioxide Levels.

Adaptations for Journals

- Provide students with skeleton computerized Cornell notes
- Students re-copy their notes that night into their journal
 - Automatic review
 - Kinesthetic learning
 - Can edit, look-up words
 - Prompts higher-level questions
 - Absentees can target on what they need to know

5 · Proper set-up and heading Notes are selectively and accurately paraphrased Use of logical abbreviations Notes have been edited, highlighted, and underlined Questions check for understanding and reflect higher levels of inquiry Summary shows learning by effectively summarizing and reflecting on Information and/or asking questions to clarify or further the thinking 4 Proper set-up and heading Notes are selectively and accurately paraphrased Use of logical abbreviations Questions check for understanding and reflect higher levels of inquiry Has a summary 3 Proper set-up and heading Notes may/may not be accurate; information not always paraphrased Some use of abbreviations Questions check for understanding May/may not have a summary 2 Proper set-up Has some notes Has questions May/may not have summary Proper set-up Has notes Questions on left non-existent No summary 0 Improper set-up; not Cornell notes

SQ4R-Writing to Learn



(Overview: quickly scan)



uestion • (Establish a purpose)



(to answer questions)



 (answers to questions with the book closed)



(Take notes!)



(at short intervals)

Learning Logs

A writing technique to help focus on what you are learning in class.

Writing in your learning log is a great way to use writing as a process of discovery and for clarification of ideas.

Note Taking Tips

Speaker says: "Hippocrates, a Greek who is considered to be the Father of modern medicine, was Born on the island of Cos in 460 B.C."

Notes say: "Hippocrates (Gr.) Father of med. B. Cos 460BC"

Tips on Taking Text Notes Be an Active Reader

- Think about the reading
 - Consider how the parts relate to the whole; how the text relates to previous ideas
 - Create questions about new words/ terms, why emphasized points are important
 - Examine what you have learned from visuals

Tips on Taking Text Notes Be Aware of Textbook Organization

- Look for the pattern in elements like chapter /subsection headings, summary points, graphics
- Know where to find the index and glossary



Tips on Taking Text Notes

Use the text style to identify important points

- Become familiar with the font, symbols, borders, graphics, colors, and layout that highlight main ideas or terms
- Be alert to the writer's goal: highlight ideas/ references /opinions that seem significant to their point of view

Tips on Taking Text Notes Take notes while reading

- Include headings, key terms, & graphics
- Take down only the important ideas: brief, but clear
- Summarize in your own words
- Use symbols to highlight for review
- Use textbook review questions to develop study questions



Tips on Taking Text Notes Review textbook notes

- Identify main ideas
- Fill in details for better understanding
- Identify unclear information and/or questions - collaborate for answers
- Delete unnecessary information
- Review note organization; add symbols or rewrite
- Write a summary

Tips on Taking

- Use discussion topics/questions organize your notes
- Use symbols for important ideas
- Include your own responses in notes
- Develop questions to review later
- Add references to other material as they come to mind



Tips for Studying with Notes Make use of the format

- Cover the right side of your notes; review and answer study questions from the left using the right side as an answer key
- Quiz yourself out loud
- Cover the right side with blank paper; write out answers to the left column study questions

Tips for Studying with Notes Write!

- Write summaries of the most important material in the summary/reflection section
- Write a quiz for others using notes; exchange and correct
- Write anticipated test questions beyond those already in the left-hand column and write answers

Tips for Studying with Notes Review

- Look over notes frequently to keep information and questions still unanswered fresh in mind
- Recite information from notes



Tips for Studying with Notes Study in a Group

- Exchange notes with others to flesh out information and understanding
- Use notes in study groups to provide a common ground of material for reference and review
- Rewrite notes if necessary

