

Class Notes 3: The Metric System



Always use the Metric System in
science!

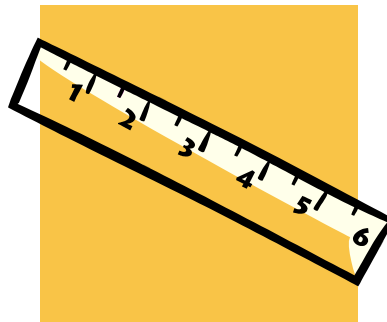
1. Units

- ❑ In the Metric System, each type of measurement has a basic unit
- ❑ Length: meters
- ❑ Mass: grams
- ❑ Temperature: degrees Celsius
- ❑ Volume: liters
- ❑ Time: minutes

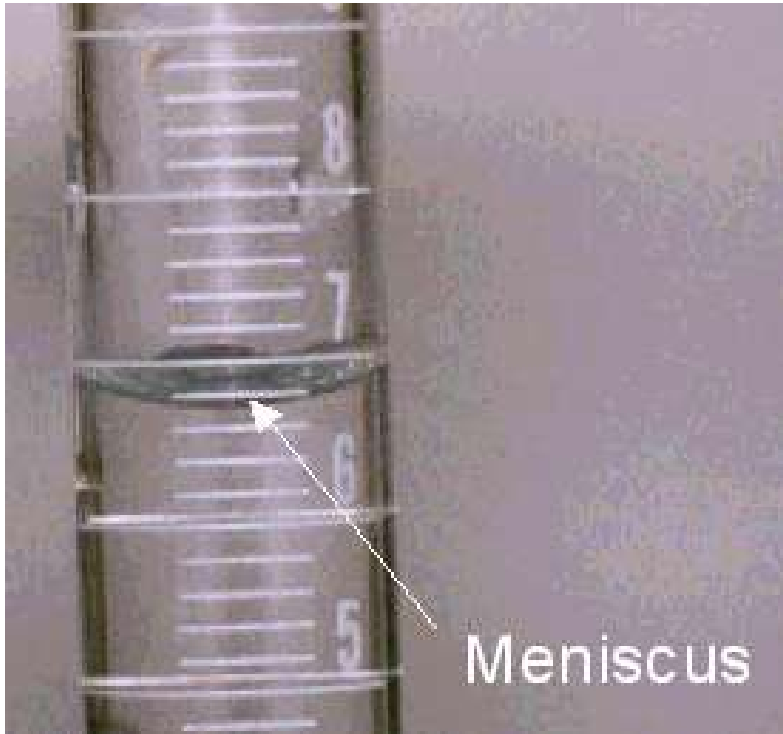
2. Length

- ❑ 1 kilometer (km) = 1000 meters (m)
- ❑ 1 meter = 100 centimeters (cm)
- ❑ 1 cm = 10 millimeters (mm)
- ❑ 1 mm = 1000 micrometers (μm)

The metric system uses meters, not feet and inches!



3. Volume: The amount of space it takes up



- ❑ length x width x height
- ❑ 1 milliliter (mL) = 1 cm cubed
- ❑ 1 Liter (L) = 1000 mL
- ❑ Use water displacement to calculate volume of an odd shaped item!
- ❑ Use a graduated cylinder to measure liquids, not a beaker, because the markings are more accurate!

4. Mass: the amount it weighs

- ❑ 1 gram (g) = 1000 milligrams (mg)
- ❑ 1 kilogram(kg) = 1000 grams
- ❑ 1 metric ton(t) = 1000 kilograms
- ❑ Use a digital scale or triple beam balance



5. Density: a measure of mass per unit of volume

- mass/ volume
- Grams/ milliliters

6. Temperature

□ Fahrenheit to Celsius

$$C = \frac{5}{9} (F - 32)$$

□ Celsius to Fahrenheit

$$F = \left(\frac{9}{5} C\right) + 32$$

0 Celsius is freezing!

100 is boiling!!!!



Summary

What system of measurement do we use in biology? What are the basic units for length, mass, time, and temperature?