The Bronze Age: The Minoans and Mycenaeans

7th Grade World History

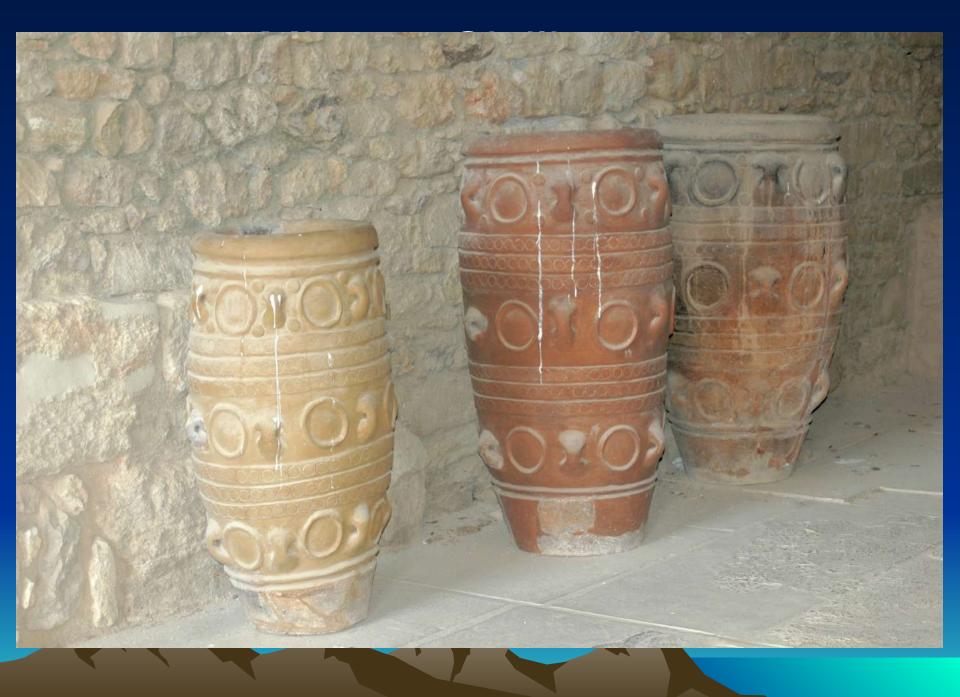
The Minoans and Mycenaeans

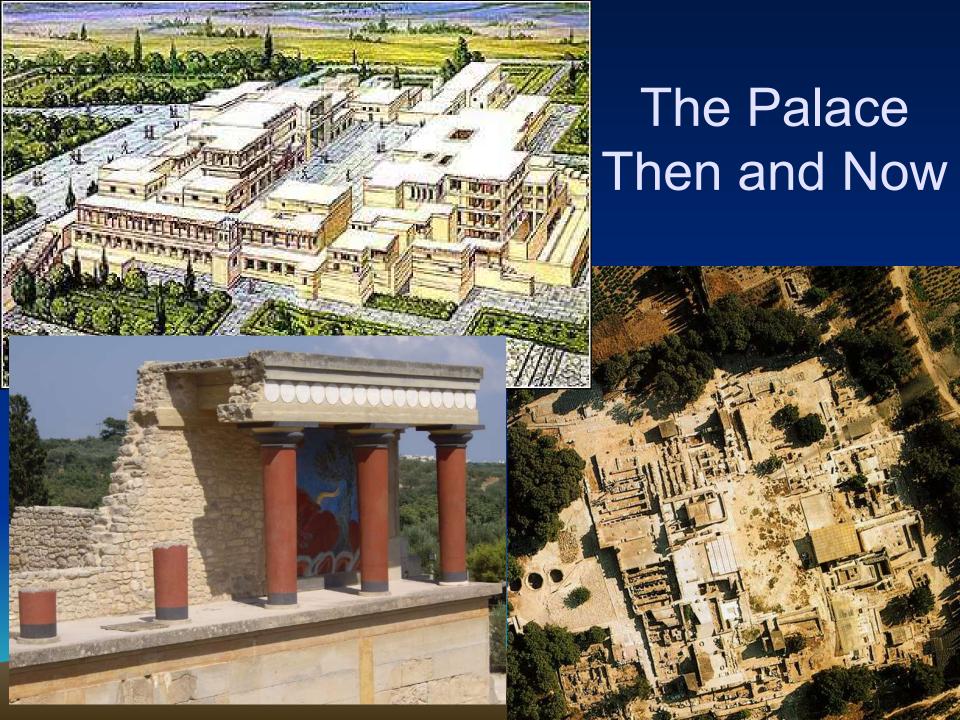
*Preceded the Greeks in the Aegean Basin.

