

Solve the problem.

1) A wild animal preserve has a rate of growth of

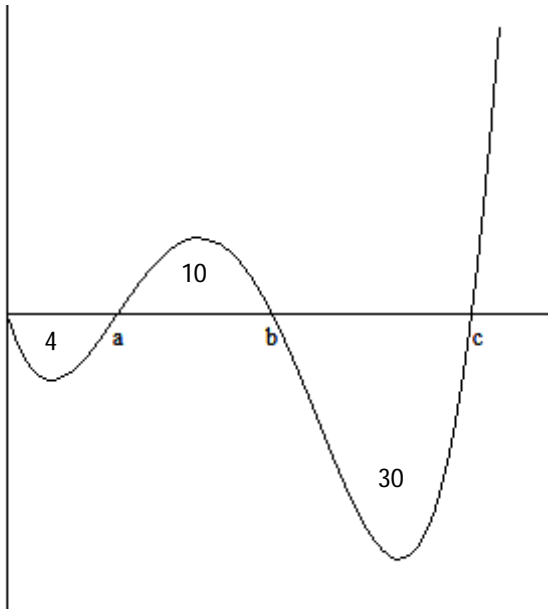
$$\frac{dP}{dt} = 0.0005P(190 - P)$$

where  $t$  is time in years.

a) Find  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} P(t) =$

b) Determine the population when  $P(t)$  is growing the fastest.

2) A particle moves along the  $x$ -axis (units in cm). Its initial position at  $t = 0$  sec is  $x(0) = 10$ . The figure shows the graph of the particle's velocity  $v(t)$ . The numbers are the areas of the enclosed regions.



a) What is the particle's displacement between  $t = 0$  and  $t = c$ ?

b) What is the particle's total distance traveled between  $t = 0$  and  $t = c$ ?

c) Give the positions of the particle at times  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ .

d) At which coordinate(s):  $a, b$ , or  $c$ , does the particle have a negative acceleration?

The function  $v(t)$  is the velocity in m/sec of a particle moving along the x-axis. Find the total distance traveled by the particle. *Show all your work* in finding the total distance traveled

3)  $v(t) = 58.8 - 9.8t, 0 \leq t \leq 24$

Solve the problem.

4) The velocity in m/sec of a particle moving along the x-axis is given by the function

$v(t) = \sqrt{t}, 0 \leq t \leq 9$ . Find the particle's position at time  $t = 4$  assuming the particle starting position is  $s(0) = 5$ .  
*Show all your work* in finding the solution.

5) The rate at which your home consumes electricity is measured in kilowatts. If your home consumes electricity at the rate of 1 kilowatt for 1 hour, you will be charged for 1 "kilowatt-hour" of electricity. Suppose that the average consumption rate for a certain home is modeled by the function  $C(t) = 4.1 - 2.5\sin(\pi t/12)$ , where  $C(t)$  is measured in kilowatts and  $t$  is the number of hours past midnight. Find the average daily consumption for this home, measured in kilowatt-hours. Set up your integral and use your calculator to find the answer.