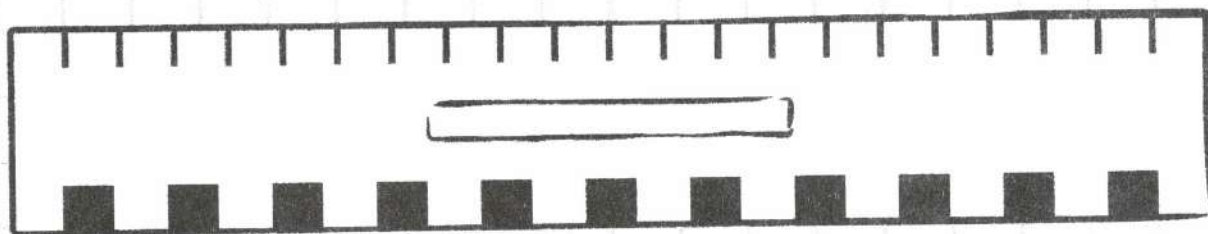


7th Grade

# MATHEMATICS


Work from Home



# PRACTICE





Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Puzzle #1

#1  +  +  = 12




#2  +  = 16


#3  -  = 2

 =  =  =

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# Puzzle #2

#1  +  +  = 44

#2  +  = 40

#3  +  +  = 39

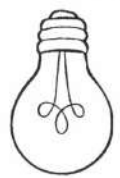
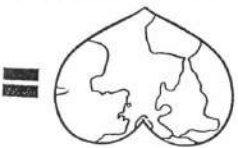
 =  =  =

# Puzzle #4

#1  $3 \text{ (heart)} + 3 \text{ (heart)} + 3 \text{ (heart)} = 1 \text{ (flower)}$

#2  $1 \text{ (lightbulb)} \times 3 \text{ (heart)} = 2 \text{ (flower)}$

#3  $1 \text{ (flower)} + 1 \text{ (flower)} = 48$



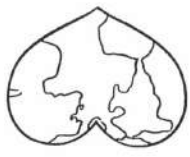
48

#3

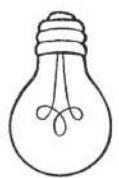


+

#2



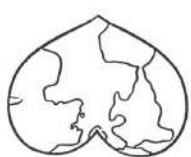
x



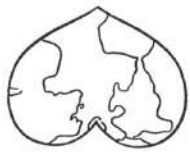
=



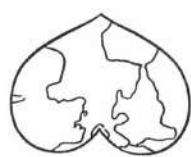
=



+



+



#1

# Puzzle #3

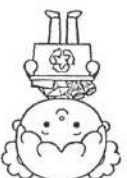
#1  $1 \text{ (beard)} + 1 \text{ (beard)} + 1 \text{ (beard)} = 46$

#2  $1 \text{ (beard)} + 1 \text{ (beard)} = 38$

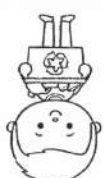
#3  $1 \text{ (beard)} - 1 \text{ (beard)} = 6$



=



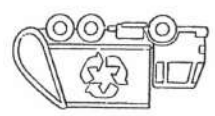
=



6

#3

-

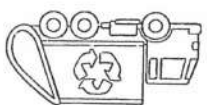


=

38

#2

+



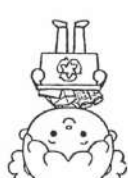
=

46

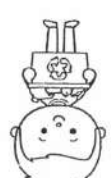
=



+





+




#1

# Puzzle #5

#1  ×  = 48




#2  +  = 14

#3  -  = 4

 =       =       =

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# Puzzle #6

#1  ×  ×  = 8

#2  +  +  = 27

#3  ×  = 10

 =       =       =

# Puzzle #8

#1  $\text{Earth} \div \text{Smiley} = 2$

#2  $\text{Earth} \div \text{Smiley} = 2$

#3  $\text{Earth} - \text{Smiley} = 30$

$44 = \text{Smiley} + \text{Smiley}$

$\text{Earth} = \text{Earth}$

# Puzzle #7

#1  $\text{Smiley} \times \text{Newspaper} = 77$

#2  $\text{Newspaper} \times \text{Smiley} = 110$

#3  $\text{Newspaper} \times \text{Smiley} + \text{Smiley} = 117$



$\text{Smiley} = \text{Smiley}$

$\text{Newspaper} = \text{Newspaper}$




$\text{Smiley} = \text{Smiley}$

# Puzzle #9

#1  ÷  = 2



#2  ×  = 18

#3  ×  = 27




 =  =  =




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# Puzzle #10

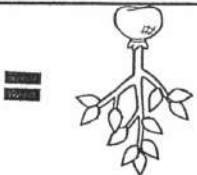
#1  ÷  + 2 = 17

#2  ×  ×  = 27

#3  -  +  = 51

 =  =  =

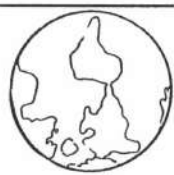
# Puzzle Recording Sheet



=

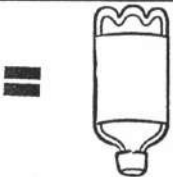


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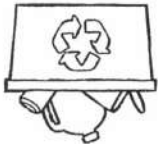


=

Puzzle #1



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=



=

Puzzle #2



=

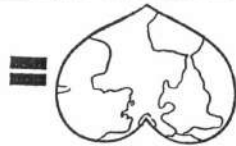


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=

Puzzle #3



=

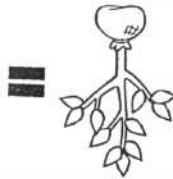


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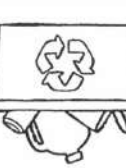


=

Puzzle #4



=



=



=

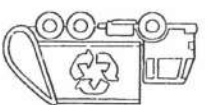
Puzzle #5



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=



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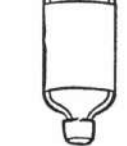
Puzzle #6



=



=



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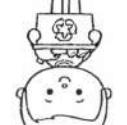
Puzzle #7



=



=



=

Puzzle #8



=



=



=

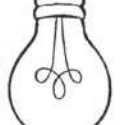
Puzzle #9



=



=



=

Puzzle #10

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# SLICING 3D FIGURES

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE 2D SHAPES THAT CAN BE FORMED BY A VERTICAL OR A HORIZONTAL SLICE AND CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER. FIND THE CORRECT BOX IN THE GRID AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND SKETCH THE IMAGE ASSIGNED TO THE SOLUTION.

**CROSS SECTIONS OF 3D FIGURES**

<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A CUBE</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A CUBE</b> 
<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A CONE</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A CONE</b> 
<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A CYLINDER</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A CYLINDER</b> 

**CROSS SECTIONS OF 3D FIGURES**

<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A RECTANGULAR PRISM</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A RECTANGULAR PRISM</b> 
<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A RECTANGULAR PRISM</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A HEMISPHERE</b> 
<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A RECTANGULAR PYRAMID</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A RECTANGULAR PYRAMID</b> 

**CROSS SECTIONS OF 3D FIGURES**

<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A SPHERE</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A SPHERE</b> 
<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A TRIANGULAR PRISM</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A TRIANGULAR PRISM</b> 
<b>VERTICAL SLICING OF A TRIANGULAR PYRAMID</b> 	<b>HORIZONTAL SLICING OF A TRIANGULAR PYRAMID</b> 

<b>B1</b> 	<b>TRIANGLE:</b> 	<b>RECTANGLE:</b> 
<b>A2</b> 	<b>TRIANGLE &amp; TRAPEZOID:</b> 	<b>TRIANGLE:</b> 
<b>B2</b> 	<b>CIRCLE &amp; RECTANGLE:</b> 	<b>TRIANGLE &amp; CIRCLE:</b> 
<b>A1</b> 	<b>TRIANGLE &amp; RECTANGLE:</b> 	<b>RECTANGLE:</b> 

	A	B
1		
2		



THIS ANIMAL IS EASY TO LOVE. IT IS A PART OF THE EARTH'S MOST ENDANGERED GROUP OF MAMMALS. THIS ANIMAL CAN BE AS SMALL AS 2.5 INCHES AND AS BIG AS 2.5 FEET. HEAD TO TOE. THE FEMALES OF THIS MAMMAL ARE MORE DOMINANT THAN THE MALES. THIS ANIMAL SINGS. THIS ANIMAL IS A...

