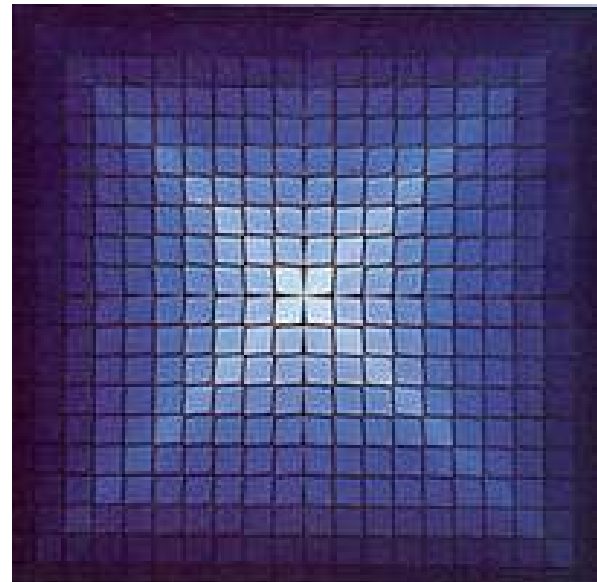




Color Schemes

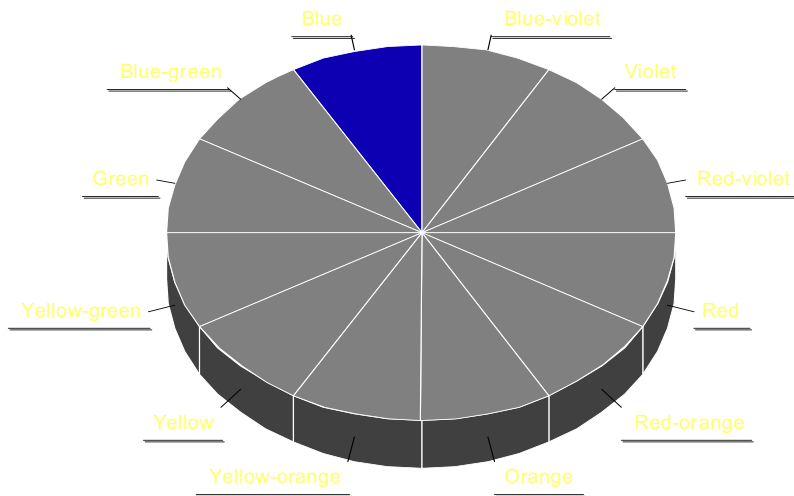
Color Schemes

- There are certain groups of colors that work together very well...they might be referred to as Color Schemes.
- Make sure when using color schemes to select colors that you like.
- There are some basic color schemes that have worked well for many years...



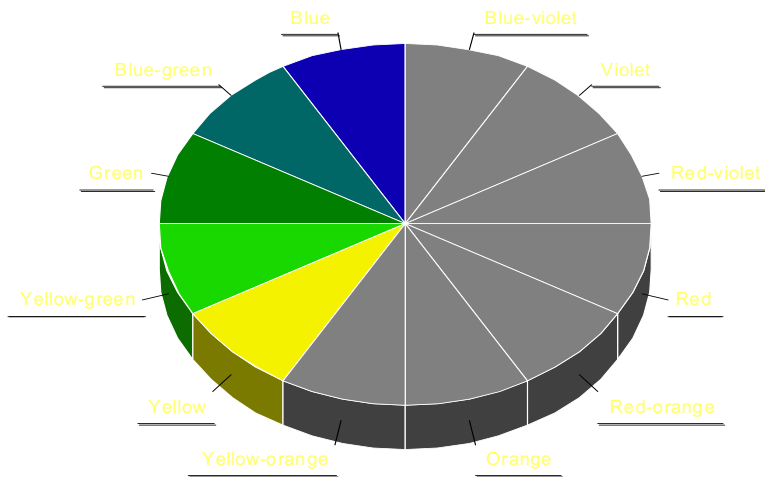
Monochromatic

- A color scheme using one color, and tints, tones and shades of that color.