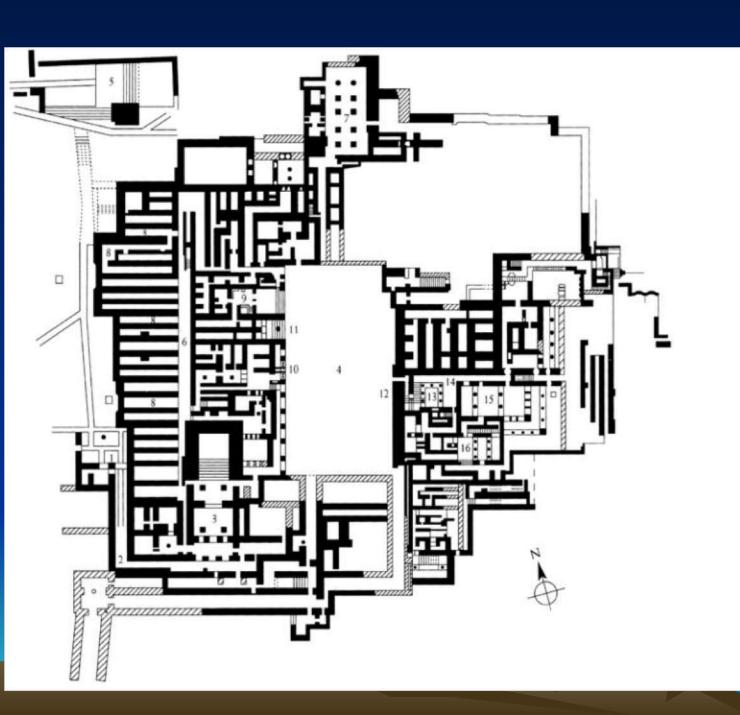


Prelude: Minoan Civilization





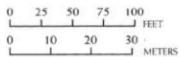




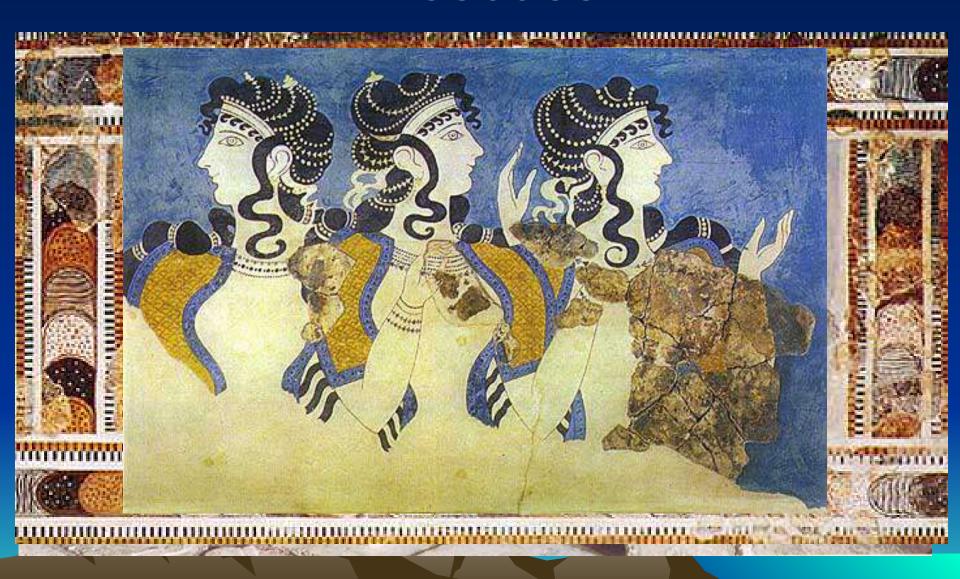


Earlier $\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} -\frac{JL}{L} & \text{Existing} \\ \text{structures} \end{array} \right\}$ Reconstruction

- West porch
- 2. Corridor of the procession
- 3. South propylon
- 4. Central court
- . "Theater area"
- 6. North-south corridor
- 7. Pillar hall
- 8. Magazines
- 9. Throne room
- Palace shrine and lower verandas
- 1. Stepped porch
- 12. Grand staircase
- 13. Light well
- 14. East-west corridor
- Hall of the Double Axes (principal reception room)
- 16. "Queen's Megaron"



