Algebra 2: Chapter 2.3 Homework Parabolas

Fill in the Blanks:

1) A Parabola is the set of all ______ equidistant from a fixed ______ (called the Directrix) and a fixed point (called the _____).

2) The Distance from the ______ to the Focus of a parabola is p units.

3) The Axis of ______ of a parabola runs through the Focus and Vertex and is Perpendicular to the ______.

4) $x = \frac{1}{4p}(y-k)^2 + h$ is the standard form of a _____ parabola, where (h,k) is the coordinates of the _____.

5) ______ is the standard form of a Vertical parabola.

Specify the **Direction of Opening**, find the equation of the **Axis of Symmetry**, the coordinates of the **Vertex**, the coordinates of the **Focus**, and the equation of the **Directrix** for each parabola. Then sketch a quick graph.

6) $x = \frac{1}{8}y^2$



8)
$$y = \frac{1}{20}x^2 - 2$$





Write an equation in standard form for the information given for each parabola.

10) Vertex (0,0), Focus $\left(-\frac{4}{5},0\right)$ **11)** Focus (2,0), Directrix y = 4

12) Vertex (0,0), Focus (0,5)

13) Vertex (-2,1), Directrix x = 1

14) An electricity-generating dish uses a parabolic reflector to concentrate sunlight onto a high-frequency engine located at the focus of the reflector. The sunlight heats helium to 650° C to power the engine. Write an equation that represents the cross section of the dish shown with its vertex at (0, 0). What is the depth of the dish?

