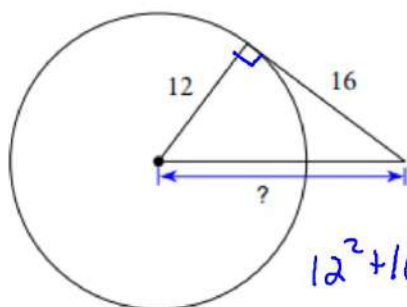


Find the segment length indicated. Assume that lines which appear to be tangent are tangent.

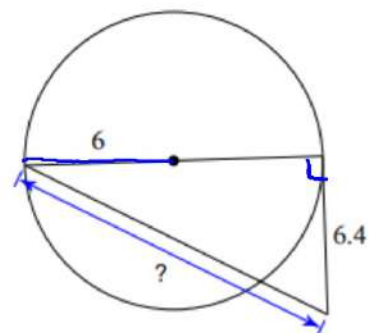


$$12^2 + 16^2 = c^2$$

$$144 + 256 = c^2$$

$$400 = c^2$$

$$c = 20$$



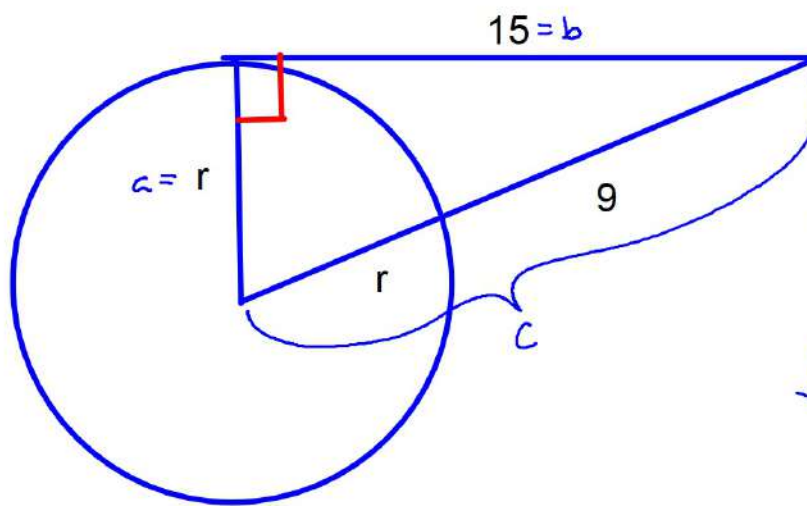
$$12^2 + 6.4^2 = c^2$$

$$144 + 40.96 = c^2$$

$$184.96 = c^2$$

$$13.6 = c$$

Find the length of the radius:

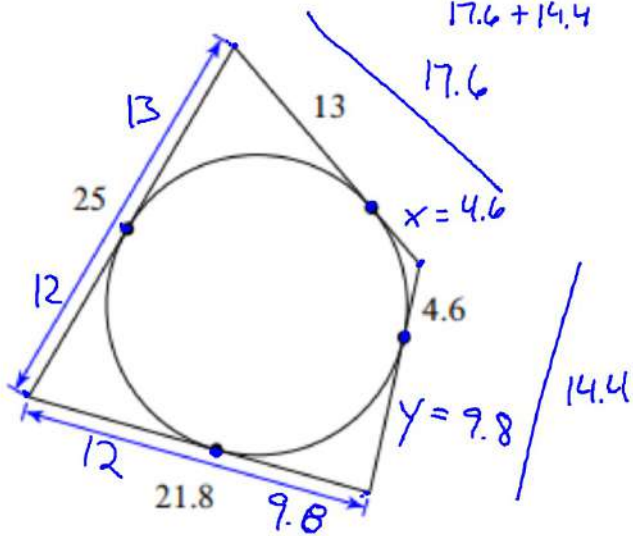


$$\begin{aligned} r^2 + 15^2 &= (r+9)^2 \\ &= (r+9)(r+9) \\ \cancel{r^2} + 225 &= \cancel{r^2} + 18r + 81 \\ 225 &= 18r + 81 \\ - 81 & \quad - 81 \\ \hline 144 &= 18r \\ r &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