Frescoes



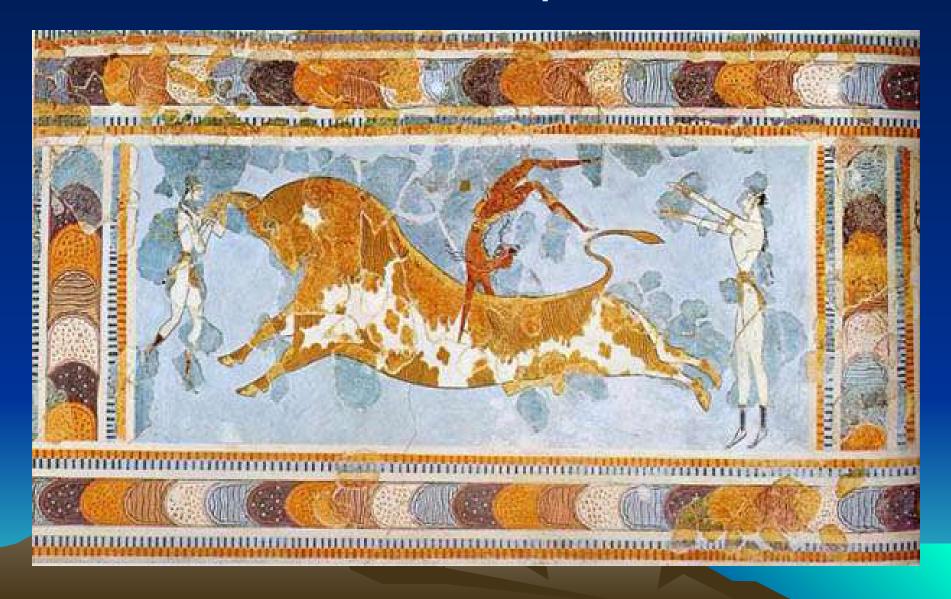
Art

• Bull a significant element of Minoan life; bull leaping, maybe a sport or ritual.

 Males painted in red, sometimes in female clothing

Females in white

Art Examples



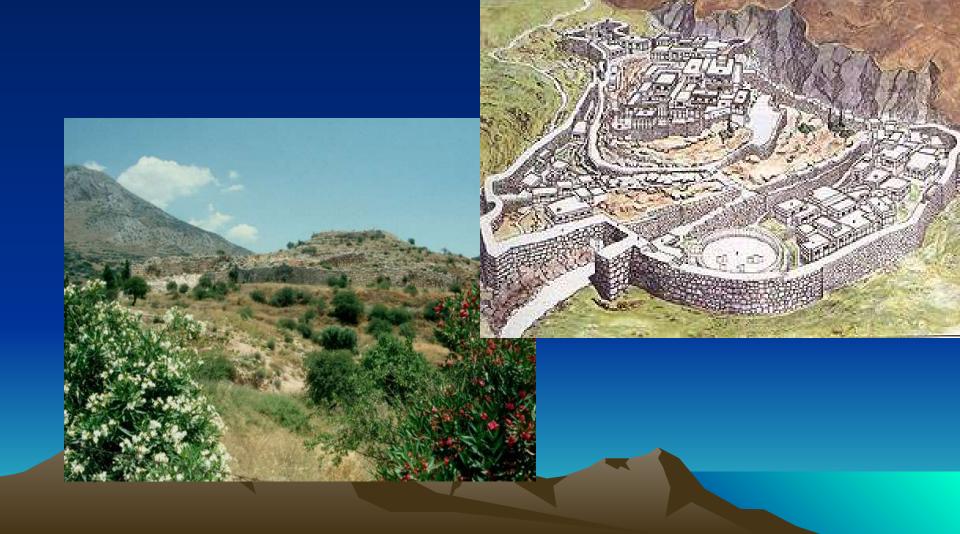
Decline of Civilization

- Around 1628 BCE, Volcanic Eruption
 - Caused tidal wave, destroyed many settlements
- Culture was further weakened by Mycenaean attacks and eventual takeover in 1400 BCE

Beginnings: Mycenaean Civilization 1900—1100 BC



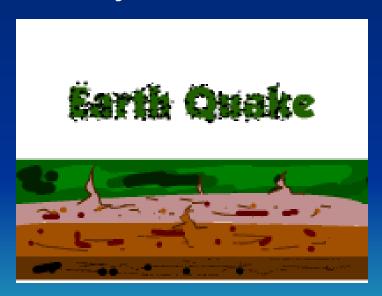
Mycenae





The Fall of the Mycenaeans

 Around 1200 BCE earthquakes and warfare led to the destruction of most Mycenaean cities.





More Pictures of Mycenaean Culture

