### Eureka Math

4th Grade Module 4 Lesson 12

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Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.

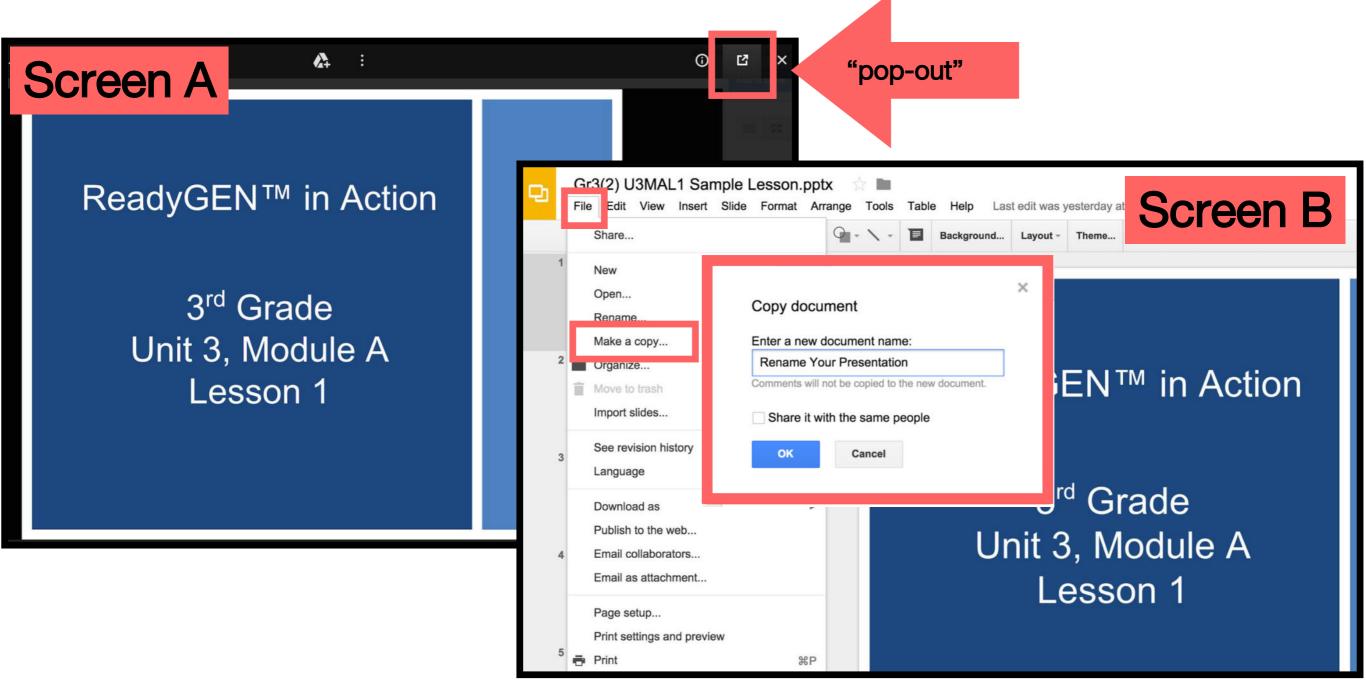


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#### **Customize this Slideshow**

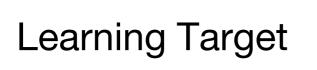
#### Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- ➤ When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- ➤ Click on the "pop-out" button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- $\succ$  The view now looks like Screen B.
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- ➤ Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- ➤ Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.
- ➤ It is now editable & housed in MY DRIVE.



