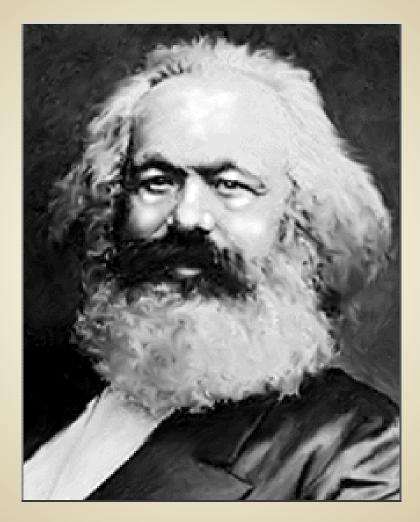
MARXIST THEORY

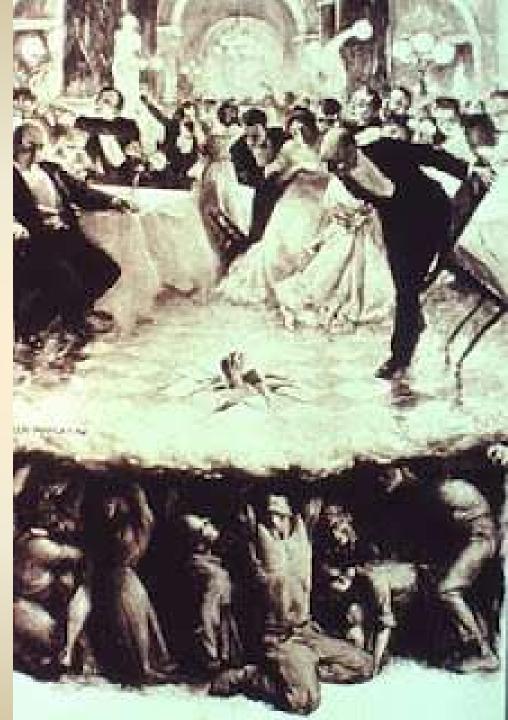


Karl Marx's Theory of Communism

Carefully examine the details of the picture and make a simple sketch of it on your paper.

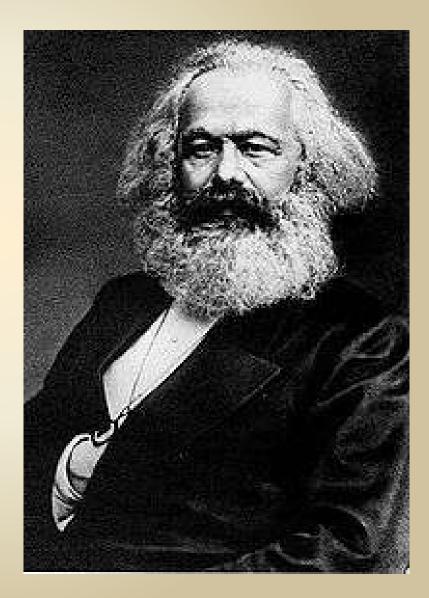
Answer the following questions:

- 1. What do the people in the upper part of the image think of the people in the lower part?
- 2. What do the people in the lower part of the image think of the people in the upper part?



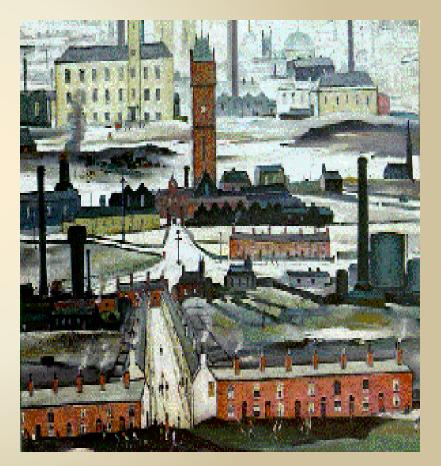
Karl Marx

- Born in Germany in 1818
- Philosopher of Economics
- Witnessed the pure capitalism of the Industrial Revolution



Capitalism

- During the Industrial Revolution, private industries competed for profit.
- Little or no government regulation.



Capitalism

- Marx said this results in a class struggle between the rich and the working classes.
- The inevitable result of this struggle would be a workers' revolt.



Communist Manifesto

- Published in 1848.
- Marx encouraged workers of the world to rise up as a class and defeat the wealthy capitalists.
- He believed that once in power, workers would create a new economic system, socialism.



With an Introduction by Vladimir Pozner

Socialism

- Resources would be distributed equally by the government to create a classless society.
- People would learn to strive for equality rather than for greed or profit.



Communism

- Eventually, the need for government would fade away because people were sharing resources.
- Final goal is communism, a classless society without any government.



Socialist or Capitalist?

Write down the following scenarios and determine whether each situation is an example of socialist or capitalist principles.

- Your public high school
- A child's lemonade stand
- A soup kitchen
- A government that provides health care for all citizens

Socialist or Capitalist?

- The local fire department
- The Dow Jones industrial average increased 15 points
- You sell a candy bar for 25 cents more than you bought it for
- Yosemite National Park
- Ben and Jerry's Ice Cream Company