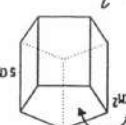
3 2 1 5 3

**VOLUME OF OTHER PRISMS**

**FORMULA FOR THE VOLUME OF A PRISM:**  
 $V = B \cdot h$   
 B = area of the base  
 h = height

**STEPS:**  
 1. Identify each of the dimensions.  
 2. Substitute the dimensions into the given formula.  
 3. Solve using order of operations.

**EXAMPLE 1:** Determine the volume of the prism.



1)  $B = 24 \text{ cm}^2$   
 $h = 5 \text{ cm}$   
 2)  $V = 24 \cdot 5$   
 3)  $V = 120 \text{ cm}^3$

**VOLUME OF A RECTANGULAR PRISM**

**FORMULA FOR THE VOLUME OF A RECTANGULAR PRISM:**  
 $V = l \cdot w \cdot h$   
 l = length  
 w = width  
 h = height

**STEPS:**  
 1. Identify each of the dimensions.  
 2. Substitute the dimensions into the given formula.  
 3. Solve using order of operations.

**EXAMPLE 1:** Determine the volume of the rectangular prism.



1) length = 2 cm  
 width = 10 cm  
 height = 6 cm  
 2)  $V = 2 \cdot 10 \cdot 6$   
 3)  $V = 120 \text{ cm}^3$

**VOLUME OF A TRIANGULAR PRISM**

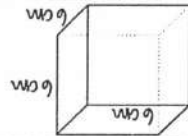
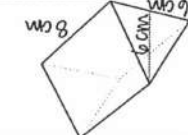
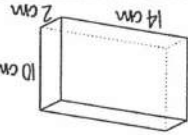
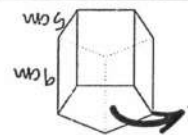
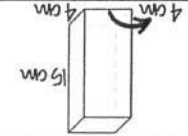
**FORMULA FOR THE VOLUME OF A TRIANGULAR PRISM:**  
 $V = B \cdot h$   
 B = area of the triangular base  
 h = height

**STEPS:**  
 1. Identify each of the dimensions. Determine the B if necessary.  
 2. Substitute the dimensions into the given formula.  
 3. Solve using order of operations.

**EXAMPLE 1:** Determine the volume of the triangular prism.



1) b of the triangle = 6 cm  
 $B = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 5 \cdot 6 = 15 \text{ cm}^2$   
 h of the prism = 4 cm  
 2)  $V = B \cdot h$   
 3)  $V = 15 \cdot 4$

5	
4	
3	
2	
1	

240 CM<sup>3</sup>      168 CM<sup>3</sup>      160 CM<sup>3</sup>      144 CM<sup>3</sup>      120 CM<sup>3</sup>      216 CM<sup>3</sup>      288 CM<sup>3</sup>      72 CM<sup>3</sup>      280 CM<sup>3</sup>      298 CM<sup>3</sup>

Blank space for writing answers and problem numbers.

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE VOLUME OF EACH PRISM ON THE LEFT AND DRAW A STRAIGHT LINE TO THE ANSWER ON THE RIGHT. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND WRITE THE LETTER THE LINE CROSSES IN THE BLANK SPACE.

**VOLUME OF PRISMS**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

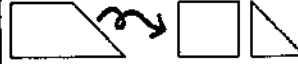
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# VOLUME OF A COMPOSITE FIGURE

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE SOLUTION FOR EACH PROBLEM AND CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND FILL IN THE BLANK WITH THE WORD(S) ASSIGNED TO THE SOLUTION.

### VOLUME OF A COMPOSITE 3D FIGURE

**WHAT IS A COMPOSITE FIGURE?**  
A composite figure is an irregular shape made up of regular shapes.




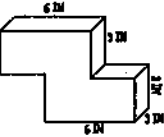
**STEPS:**

1. Identify each of the regular shapes that make up the composite figure.
2. Identify the dimensions of each regular shape.
3. Determine the volume of each regular figure.
4. Add the volumes together.


**EXAMPLE 1:** Determine the volume of the composite figure.

shape 1: rectangular prism

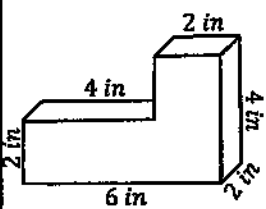
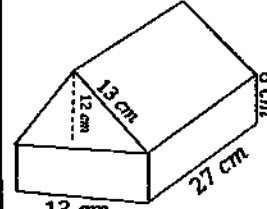
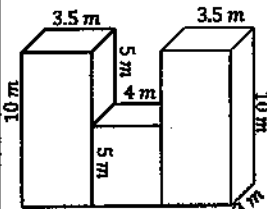
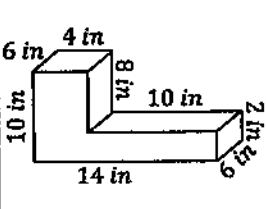
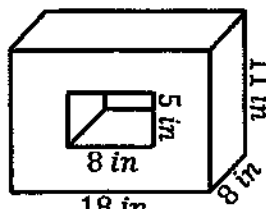




shape 2: rectangular prism



shape 1:  $V = 6 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 54 \text{ in}^3$   
 shape 2:  $V = 6 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 54 \text{ in}^3$   
 total volume =  $54 \text{ in}^3 + 54 \text{ in}^3 = 108 \text{ in}^3$

1	2	3	4	5
				
64 IN <sup>3</sup> : 48TH	4,914 CM <sup>3</sup> : THE ALOHA STATE	44 M <sup>3</sup> : FRANKFORT	240 IN <sup>3</sup> : CARDINAL	1,264 IN <sup>3</sup> : YELLOW HIBISCUS
20 IN <sup>3</sup> : 49TH	4,914 CM <sup>3</sup> : THE SUNSHINE STATE	105 M <sup>3</sup> : TOPEKA	360 IN <sup>3</sup> : NENE	1,584 IN <sup>3</sup> : APPLE BLOSSOM
32 IN <sup>3</sup> : 50TH	4,914 CM <sup>3</sup> : THE GOLDEN STATE	270 M <sup>3</sup> : HONOLULU	280 IN <sup>3</sup> : PARROT	792 IN <sup>3</sup> : GOLDENROD

➡ HAWAII IS THE \_\_\_\_\_ STATE TO ENTER THE UNITED STATES.