#### Icons





Read, Draw, Write



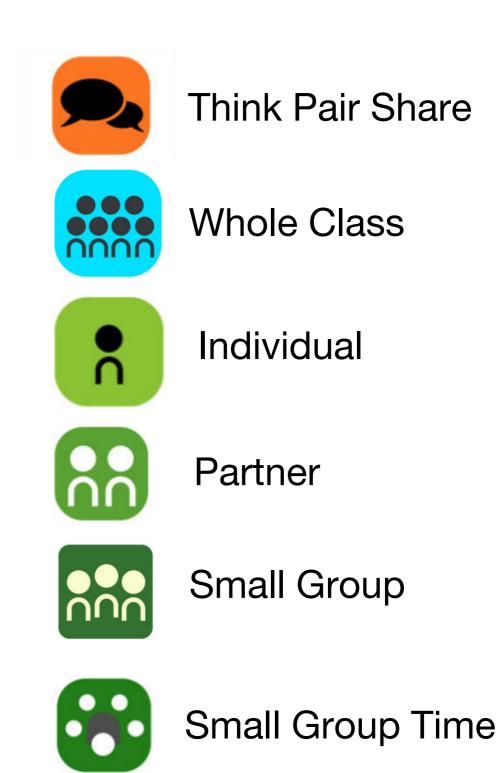








Manipulatives Needed







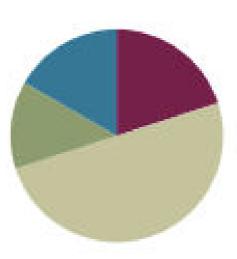
#### Lesson 12

Objective: Reason using benchmarks to compare two fractions on the number line.

#### **Suggested Lesson Structure**

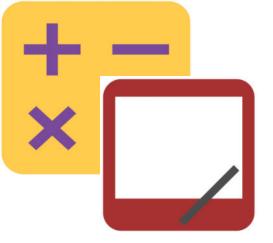
Fluency Practice
 Application Problem
 Concept Development
 Student Debrief
 Total Time

(12 minutes)
(8 minutes)
(30 minutes)
(10 minutes)
(60 minutes)





#### Objective: Reason using benchmarks to compare two fractions on the number line.

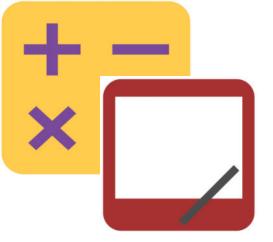


# Add and Subtract 547 thousands 686 ones

# On your personal white board, write this number in standard form.

#### 294 thousands 453 ones

Add this number to 547,686 using the standard algorithm. Continue the process with 645,838 + 284,567.



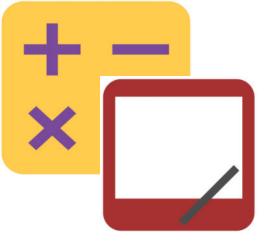
# Add and Subtract

#### 800 thousands

On your personal white board, write this number in standard form.

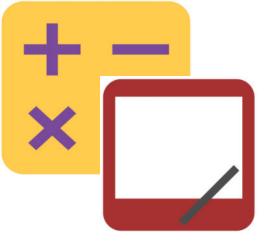
#### 648 thousands 745 ones

Subtract this number from 800,000 using the standard algorithm. Continue the process with 754,912 – 154,189.



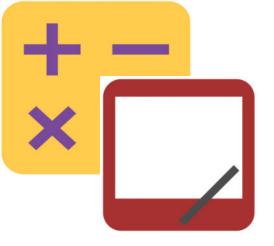
## Find Equivalent Fractions $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{\div}{\div} = \frac{-}{4}$

Say the fraction.



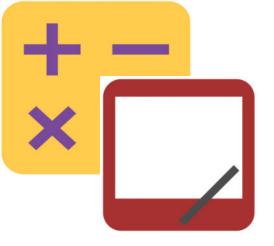
## Find Equivalent Fractions $\frac{4}{6} = \frac{+}{+} = \frac{-}{3}$

Say the fraction.



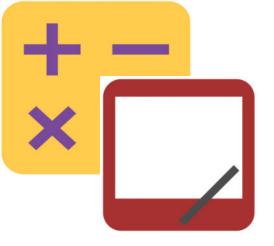
## Find Equivalent Fractions $\frac{4}{10} \div \frac{1}{5}$

Say the fraction.



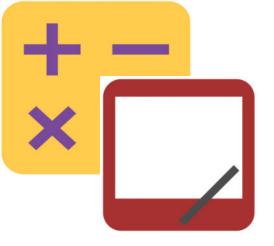
## Find Equivalent Fractions $\frac{8}{10} \div \frac{1}{5}$

Say the fraction.