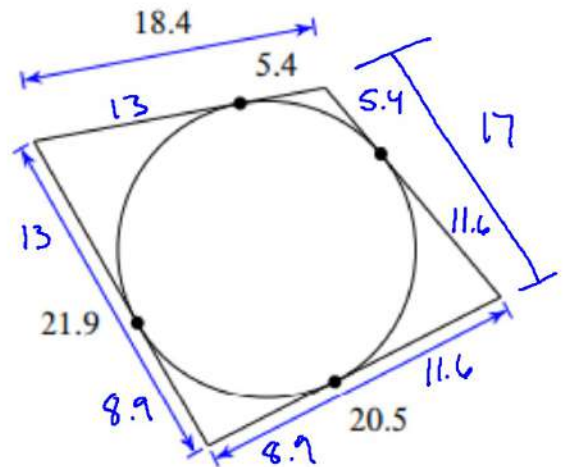
Find the perimeter of each polygon. Assume that lines which appear to be tangent are tangent.

$$25 + 21.8 + 9.8 + 13 = 64.4$$

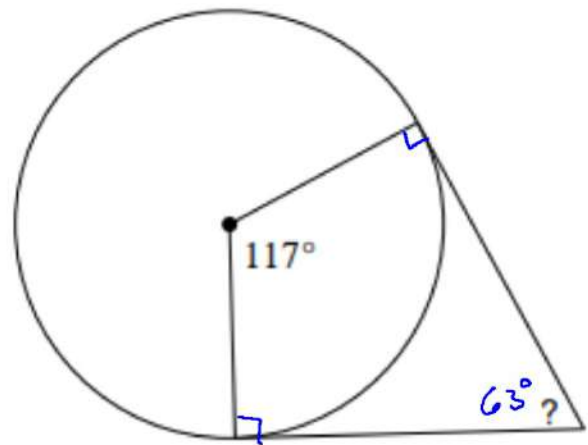
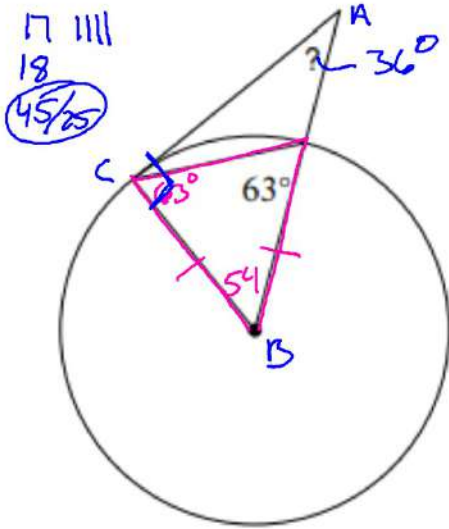
$$17.6 + 14.4 = 78.8$$



$$P = 72.4$$



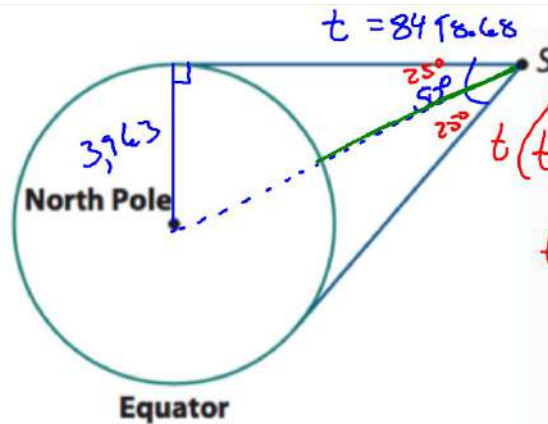
Find the angle measure indicated. Assume that lines which appear to be tangent are tangent.



$$90 + 90 + 117 + ? = 360$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 180 \\ 117 \\ \hline 297 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 297 + X = 360 \\ -297 \quad -297 \\ \hline X = 63 \end{array}$$

Suppose a satellite is located in space at point S. In this view of Earth in the plane of the equator, the angle between the lines of sight at S is 50° . The radius of the Earth is 3,963 miles.



$$t(\tan 25^\circ) = \left(\frac{3963}{t}\right)t$$

$$t \tan 25^\circ = 3963$$

$$t = \frac{3963}{\tan 25^\circ} = 8498.68 \text{ mi}$$

What is the distance from S to the horizontal along the equator, that is, the length of a tangent from S to the Earth's surface along the equator?

$$3963^2 + 8498.68^2 = c^2$$

$$c = 9377.25$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9377.25 \\ - 3963 \\ \hline 5414.25 \text{ mi} \end{array}$$

How high is the satellite S above Earth's surface, that is, the length of a segment S to the closest point on Earth's surface along the equator?