➡ THE STATE NICKNAME IS \_\_\_\_\_

➡ THE STATE CAPITAL IS \_\_\_\_\_

➡ THE STATE BIRD IS A \_\_\_\_\_

➡ THE STATE FLOWER IS A \_\_\_\_\_





THIS ANIMAL HAS THE LARGEST EYES OF ANY MAMMAL ON LAND. THIS ANIMALS TEETH TAKE UP MORE SPACE THAN THEIR BRAIN. THIS ANIMAL CAN SLEEP LAYING DOWN OR STANDING UP. THIS ANIMAL IS UNABLE TO VOMIT. THIS ANIMAL PRODUCES 10 GALLONS OF SALIVA A DAY. THIS ANIMAL IS A...

54, 28, 71, 63, 10, 44	5
DETERMINE THE MEDIAN OF:	
54, 28, 71, 63, 10, 44	4
DETERMINE THE MEAN OF:	
19, 22, 8, 22, 17	3
DETERMINE THE MODE OF:	
19, 22, 8, 38, 17	2
DETERMINE THE MEDIAN OF:	
19, 22, 8, 38, 17	1
DETERMINE THE MEAN OF:	

**WHAT ARE MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY?**  
 Measures of central tendency include mean, median and mode.  
 You may be asked questions about all measures of central tendency. Below is an example of a question and to the right is the example solved.

**EXAMPLE:**  
 Paul scores a 71, 92, 87, 54, and 71 on his math tests this year. If Paul scores a 94 on his 6th test, which measure of central tendency changes the most?

**SOLUTION:**

Mean based on 5 test scores:  $\frac{(71 + 92 + 87 + 54 + 71)}{5} = 77$

Median based on 5 test scores: 71

Mode based on 5 test scores: 71

Mean based on 6 test scores:  $\frac{(71 + 92 + 87 + 54 + 71 + 94)}{6} = 78.1\bar{6}$

Median based on 6 test scores: 79

Mode based on 6 test scores: 71

Paul scores a 71, 92, 87, 54, and 71 on his math tests this year. If Paul scores a 94 on his 6th test, which measure of central tendency changes the most?

THE VALUE OF THE POSITION CHANGES THE MOST.

**MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY**

19
44
17
45
8
54
26
22
49
20.8

Scrambled letters: H, W, M, W, J, C, R, J, U, V, I, O, N, A, K, Q, S, F, R, S, D, N, X, I, K, H, P, L, T, L, C, B, G, F, P, R, W, N, Z, G, Z, G, A, F, M, S, U, Y, Q, J, T, D, M, T, V

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE SOLUTION OF EACH PROBLEM ON THE LEFT AND DRAW A STRAIGHT LINE TO THE ANSWER ON THE RIGHT. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER AND THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND WRITE THE LETTER THE LINE CROSSES IN THE BLANK SPACE.

**MEASURES OF CENTRAL TENDENCY**

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

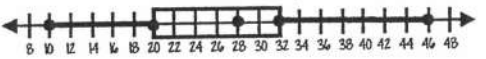
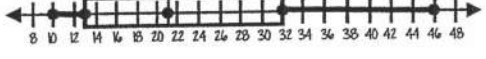
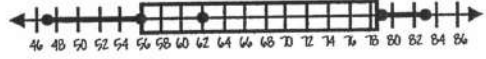
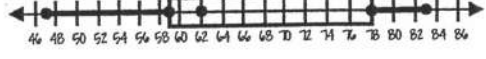
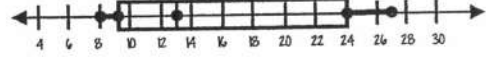
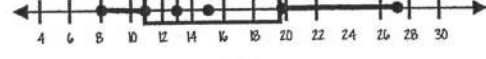
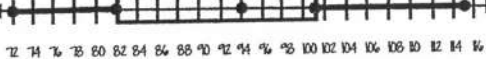
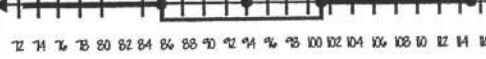
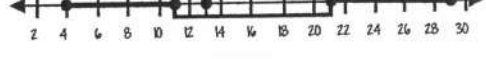
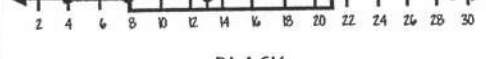
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Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# BOX AND WHISKER PLOT

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE CORRECT BOX AND WHISKER PLOT OF EACH SET OF NUMBERS AND CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER ON THE MYSTERY PICTURE AND SHADE IN THE ENCLOSED REGIONS WITH THE COLOR ASSIGNED TO YOUR ANSWER.

1	32, 46, 28, 13, 10, 19, 21	 <p>YELLOW</p>	 <p>BLACK</p>
2	56, 83, 79, 62, 47, 78, 59	 <p>RED</p>	 <p>BLACK</p>
3	13, 9, 18, 24, 27, 8, 11, 15	 <p>YELLOW</p>	 <p>RED</p>
4	82, 99, 101, 87, 72, 115, 94	 <p>RED</p>	
5	12, 18, 24, 14, 29, 6, 10, 4	 <p>YELLOW</p>	 <p>BLACK</p>

## BOX PLOTS

### WHAT ARE BOX PLOTS?

A box plot, also known as a box and whisker plot, is a number line using measures of variation to display the data distribution.

The labeled parts of a box plot include a lower and upper extreme, first and third quartiles, and a median. Outliers may also be plotted.

In a box plot, 50% of the data is plotted within the box and 25% extends out from each side.

### STEPS:

1. List the data from least to greatest.

2. Identify

- ✓ any outliers
- ✓ lower extreme (smallest number excluding outliers)
- ✓ upper extreme (greatest number excluding outliers)
- ✓ median
- ✓ first & third quartiles

3. Create a number line and plot the values found in step 2.

4. Draw a box around the area between the first and third quartiles.

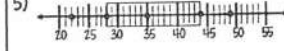
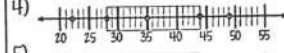
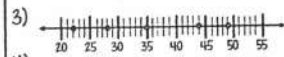
5. Draw lines extending from the box to both extremes and the median to the box.

### EXAMPLE 1: Create a box plot of the numbers:

27, 46, 36, 22, 49, 31, 35, 29, 42

1) 22, 27, 29, 31, 35, 36, 42, 46, 49

- 2) ✓ There are no outliers  
 ✓ lower extreme: 22  
 ✓ upper extreme: 49  
 ✓ median: 35  
 ✓ first quartile: 28  
 ✓ third quartile: 44



3	3	3	$\frac{5}{3}$	5	3	3	$\frac{5}{3}$	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	5	5	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	5	5	5	5	3	3	3	3
3	3	2	2	2	4	4	4	3	3	3
3	4	2	1	2	4	1	4	4	3	3
3	4	2	2	2	4	2	2	2	3	3
3	4	1	4	4	4	2	1	2	3	3
3	3	2	2	2	4	2	2	3	3	3
3	3	2	1	2	4	1	4	3	3	3
3	3	3	2	2	4	4	3	3	3	3

		2
		1
B	A	

## PROBABILITY

**EXAMPLE:** What is the probability of pulling a green marble out of a bag with 1 green, 1 yellow, 1 blue, 1 purple and 1 orange marble. There is 1 favorable outcome because there are 5 different marbles.