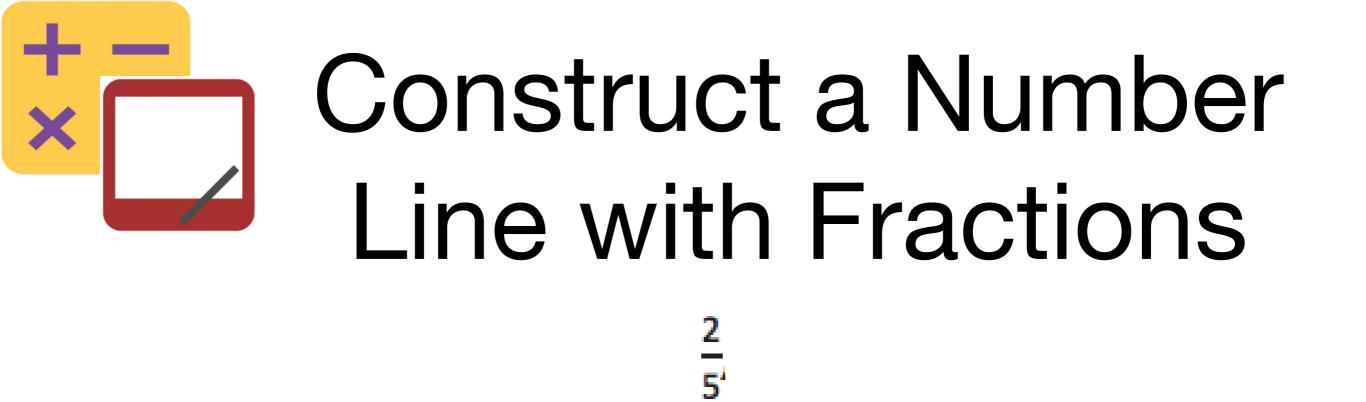
## Find Equivalent Fractions $\frac{8}{12} \div \frac{1}{3}$

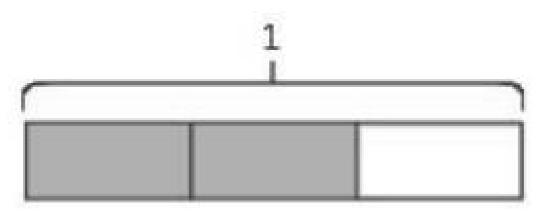
Say the fraction.



## Find Equivalent Fractions $\frac{9}{12} \div \frac{1}{4}$

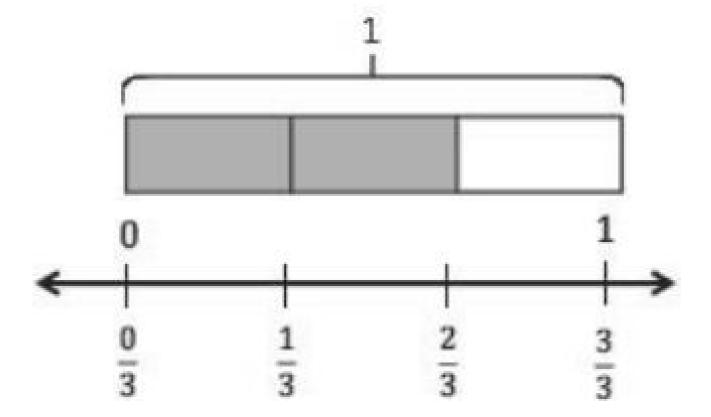
Say the fraction.

