

### Average Rate of Change

Find the average rate of change on the given interval

1.  $f(x) = 10x - 3$  on  $[-2, 5]$

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2.  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5$  on  $[-1, 3]$

$(-1, -3)$   $(3, 13)$

$$\text{A.R.O.C} = \frac{13 - (-3)}{3 - (-1)} = \frac{16}{4} = 4$$

3.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{t-2}$  on  $[-2, 5]$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3}}{-2 - 5} = \frac{\left(-\frac{7}{12}\right)}{-7} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$(-2, -\frac{1}{4})$

$(5, \frac{1}{12})$

4.  $h(x) = 5x^3$  on  $[-2, 4]$

$(-2, -40)$   $(4, 320)$

$$\frac{320 + 40}{4 + 2} = \frac{360}{6} = 60$$

$\frac{24}{5}$   
 $\frac{24}{5}$

5.  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5$  on  $[-2, b]$

$(-2, 3)$   $(b, 2b^2 - 5)$

$$\frac{2b^2 - 5 - 3}{b + 2} = \frac{2b^2 - 8}{b + 2} = \frac{2(b^2 - 4)}{b + 2}$$

$$= \frac{2(b+2)(b-2)}{b+2}$$

$$= 2(b+2)$$

7.  $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5$  on  $[-3, -3+h]$

$(-3, 13)$   $(-3+h, 2(-3+h)^2 - 5)$

$$\frac{2(-3+h)^2 - 5 - 13}{-3+h + 3} = \frac{2(9 - 6h + h^2) - 13 - 13}{h}$$

$$= \frac{18 - 12h + 2h^2 - 26}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2h^2 - 12h + 18}{h} = 2(h^2 - 6h + 9) = 2(h-3)(h+3)$$

6.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{t-5}$  on  $[-2, b]$

$(-2, -\frac{1}{7})$   $(b, \frac{1}{b-5})$

$$\frac{(\frac{1}{b-5})(b-2)}{-\frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{b-5}} = \frac{-b^2 + 7b - 10 - 7b + 14}{7(b-5)(b-2)(b+2)}$$

$$= \frac{-b^2 + 14}{7(b-5)(b-2)(b+2)} = \frac{(b+2)(b-2)}{7(b-5)(b-2)(b+2)}$$

8.  $f(x) = 10x - 3$  on  $[x, x+h]$

$$= \frac{1}{7b-35}$$

10

$$2h(h-6)$$

$$2h-12$$