

Algebra 1 Honors Unit 1: Relationships Between Quantities & Reasoning with Equations & Inequalities

Unit #:	APSDO-00017741	Duration:	Duration:5.0 Week(s)						
		-	-						
			Unit Focus						
variable line equations ar will understa for complex	Honors students will be able to cla ar equations in various forms, inc ad one-variable inequalities, expre- and that a problem can have one problem solving. Primary instruct d to ensure the complexity, sophi Stage 1	luding fractional essing the solution solution, no solution ional materials f stication, and au	numbers, multi-step. ar on graphically and algeb tion, or infinitely many, or this unit include Algeb thenticity of the types o	nd absolute value. Honors raically using set and inte as well as how to apply lin ora I, Glencoe/McGraw Hil	students will solve literal erval notation. Honors students near equations and inequalities I, 2014. Secondary resources				
E	stablished Goals			Transfer					
variab many which succes equati equiva	xamples of linear equations in on le with one solution, infinitely solutions, or no solutions. Show of these possibilities is the case b sively transforming the given on into simpler forms, until an elent equation of the form $x = a$, a r $a = b$ results (where a and b are	the reasona T2 (T53) Art problem or i T3 (T51) Exa T4 (T52) Usa concepts. T5 (T20) Co and solve pr T6 (T21) Per	bleness of the solution. iculate how mathematic n the theoretical sense. amine alternate method e appropriate tools strat mpose and decompose oblems.	al concepts relate to one s to accurately and efficie egically to deepen unders numbers to establish rela	a plan, execute it and evaluate another in the context of a ently solve problems. standing of mathematical tionships, perform operations, and complex number				

CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.8.EE.C.7A

variable and use them to solve problems.

Include equations arising from linear and quadratic functions, and simple rational

CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.HSA.CED.A.1
Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution. Construct a viable argument to justify a

and exponential functions.

Know that numbers that are not rational	and functions.			
are called irrational. Understand informally that every number has a	Meaning			
decimal expansion; for rational numbers show that the decimal expansion repeats	Understandings	Essential Questions		
 eventually, and convert a decimal expansion which repeats eventually into a rational number. <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.8.NS.A.1</i> Solve linear equations with rational number coefficients, including equations whose solutions require expanding expressions using the distributive property and collecting like terms. <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.8.EE.C.7B</i> Use rational approximations of irrational numbers to compare the size of irrational numbers, locate them approximately on a number line diagram, and estimate the value of expressions (e.g., pi2). For example, by truncating the decimal expansion of sqrt2, show that sqrt2 is between 1 and 2, then between 1.4 and 1.5, and explain how to continue on to get better approximations. <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.8.NS.A.2</i> Mathematics: 9 Create equations and inequalities in one 	 U1 (U202) The application of specific properties and order of operations can simplify expressions, solve equations, and combine functions. U2 (U203) Certain mathematical manipulations preserve the relationship in an expression or equation, even though they change the representation. U3 (U205) Expressions, equations, inequalities, and functions use symbols to represent quantities, operations, and their relationships. U4 (U502) Effective problem solvers identify and apply an appropriate model, tool, or strategy. U5 (U520) Effective arguments are based on logical mathematical thinking. U6 (U550) Attention to detail, such as specifying units of measure and labeling, leads to clarity in expressing mathematical information. U7 (U560) Patterns and structures are characterized by consistent relationships. 	 Q1 (Q200) What rule or pattern can help me simplify the expression or solve this problem? Q2 (Q201) How can I represent this information in symbols/equations/models? Q3 (Q204) What is the value of this number/ relationship and how can I represent it in different ways? Q4 (Q206) How do I evaluate this function or solve the equation? (Gr. 6-12) Q5 (Q503) What strategies/approaches are best for this problem? Q6 (Q520) Does the argument/thought process/logic make sense? Q7 (Q550) Did I use clear language (symbols, labels, terms, units of measure and significant digits) to explain my reasoning to others? Q8 (Q563) How does being fluent with basic facts and rules help me solve a complex problem? Q9 (Q561) How does understanding the pattern/structure help me solve the problem? 		

Acquisition of Knowledge and Skill

T7 (T22) Describe and/or solve problems using algebraic expressions, equations, inequalities,