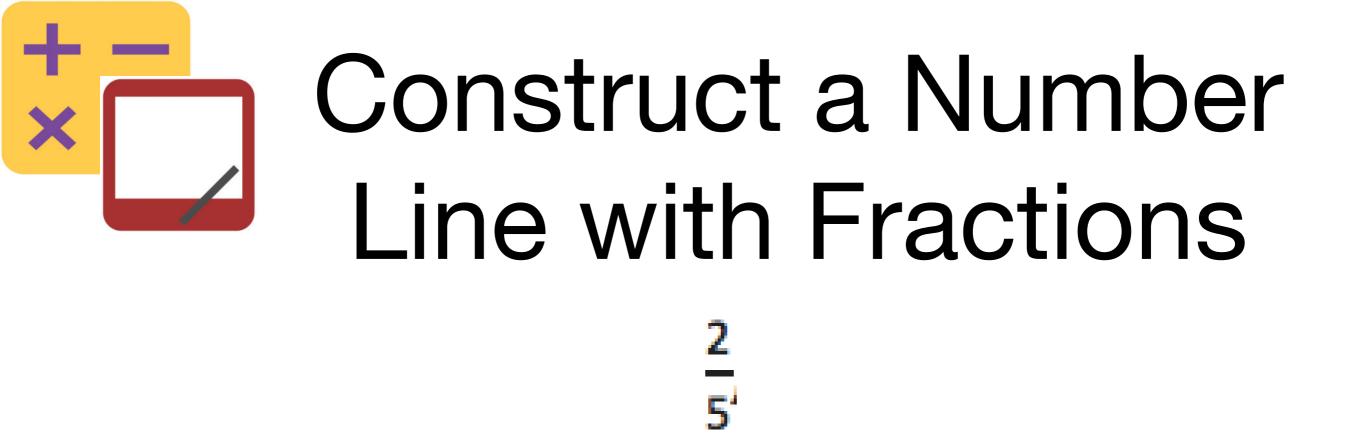


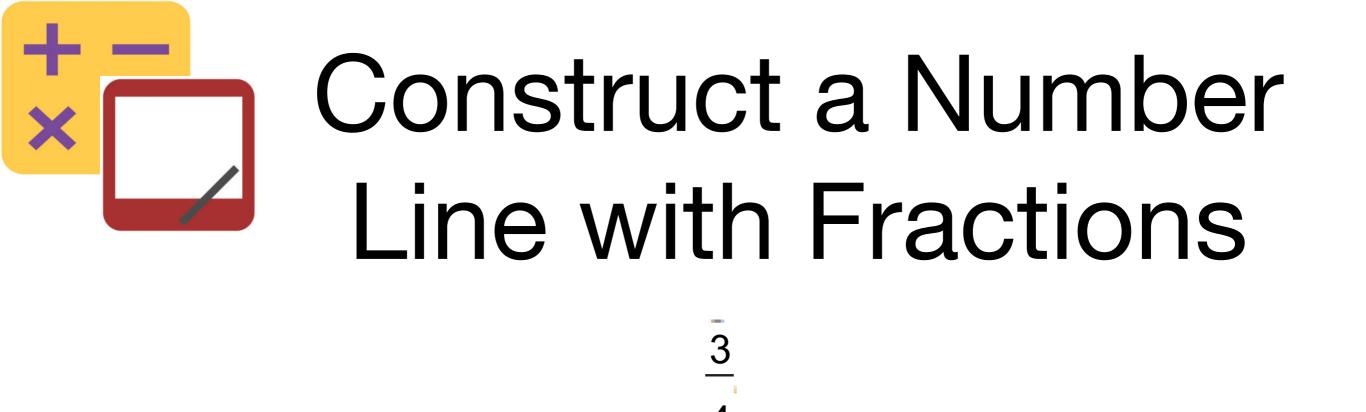


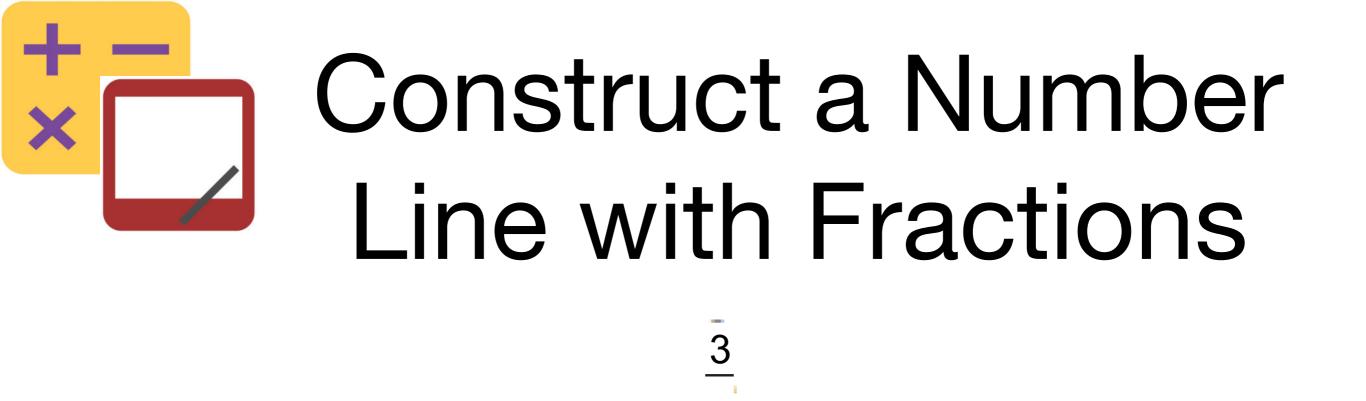
# Construct a Number Line with Fractions