**WHAT IS PROBABILITY?** Probability is the likelihood or chance of an event occurring. To determine the probability of an event use the formula:

$$\frac{\text{NUMBER OF FAVORABLE OUTCOMES}}{\text{NUMBER OF POSSIBLE OUTCOMES}}$$

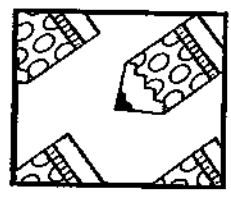
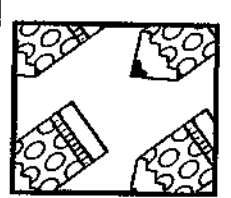
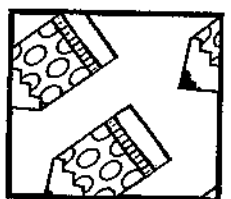

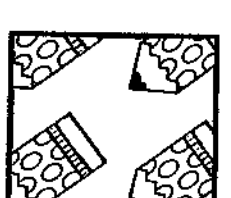
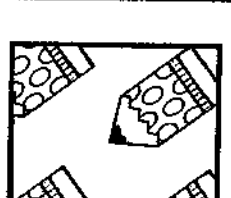
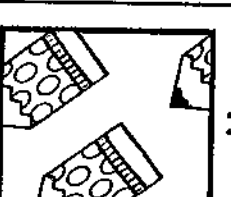
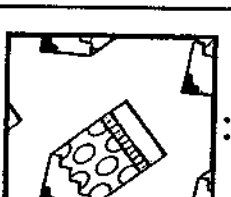
There are 5 possible outcomes because there are 5 different marbles.

$P(\text{GREEN MARBLE}) = \frac{1}{5}$

$1 \div 5 = 0.2 = 20\%$

THE CHANCE OF DRAWING A GREEN MARBLE FROM THE BAG IS 20%, WHICH IS UNLIKELY.

impossible	0%
unlikely	1-25%
equally likely	25-50%
likely	50-75%
certain	75-100%

 <p>50%:</p>	 <p>40%:</p>	<p><b>A1</b> IF BARRET WRITES THE NUMBERS 1 - 10 ON PIECES OF PAPER AND PLACES THEM IN A HAT, WHAT IS THE PROBABILITY OF BARRET CHOOSING A NUMBER LESS THAN FIVE?</p>
 <p>20%:</p>	 <p>30%:</p>	<p><b>B2</b> IF GARRET CHOOSES A MARBLE FROM A BAG THAT INCLUDES THREE GREEN, TWO PURPLE, FOUR BLUE, AND SIX YELLOW MARBLES, WHAT IS THE PROBABILITY OF HIM CHOOSING GREEN?</p>
 <p>8%:</p>	 <p>31%:</p>	<p><b>A2</b> SAM CHOOSES A CARD FROM A STANDARD DECK OF CARDS. (THIS INCLUDES ACE, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, JACK, QUEEN, AND KING IN 4 DIFFERENT SUITS. A TOTAL OF 52 CARDS) WHAT IS THE PROBABILITY OF SAM CHOOSING A JACK, QUEEN, KING OR ACE?</p>
 <p>67%:</p>	 <p>50%:</p>	<p><b>B1</b> IF SHANNA ROLLS A STANDARD SIX SIDED DICE, WHAT IS THE PROBABILITY SHE WILL ROLL A NUMBER GREATER THAN THREE?</p>

**PROBABILITY**

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE PROBABILITY FOR EACH PROBLEM AND CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER, ROUND TO THE NEAREST WHOLE PERCENT. FIND THE CORRECT BOX IN THE GRID AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND SKETCH THE IMAGE ASSIGNED TO THE SOLUTION.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# PROPORTIONS

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE VALUE OF X FOR EACH PROBLEM ON THE LEFT AND DRAW A STRAIGHT LINE TO THE ANSWER ON THE RIGHT. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND WRITE THE LETTER THE LINE CROSSES IN THE BLANK SPACE.

1	$\frac{x}{10} = \frac{12}{15}$	●
2	$\frac{2}{x} = \frac{24}{30}$	●
3	$\frac{28}{50} = \frac{7}{x}$	●
4	$\frac{x}{3.2} = \frac{5}{4}$	●
5	$\frac{8.5}{x} = \frac{15}{30}$	●

N R H F Q  
 B P D A S K V  
 D I D A S J R F  
 M Y A J R F  
 L Q T B Z G R F  
 E O L T E N H  
 C K G C E I O  
 P X R J U A W  
 M R J A S

●	2.5
●	13.5
●	17
●	2.56
●	4.25
●	8
●	3.92
●	1.6
●	4
●	12.5

THIS ANIMAL IS THE LARGEST ANIMAL ON EARTH. IT IS BELIEVED THAT SOME SPECIES CAN LIVE OVER 200 YEARS. THIS ANIMAL IS REQUIRED TO BREATHE AIR REGULARLY. THIS ANIMALS EYES ARE SMALL COMPARED TO ITS OVERALL SIZE. THIS ANIMAL COMMUNICATES TO OTHERS WITHIN ITS SPECIES THROUGH "SONG". THIS ANIMAL IS A...

4 2 1 5 3

## PROPORTIONS

### WHAT IS A PROPORTION?

A proportion is made up of two equivalent fractions combined with an equal sign.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \implies a \cdot d = b \cdot c$$

### STEPS:

1. Cross multiply.
2. Divide by the coefficient.

### EXAMPLE 1: Solve for the missing

value in  $\frac{45}{x} = \frac{15}{2}$ .

1)  $\frac{45}{x} = \frac{15}{2} \implies 45 \cdot 2 = 15x$

$90 = 15x$

2)  $90 = 15x \implies 90 \div 15 = 15x \div 15 \implies x = 6$

### EXAMPLE 2: Solve for the missing

value in  $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{x}{14}$ .

1)  $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{x}{14} \implies 7 \cdot 14 = 8x$

$28 = 8x$

2)  $28 = 8x \implies 28 \div 8 = 8x \div 8 \implies x = 3.5$

# PERCENT PROBLEMS COLOR AND SOLVE

## Instructions:

Solve each percent problem. Select the correct answer, then color the picture the indicated color.

<p>Color the 1's RED</p> <p><b>75</b></p>	<p>What is 60% of 45?</p>
<p>Color the 2's ORANGE</p> <p><b>0.4%</b></p>	<p>24 is what percent of 60?</p>
<p>Color the 3's DARK GREEN</p> <p><b>90</b></p>	<p>72 is 80% of what number?</p>
<p>Color the 4's BLUE</p> <p><b>11.25</b></p>	<p>45 is 25% of what number?</p>
<p>Color the 5's DARK GREEN</p> <p><b>18</b></p>	<p>There are 24 cookies. 75% of the cookies are chocolate chip. How many are not chocolate chip?</p>
<p>Color the 6's RED</p> <p><b>120</b></p>	<p>85% of the students in the grade take art class. There are 102 students enrolled in art. How many total students are there in the grade?</p>
<p>Color the 7's BLACK</p> <p><b>45%</b></p>	<p>18 out of the 40 students who tried out for the basketball team made it. What percent made the team?</p>
<p>Color the 8's GRAY</p> <p><b>16</b></p>	<p>Chris got an 80% on his history quiz. If he got 20 questions correct, how many questions were there in all?</p>
<p>Color the 1's ORANGE</p> <p><b>27</b></p>	
<p>Color the 2's YELLOW</p> <p><b>40%</b></p>	
<p>Color the 3's LIGHT GREEN</p> <p><b>57.6</b></p>	
<p>Color the 4's PURPLE</p> <p><b>180</b></p>	
<p>Color the 5's LIGHT GREEN</p> <p><b>6</b></p>	
<p>Color the 6's LIGHT BLUE</p> <p><b>87</b></p>	
<p>Color the 7's PINK</p> <p><b>55%</b></p>	
<p>Color the 8's LIGHT BLUE</p> <p><b>25</b></p>	

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# St. Patrick's Day

*Color and Solve*





3 5 1 2 4

THERE ARE 30 KNOWN SPECIES OF THIS ANIMAL. THIS ANIMAL IS SMALL, WITH ROUNDED EARS AND A LONG TAIL. THIS ANIMAL HAS POOR EYE SIGHT, AND RELIES HEAVILY ON HEARING AND SMELL. THE AVERAGE GESTATION PERIOD OF THIS ANIMAL IS 20 DAYS AND IT IS BORN BLIND. THIS ANIMAL LIVE ON AVERAGE 1-3 YEARS DEPENDING ON ITS SURROUNDING. THIS ANIMAL IS A...