Knowledge	Skills
	S1
	classify numbers
	S2
	Translate verbal expressions and equations

 solution method. <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT</i> Define appropriate que purpose of descriptive <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT</i> Solve simple rational equations in one varia examples showing ho solutions may arise. <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT</i> Use function notation, for inputs in their dom statements that use fitterms of a context. <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT</i> Solve linear equations one variable, including coefficients represent <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT</i> Rearrange formulas to quantity of interest, ureasoning as in solvin <i>CCSS.MATH.CONTENT</i> Attend to precision. <i>C</i> Construct viable argue the reasoning of othe <i>CCSS.MATH.MP.3</i> Look for and make us <i>CCSS.MATH.MP.7</i> 	antities for the modeling. <i>HSN.Q.A.2</i> and radical ble, and give w extraneous <i>HSA.REI.A.2</i> evaluate functions ains, and interpret unction notation in <i>HSF.IF.A.2</i> and inequalities in g equations with ed by letters. <i>HSA.REI.B.3</i> highlight a sing the same g equations. <i>HSA.CED.A.4</i> <i>CSS.MATH.MP.6</i> ments and critique is.	 S3 Solve one-variable linear equations in the form of one-step, multi-step, variables on both sides, absolute value, and basic rational equations S4 Solve literal equations S5 Solve one-variable linear inequalities and express the solution graphically and algebraically using set and interval notation S6 Understand that a problem can have one solution, no solution, or infinitely many S7 Understand how to apply linear equations and inequalities for problem solving
 CCSS.MATH.MP.7 Make sense of problem in solving them. CCSS 	ns and persevere	
	Stage	ssessment Evidence
		ther Evidence
Coding Code		Description
T/U/Q/K/S OE1	Untitled	

• T2	1	Due Oct. 31, 2014	1
• T2 • T4			
• T5		Other Evidence	
• T7			
• U1		Summative Assessment 2A: Unit Test Honors	
• U3 • U4		Resources	
• U5			
• U6		RES1 Unit 2A Summative Honors	Download File
• U7 • S3			
• 53 • 54			
• S6			
• S7			
	OE2	Untitled	
T/U/Q/K/S		Untitled	
• T2 • T4		Due Nov. 7, 2014	
• 14 • T5		Other Evidence	
• T7			
• U1 • U3		Summative Assessment 2B: Unit Test Honors	
• U4		Resources	
• U5			
• U6		RES2 Summative Assessment Unit 2B Honors	Download File
• U7 • S5			
• S6			
• S7			
		Stage 3: Learning Plan	
Coding	Code	Description of Learning Activity	
	LA1	Duration:	
T/U/Q/K/S			
• Q1		1.0 Day(s)	
• Q2			

 Q3 Q4 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S7 		Learning Activity Lesson 1 (2-2) To solve one-step equations by applying the properties of equality for addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3 • Q4 • Q6 • Q7 • Q8 • S3 • S7	LA2	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Learning Activity Lesson 2 (2-3) To solve multi-step equations by applying the properties of equality
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3 • Q4 • Q6 • Q7 • Q8 • S3 • S7	LA3	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Formative Assessment (2-2, 2-3)
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3	LA4	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity

 Q4 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S6 S7 		Lesson 3 (2-4) To solve equations with variables on both sides
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3 • Q4 • Q6 • Q7 • Q8 • S3 • S6 • S7	LA5	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Lesson 4 (2-5) To solve equations involving absolute value
T/U/Q/K/S Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S6 S7	LA6	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Formative Assessment (2-4,2-5)
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2	LA7	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity

 Q3 Q4 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S7 		Learning Activity Lesson 5 (2-6) To compare ratios and solve proportions
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3 • Q4 • Q6 • Q7 • Q8 • S3 • S4 • S7	LA8	Duration: 2.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Lesson 6 (2-8) To define and solve literal equations
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3 • Q4 • Q6 • Q7 • Q8 • S3 • S7	LA9	Duration: 2.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Learning Activity Lesson 7 (2-9) To solve mixture problems using weighted averages
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3	LA10	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity

Learning Activity Formative Assessment (2-6, 2-8, 2-9)
Formative Assessment (2-6, 2-8, 2-9)
Formative Assessment (2-6, 2-8, 2-9)
11 Duration:
1.0 Day(s)
Learning Activity
Learning Activity
Lesson 8 (5-1) To solve linear inequalities by using addition and subtraction
¹² Duration:
2.0 Day(s)
Learning Activity
Learning Activity
Lesson 9 (5-2) To solve linear inequalities by using multiplication and division
¹³ Duration:
1.0 Day(s)

 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S5 S7 		Learning Activity Lesson 10 (5-3) To solve linear inequalities involving multi-step and the distributive property
T/U/Q/K/S • Q1 • Q2 • Q3 • Q4 • Q6 • Q7 • Q8 • S3	LA14	Duration: 1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Learning Activity Formative Assessment (5-1, 5-2, 5-3)
 \$5 \$7 T/U/Q/K/S Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 	LA15	Duration: 1.5 Day(s) Learning Activity Learning Activity
 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S5 S6 S7 	LA16	Lesson 11 (5-4) To solve compound inequalities: union and intersections

T/U/Q/K/S		Duration:
 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S5 S6 S7 		1.5 Day(s) Learning Activity Lesson (5-5) To solve & graph absolute value inequalities
T/U/Q/K/S	LA17	Duration:
 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q6 Q7 Q8 S3 S5 S6 S7 		1.0 Day(s) Learning Activity Formative Assessment (5-4, 5-5)