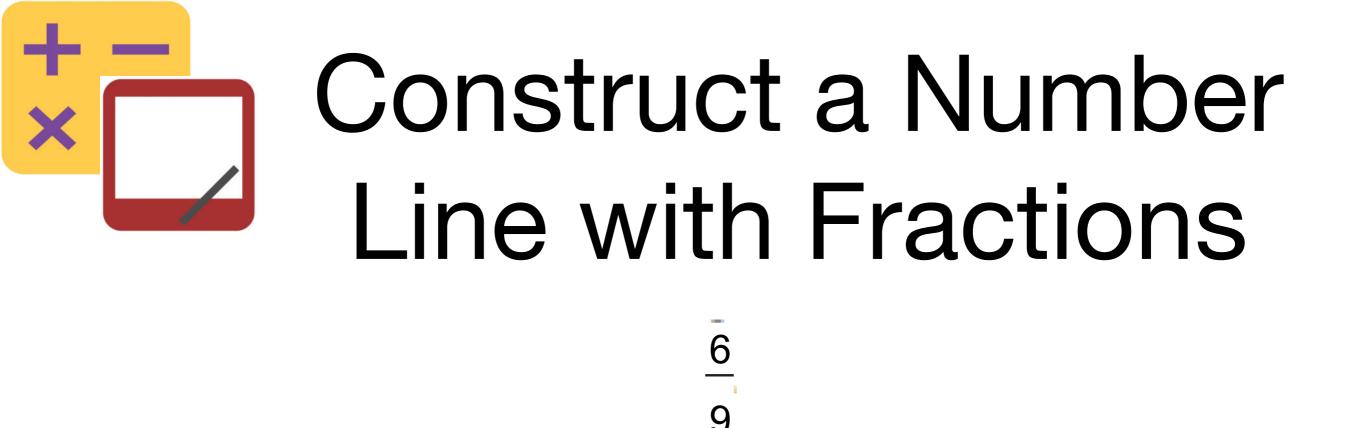
Beneath your tape diagram, draw a number line. Then, label each fraction on the number line.













# **Application Problem**

Plot  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{4}{5}$ , and  $\frac{5}{8}$  on a number line, and compare the three points.

## Concept Development

#### **Materials**



# Personal white board, number line (Template)

How many sixths equal 1 whole? Say the unit.

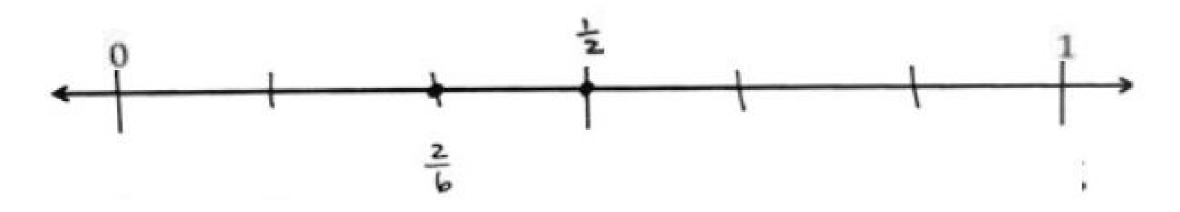
How many sixths equal 1 half?

Is 2/6 greater than or less than 3/6?