# PERCENT OF A NUMBER

## METHOD 1 STEPS:

1. Drop the percent sign and place it over 100. Simplify if necessary.
2. Write the whole number as a fraction (the value of 1).
3. Multiply the two fractions.

## METHOD 2 STEPS:

1. Write the percent as a decimal.
2. Multiply

**METHOD 2:** What is 20% of 450.  
 (1) 20% → 0.20  
 (2)  $0.20 \cdot 450 = 90$

**METHOD 1:** What is 6% of 300.  
 (1) 6% →  $\frac{6}{100}$  →  $\frac{6 \div 2}{100 \div 2}$  →  $\frac{3}{50}$   
 (2) 300 →  $\frac{1}{300}$   
 (3)  $\frac{3}{50} \cdot \frac{1}{300} = \frac{1}{500}$  →  $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{18}$

5	9% OF 7.5
4	245% OF 22
3	76% OF 54
2	130% OF 7
1	12% OF 95

A Jumbled set of letters: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

●	41.04
●	83.3
●	5.38
●	11.4
●	0.675
●	71.05
●	8.98
●	91
●	79.16
●	53.9

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE PERCENT OF EACH NUMBER ON THE LEFT AND DRAW A STRAIGHT LINE TO THE ANSWER ON THE RIGHT. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND WRITE THE LETTER THE LINE CROSSES IN THE BLANK SPACE.

# PERCENT OF A NUMBER

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# PERCENT CHANGE

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE PERCENT OF CHANGE FOR EACH PROBLEM AND CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER. ROUND TO THE HUNDREDTHS PLACE WHEN NECESSARY. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER ON THE MYSTERY PICTURE AND SHADE IN THE ENCLOSED REGIONS WITH THE COLOR ASSIGNED TO YOUR ANSWER.

1	GARY WENT FROM 2 A'S TO 5 A'S. WHAT IS THE PERCENT CHANGE?	250% INCREASE: YELLOW	150% INCREASE: RED	300% INCREASE: ORANGE
2	LYN WENT FROM \$25 TO \$28. WHAT IS THE PERCENT CHANGE?	88% INCREASE: RED	12% INCREASE: ORANGE	30% INCREASE: LIGHT BLUE
3	CONNER HAD 32 BASEBALL CARDS IN MAY AND 75 BASEBALLS CARDS IN JULY.	134.38% INCREASE: BLACK	234.38% INCREASE: RED	430% INCREASE: YELLOW
4	WHITNEY ORIGINALLY HAD 10.1 OZ. OF BEVERAGE. AFTER DRINKING A LITTLE WATER, SHE HAD 9.2 OZ.	89% DECREASE: LIGHT BLUE	9.78% DECREASE: RED	8.91% DECREASE: YELLOW
5	THERE WERE ORIGINALLY 15 SLICES OF CAKE AT THE PARTY. NOW THERE ARE 9 SLICES.	40% DECREASE: LIGHT BLUE	60% DECREASE: ORANGE	40% INCREASE: BLACK

## PERCENT OF CHANGE: INCREASE

### WHAT IS A PERCENT CHANGE?

When an original value changes over time there is a percent change.

**INCREASE** → when the new value is greater

**DECREASE** → when the original value is greater

### STEPS:

1. Identify the original value and the new value.
2. Find the change in the two values.
3. Use the formula:  $\frac{\text{change}}{\text{original}}$  (divide)
4. Multiply by 100 to turn into a percent. (Round if necessary.)

**EXAMPLE 1:** In 2000 the population of Denver, Colorado was 553,594. In 2010 the population was 600,158. What is the percent increase of the population?

- 1) original value: 553,594  
new value: 600,158
- 2)  $553,594 - 600,158 = 46,564$
- 3)  $\frac{46,564}{553,594} = 0.0841218$
- 4)  $0.0841218 \cdot 100 = 8.41\%$

There is an 8.41% increase in population.

## PERCENT OF CHANGE: DECREASE

### WHAT IS A PERCENT CHANGE?

When an original value changes over time there is a percent change.

**INCREASE** → when the new value is greater

**DECREASE** → when the original value is greater

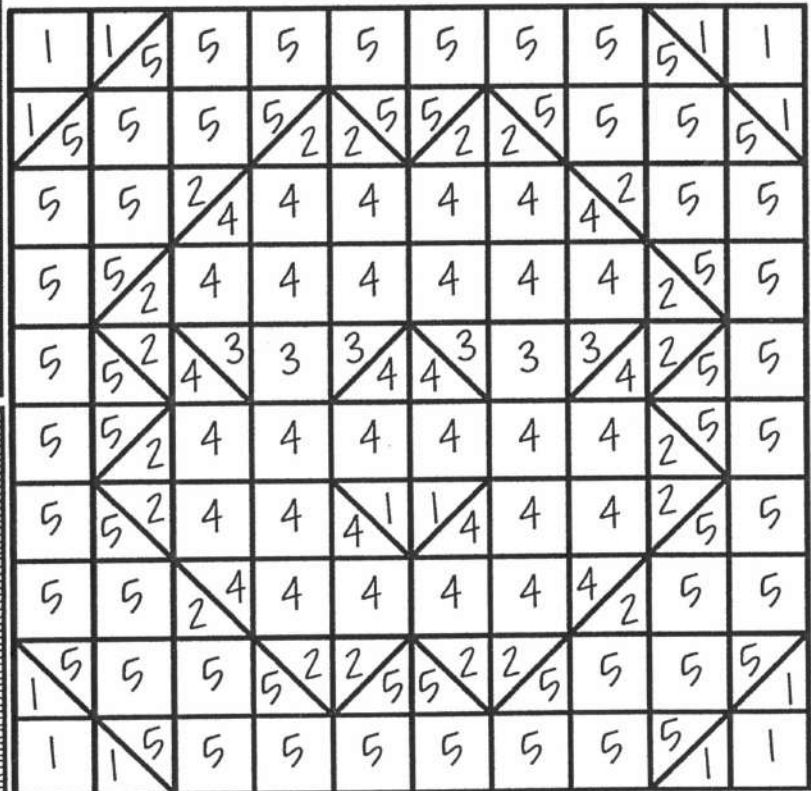
### STEPS:

1. Identify the original value and the new value.
2. Find the change in the two values.
3. Use the formula:  $\frac{\text{change}}{\text{original}}$  (divide)
4. Multiply by 100 to turn into a percent. (Round if necessary.)

**EXAMPLE 1:** In 2000 the population of Ferriday, Louisiana was 3,713. In 2010 the population was 3,517. What is the percent decrease of the population?

