



Section 5

A. Determining Main Ideas As you read this section, take notes to answer the questions.

How did each country try to resist Soviet rule?		
1. Hungary	2. Czechoslovakia	3. China

What was the foreign policy of each U.S. president?			
4. John F. Kennedy	5. Lyndon Johnson	6. Richard Nixon	7. Ronald Reagan

What was the objective of each of the following?		
8. détente	9. SALT I Treaty	10. "Star Wars"

B. Clarifyin: identify Nikita Khrushchev and Leonid Brezhnev.

CHAPTER
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Section 5

PRIMARY SOURCE **Political Cartoon**
by Herbert Block

Herbert Block drew this political cartoon shortly after the Cuban missile crisis, the most serious U.S.–Soviet confrontation. Notice that, unlike many American politicians and journalists who were severely critical of the Soviet leader at the time, Block depicts Nikita Khrushchev as an equal of President Kennedy in struggling to contain nuclear war.



“Let’s Get a Lock for This Thing,” from *Herblock: A Cartoonist’s Life* (Lisa Drew Books/Macmillan, 1993).

Discussion Questions

1. **Analyzing Political Cartoons** What message does this cartoon send to the leaders of the United States and the Soviet Union?
2. **Forming and Supporting Opinions** Considering the climate of the Cold War in 1962, do you think the spirit of this cartoon is overly optimistic? Why or why not?

CHAPTER
17

RETEACHING ACTIVITY

The Cold War Thaws

Section 5

Reading Comprehension Find the name or term in the second column that best matches the description in the first column. Then write the letter of your answer in the blank.

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|--|---------------------------|
| __ 1. A postwar satellite country in Eastern Europe | A. Imre Nagy |
| __ 2. Member of the Soviet Communist party who came to power after Stalin's death | B. Lyndon Johnson |
| __ 3. Communist leader who formed a new government in Hungary | C. Romania |
| __ 4. Event that caused Khrushchev to lose prestige in the Soviet Union | D. Richard Nixon |
| __ 5. Succeeded Khrushchev as leader of the Communist party in the Soviet Union | E. Ronald Reagan |
| __ 6. Soviet dissident who won the 1970 Nobel Prize for literature | F. Nikita Khrushchev |
| __ 7. U.S. president during the Cuban missile crisis | G. Leonid Brezhnev |
| __ 8. Became president after John Kennedy was assassinated | H. SALT |
| __ 9. U.S. policy of lessening Cold War tensions by backing away from direct confrontation with the Soviet Union | I. John F. Kennedy |
| __ 10. U.S. president whose policies grew out of a philosophy of realpolitik | J. détente |
| __ 11. Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty | K. Aleksandr Solzhenitsyn |
| __ 12. Anti-Communism U.S. president who took office in 1981 | L. Cuban missile crisis |