Analogous

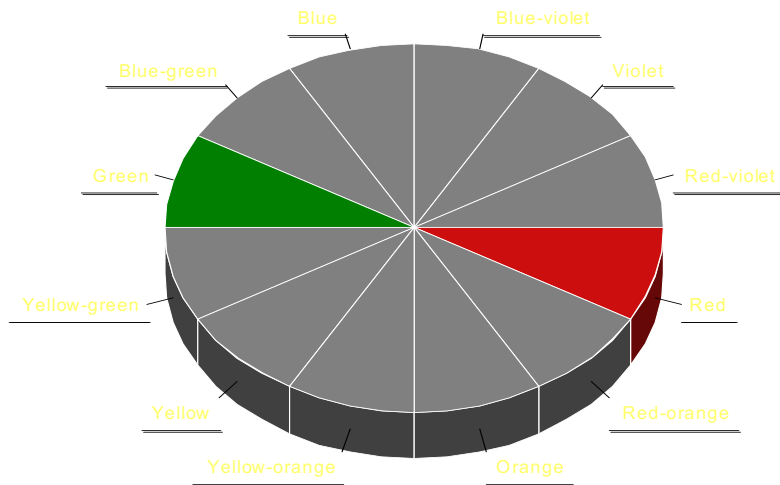
- A color scheme using colors next to each other on the color wheel.



Note that even though these are very bright hues of 5 colors next to each other on the color wheel, that they are analogous, even though they are bright.

Complementary

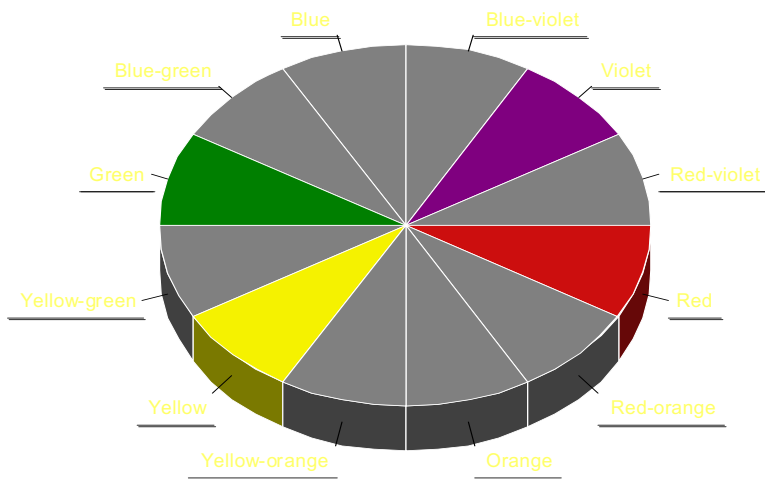
- A color scheme using colors opposite each other on the color wheel.



Note again that even though the colors are dulled red and green, they are still complementary.

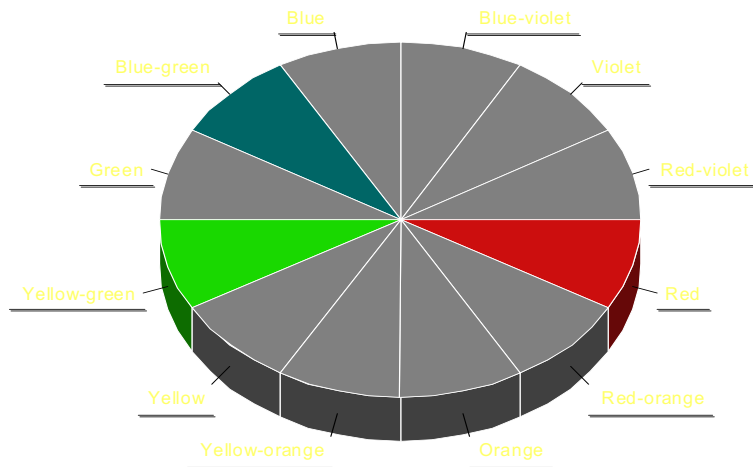
Double Complementary

- A Color scheme using two sets of complementary colors.



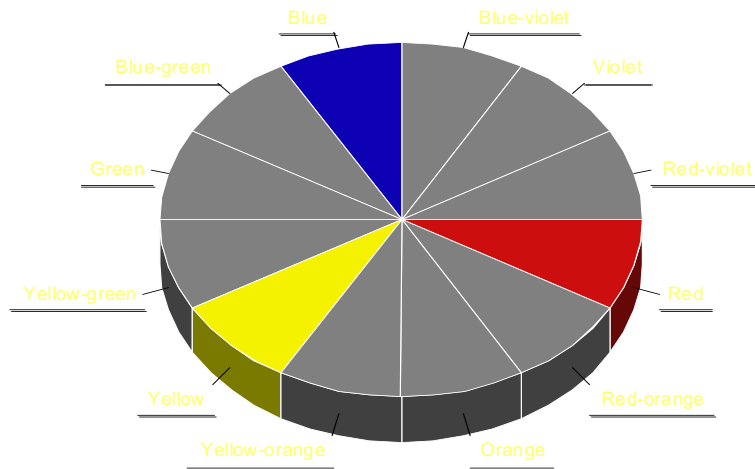
Split Complementary

- A color scheme using one color, and the colors on either side of it's complement.