- 1) original value: 3,713  
new value: 3,517
- 2)  $3,713 - 3,517 = 196$
- 3)  $\frac{196}{3,713} = 0.0527875$
- 4)  $0.0527875 \cdot 100 = 5.28\%$

There is a 5.28% decrease in population.



# Percent, Fraction & Decimal Maze

**Start**  
What is 50% as a decimal?

0.5

What is 0.25 as a percent?

25%

What is  $\frac{1}{4}$  as a decimal?

0.25

What is 0.35 as a percent?

4

0.05

2.5%

$\frac{1}{4}$

0.14

35%

3.5%

What is 0.4 as a fraction?

80%

What is  $\frac{12}{15}$  as a percent?

$\frac{13}{20}$

What is 65% as a fraction?

$\frac{57}{100}$

What is 57% as a fraction?

$\frac{2}{5}$

$\frac{4}{100}$

12%

0.65

$\frac{6}{5}$

7.9

$\frac{5}{7}$

What is 7% as a decimal?

0.07

What is 0.94 as a percent?

0.94%

What is  $\frac{18}{20}$  as a percent?

90%

What is 79% as a decimal?

0.7

94%

9.4%

$\frac{3}{10}$

$\frac{23}{50}$

18%

0.79

What is  $\frac{5}{8}$  as a percent?

62.5%

What is 0.03 as a fraction?

$\frac{3}{100}$

What is 46% as a fraction?

$\frac{46}{100}$

**Finish**

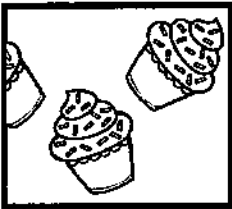
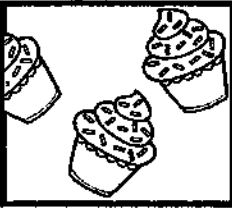
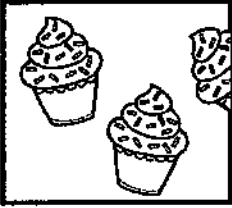
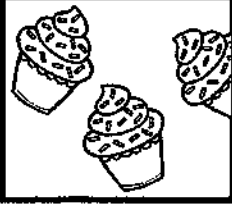
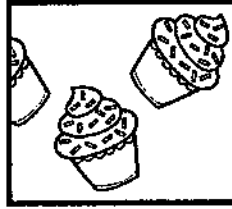
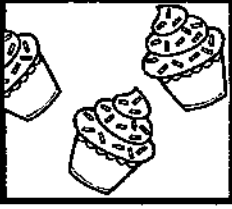
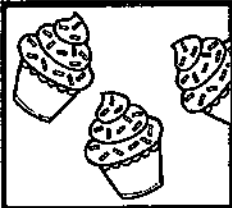



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# TAX, TIP, AND MARKUP

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE PRICE AFTER A TAX OR TIP AND CIRCLE YOUR ANSWER. ROUND TO THE NEAREST CENT WHEN NECESSARY. FIND THE CORRECT BOX IN THE GRID AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND SKETCH THE IMAGE ASSIGNED TO THE SOLUTION.

<p><b>B1</b></p> <p>\$24.98 WITH AN 18% TIP</p>	<p>\$26.78:</p> 	<p>\$29.48:</p> 
<p><b>A2</b></p> <p>\$13.45 WITH A 9.5% TAX</p>	<p>\$14.40:</p> 	<p>\$14.73:</p> 
<p><b>B2</b></p> <p>\$10.98 WITH A 10% TAX AND 20% TIP</p>	<p>\$14.50:</p> 	<p>\$14.27:</p> 
<p><b>A1</b></p> <p>\$137.62 WITH A 9% TAX AND 19% TIP</p>	<p>\$176.15:</p> 	<p>\$178.51:</p> 

	A	B
1		
2		

## TAX, TIP AND MARKUP

**WHAT IS A TAX, TIP, OR MARKUP?**

Taxes, tips and mark-ups are additional amounts added to an original price.

- When purchasing an item you typically pay a tax.
- When out to dinner you typically pay a tip to the waiter or waitress.
- When a business purchases items to be sold they typically mark up the price.

**STEPS:**

1. Identify the important parts.
2. Set up a percent proportion or percent equation.
3. Solve for the missing variable.

**EXAMPLE 1:** Bill and his family went out to dinner to celebrate his birthday. The bill was \$156.40. If Bill plans to add an 18% tip, how much will the tip be?

1) The bill was \$156.40. If Bill plans to add an 18% tip, how much will the tip be?

part: missing (x)  
 whole: 156.45  
 percent: 18%  $\longrightarrow$  0.18

2)  $x = 0.18 \cdot 156.45$

3)  $x = \$28.152 \longrightarrow \$28.15$



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# COMMISSION

DIRECTIONS: DETERMINE THE COMMISSION FOR EACH PROBLEM ON THE LEFT AND DRAW A STRAIGHT LINE TO THE ANSWER ON THE RIGHT. FIND THE PROBLEM NUMBER AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE AND WRITE THE LETTER THE LINE CROSSES IN THE BLANK SPACE.

1	3% COMMISSION FOR \$1,200 IN SALES.
2	4.5% COMMISSION ON \$2,700 IN SALES.
3	2.5% COMMISSION ON \$1,800 IN SALES.
4	5% COMMISSION ON \$5,800 IN SALES.
5	3.8% COMMISSION ON \$7,000 SALES.

A X W  
J L W O M S I  
U E D C H Z  
X M K F G U  
B C P O A Y Q R K  
F G T B Y H  
L Z D I J N P  
E N S V T

●	\$290
●	\$40
●	\$600
●	\$121.50
●	\$72
●	\$266
●	\$116
●	\$45
●	\$184.21
●	\$36

THIS ANIMAL SOMETIMES HAS HORNS. THIS ANIMAL RANGES IN A VARIETY OF COLORS. THE LIFE EXPECTANCY FOR THIS ANIMAL RANGES FROM 10 TO 12 YEARS. THIS ANIMAL HAS GOOD HEARING BUT POOR DEPTH PERCEPTION. THIS ANIMAL TENDS TO TRAVEL IN GROUPS. THIS ANIMALS SCARES EASILY, AND WILL QUICKLY FLEE. THIS ANIMAL IS A...

-----  
4    2    1    5    3

## COMMISSION

**WHAT IS A COMMISSION?**  
In some businesses workers will get paid a percent of their sales. This percentage is called a commission.  
For example, a car salesman will make more money the more cars he sells. He makes a commission (a percent of) from each car sold.

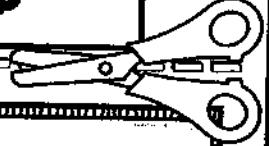
**STEPS:**  
1. Identify the important parts.  
2. Set up a percent proportion or percent equation.  
3. Solve for the missing variable.

**EXAMPLE 1:** Logan earns a 4% commission on every television he sells. If in the month of June Logan sells \$2,750 worth of televisions, how much will he make in commission?

1) percent 4%  $\rightarrow$  0.04  
total sales: \$2,750  
part: missing value (x)

2)  $x = 2,750 \cdot 0.04$   
3)  $x = \$110$   
Logan will earn \$110 in commission.

\$24.12	\$18.24	\$8.09
\$47	\$31.25	\$6.49



### SALE PRICE

**WHAT IS A SALE PRICE?**  
 A sale price is the price of an item after a discount or mark-down has been subtracted from the original cost.

• When an item is on sale, the sale price is the price the customer pays after the discount is applied.

• When using a coupon in a store, you are applying a discount to an item. Discounts are mark-downs are amounts deducted from an original price.

**MARKDOWN**  
 Mark-downs are amounts deducted from an original price.

• When using a coupon in a store, you are applying a discount to an item. When an item is marked down that means it is listed at a lower price.

**STEPS:**  
 1. Identify the important parts.  
 2. Set up a percent proportion or percent equation.  
 3. Solve for the missing variable.

**EXAMPLE 1:** Corey wants to purchase a sofa that is marked 15% off. How much will Corey pay for the sofa before taxes are applied.

(1) Corey wants to purchase a sofa originally priced at \$699. How much will Corey pay for the sofa before taxes are applied.

(2)  $x = 699 \cdot 0.15$   
 whole: \$699  
 part: missing value (x)  
 percent: 15%  $\rightarrow$  0.15

(3)  $x = 104.85$

(4)  $\$699 - \$104.85 = \$594.15$

4. Subtract from the original value.

3. Solve for the missing variable.

2. Set up a percent proportion or percent equation.

1. Identify the important parts.

### DISCOUNT AND MARKDOWN

**WHAT IS A DISCOUNT OR MARKDOWN?**  
 Mark-downs are amounts deducted from an original price.

• When using a coupon in a store, you are applying a discount to an item. When an item is marked down that means it is listed at a lower price.

**STEPS:**  
 1. Identify the important parts.  
 2. Set up a percent proportion or percent equation.  
 3. Solve for the missing variable.

**EXAMPLE 1:** Janete makes a sweater, originally priced at \$48, is on sale for 20% off. How much will Janete save on the sweater?

(1) Janete makes a sweater, originally priced at \$48, is on sale for 20% off. How much will Janete save on the sweater?

(2)  $x = 48 \cdot 0.2$   
 whole: \$48  
 part: missing value (x)  
 percent: 20%  $\rightarrow$  0.2

(3)  $x = \$9.60$   
 Janete will save \$9.60 on the sweater.

glue here

**\$7.64 WITH 15% OFF**

glue here

**\$17.50 WITH 60% OFF**

glue here

**\$24.32 WITH 25% OFF**

glue here

**\$8.99 WITH 10% OFF**

DIRECTIONS: CUT OUT THE PIECES AT THE BOTTOM OF THE PAGE. FOR EACH PROBLEM, DETERMINE THE PRICE AFTER A DISCOUNT AND GLUE THE CORRECT ANSWER NEXT TO THE PROBLEM IT MATCHES WITH. ROUND TO THE NEAREST CENT WHEN NECESSARY. TWO PIECES WON'T BE USED.

## DISCOUNT AND MARKDOWN

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Percent Problems Card Sort

Read each story. Select a card to represent the final price of the item in each story. Select two cards showing different equations that can be used to calculate the final price. In each equation,  $F$  is the final price and  $C$  is the original cost.

A. A backpack has an original cost of \$50. You have a coupon for 20% off.

(Equation)	(Simplified Equation)	(Final Price)
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B. A pillow has an original cost of \$20. The price will be marked up 50% to have your initial added.

(Equation)	(Simplified Equation)	(Final Price)
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C. A box of donuts has an original cost of \$10. It will be discounted 50% if it does not sell in a day.

(Equation)	(Simplified Equation)	(Final Price)
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D. A box of cupcakes has an original cost of \$30. An additional 30% fee is charged for delivery.

(Equation)	(Simplified Equation)	(Final Price)
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E. A pair of shoes has an original cost of \$100. They become popular, they are marked up 25%

(Equation)	(Simplified Equation)	(Final Price)
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F. A haircut costs \$30. You want to leave a 20% tip.

(Equation)	(Simplified Equation)	(Final Price)
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G. A rental car costs \$100 for one day. You have a coupon for 25% off.

(Equation)	(Simplified Equation)	(Final Price)
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## Percent Problems Card Sort

Read each story. Select a card to represent the final price of the item in each story. Select two cards showing different equations that can be used to calculate the final price. In each equation,  $P$  is the final price and  $C$  is the original cost. If no card is correct, fill in your own answer.

A. A blanket has an original cost of \$50. You have a coupon for 20% off.

\$40	$C - 0.20C = P$	$0.80C = P$
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B. A pillow has an original cost of \$20. The price will be marked up 50% to have your initial added.

\$30	$C + 0.50C = P$	$1.50C = P$
------	-----------------	-------------

C. A box of donuts has an original cost of \$10. It will be discounted 50% if it does not sell in a day.

\$5	$C - 0.50C = P$	$0.50C = P$
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D. A box of cupcakes has an original cost of \$30. An additional 30% fee is charged for delivery.

\$39	$C + 0.30C = P$	$1.30C = P$
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E. A suit has an original cost of \$100. You have to pay a 25% markup to have it tailored.

\$125	$C + 0.25C = P$	$1.25C = P$
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F. A haircut costs \$30. You want to leave a 20% tip.

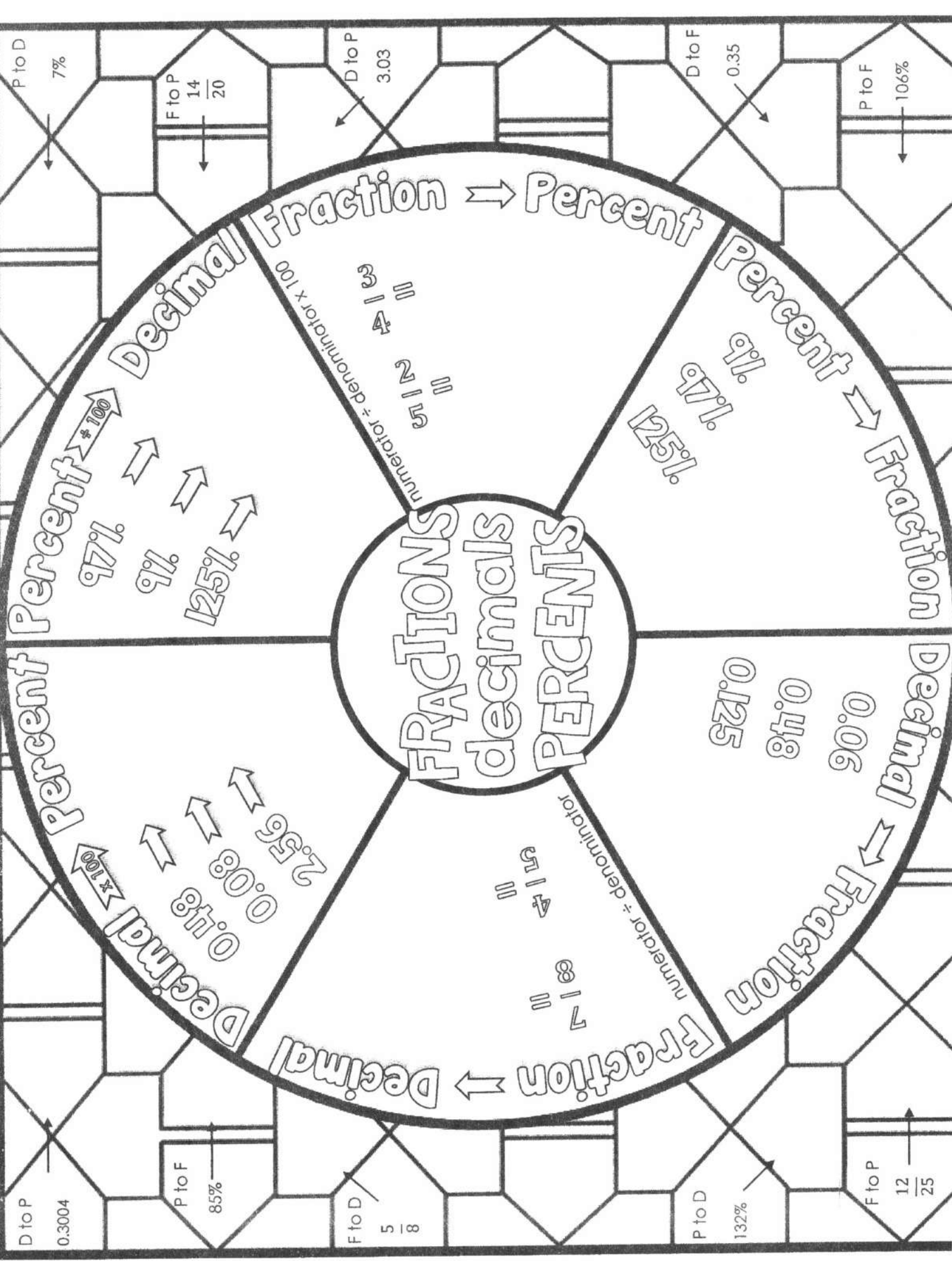
\$36	$C + 0.20C = P$	$1.20C = P$
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G. A game of bowling costs \$10. You get a 5% student discount.