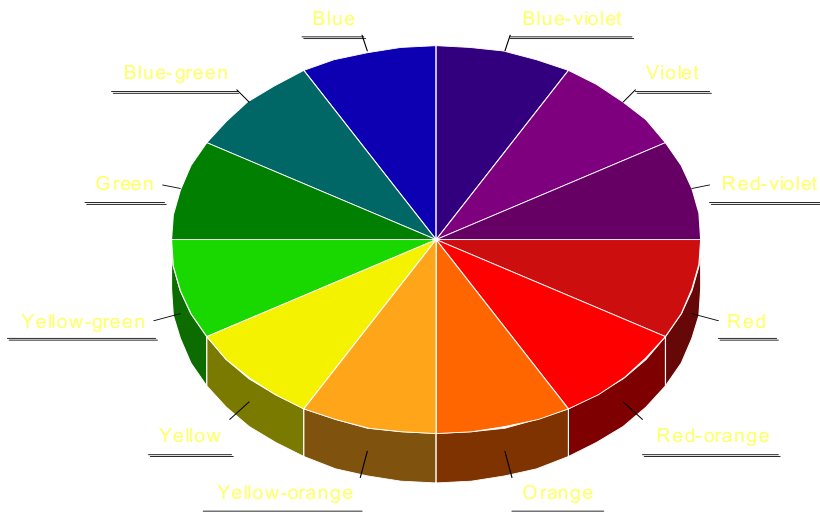
Triad

- A color scheme using three colors equal distance from each other on the color wheel.



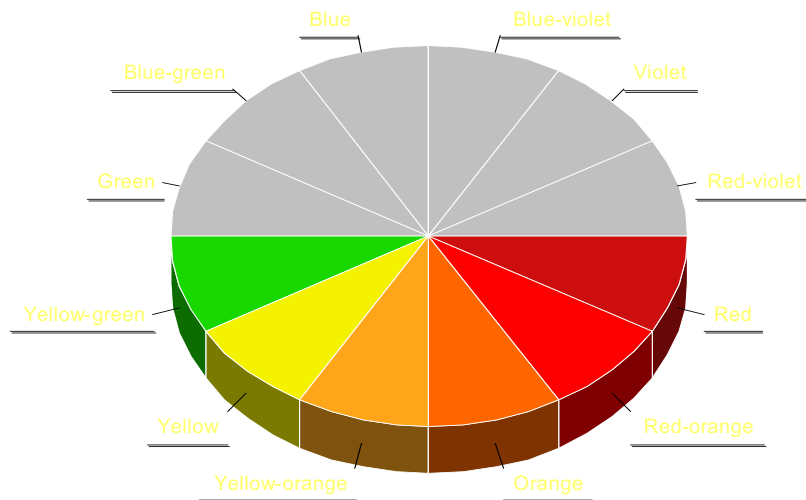
Neutral

- A color scheme using whites, blacks, grays and beiges.



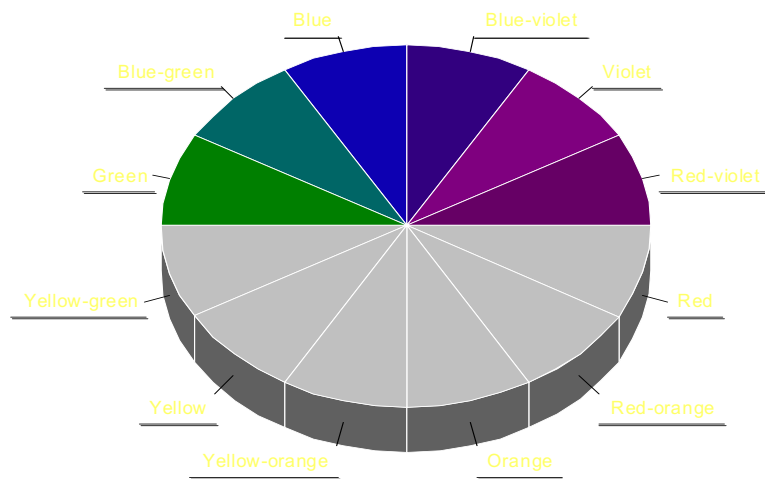
Warm Colors

- Colors on the warm side of the spectrum...red, yellow, orange.



Cool Colors

- Colors on the cool side of the spectrum...blue, violet, green.





Choosing Color Schemes...

- Select your favorite color
- Add to an established color scheme
- Select colors based on the feelings or mood you wish to create.
- Evaluate parts of the room that cannot be changed, then consider color choices that will complement existing furnishings.
- Select colors that complement a particular work of art (quilt, favorite picture, etc.)
- Select colors that complement a chosen fabric or wallpaper.