\$9.50	$C - 0.05C = P$	$0.95C = P$
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H. A rental car costs \$100 for one day. You have a coupon for 25% off.

\$75	$C - 0.25C = P$	$0.75C = P$
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# FRACTIONS decimals PERCENTS

**Fraction → Decimal**

numerator ÷ denominator

$\frac{7}{8} = 7 \div 8 = 0.875$

$\frac{4}{5} = 4 \div 5 = 0.8$

put digits over last place value (10<sup>th</sup>, 100<sup>th</sup>, etc.); simplify

$\frac{1}{1000} = \frac{8}{8000}$

$\frac{21}{100} = \frac{12}{84}$

$\frac{50}{125} = \frac{2}{5}$

$\frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$

**Decimal → Percent**

$0.48 \rightarrow 48\%$

$0.08 \rightarrow 8\%$

$2.56 \rightarrow 256\%$

$\times 100$

**Percent → Decimal**

$97\% \rightarrow 0.97$

$9\% \rightarrow 0.09$

$125\% \rightarrow 1.25$

$\div 100$

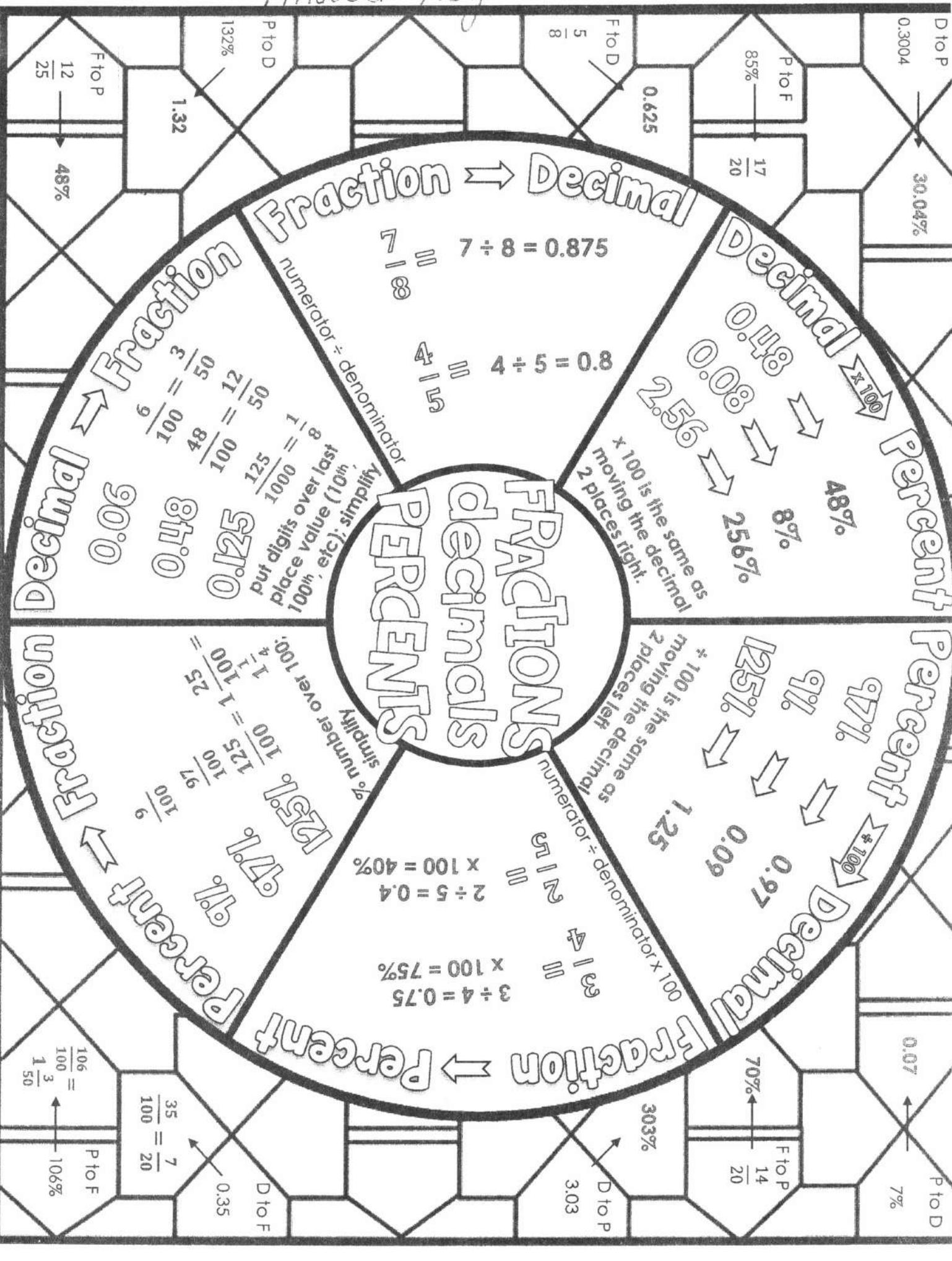
moving the decimal 2 places left

**Fraction → Percent**

$3 \div 4 = 0.75$   
 $\times 100 = 75\%$

$2 \div 5 = 0.4$   
 $\times 100 = 40\%$

$\% \text{ number over } 100;$   
 $\frac{125}{100} = 1 \frac{1}{4}$   
 $\frac{125}{100} = 1 \frac{1}{4}$   
 $\frac{100}{97} = \frac{100}{97}$



D to P

0.3004

30.04%

P to D

7%

P to D

0.07

70%

F to P

$\frac{14}{20}$

303%

D to P

3.03

D to P

303%

F to P

$\frac{14}{20}$

70%

P to F

$\frac{106}{100} = 1 \frac{1}{50}$

106%

P to F

$\frac{35}{100} = \frac{7}{20}$

0.35

D to F

F to P

$\frac{12}{25}$

48%

P to F

1.32

P to D

132%

F to D

$\frac{5}{8}$

0.625

F to D

0.625

P to F

85%

$\frac{17}{20}$

P to F

0.3004

D to P

0.3004

P to P

0.3004

D to P

0.3004

P to P

0.3004