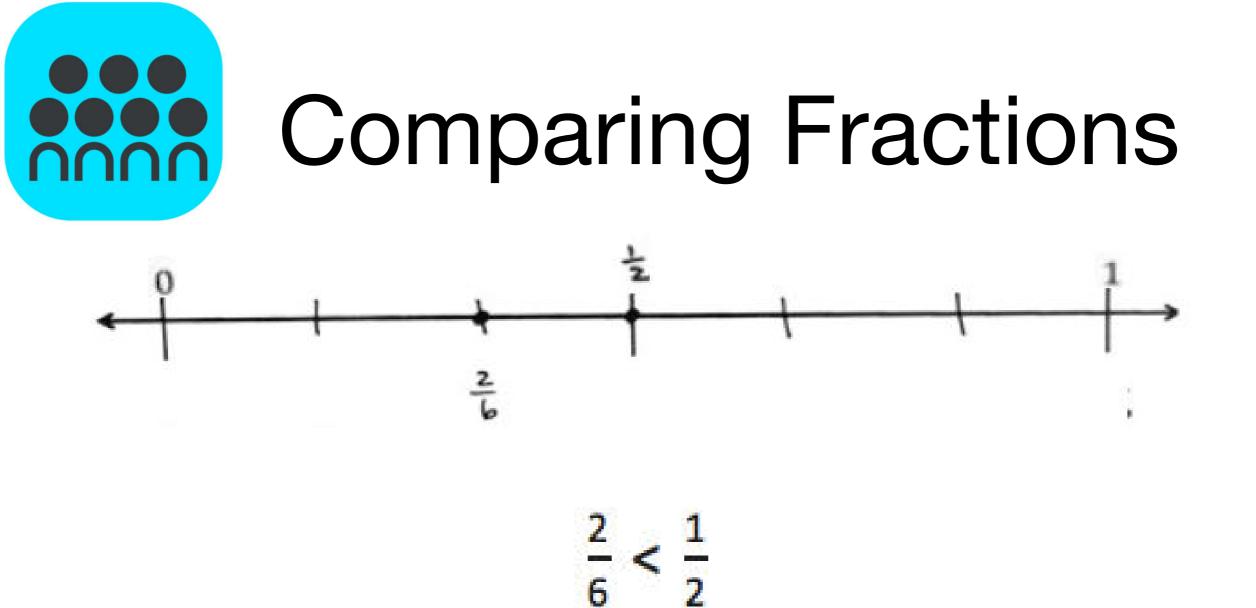
Is 2/6 less than 1/2 or greater than 1/2 ?

Partition the number line on the number line template to show sixths.

Label 2 sixths.



Write a number sentence comparing 2 sixths and 1 half.



How many eights equal 1 whole? Say the unit.

How many eights equal 1 half?

Is 5/8 greater than or less than 4/8?

Is 5/8 less than 1/2 or greater than 1/2 ?

Partition the number line on the number line template to show eighths.

Label 5 eighths.

Write a number sentence comparing 5 eighths and 1 half.

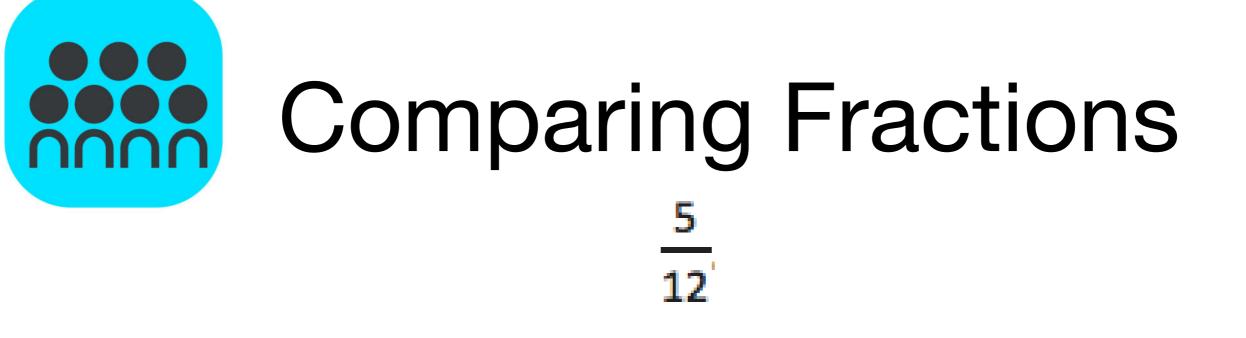
# Example 2/3 creater than 1/2 or

Talk to your partner. Is 2/3 greater than 1/2 or less than 1/2?

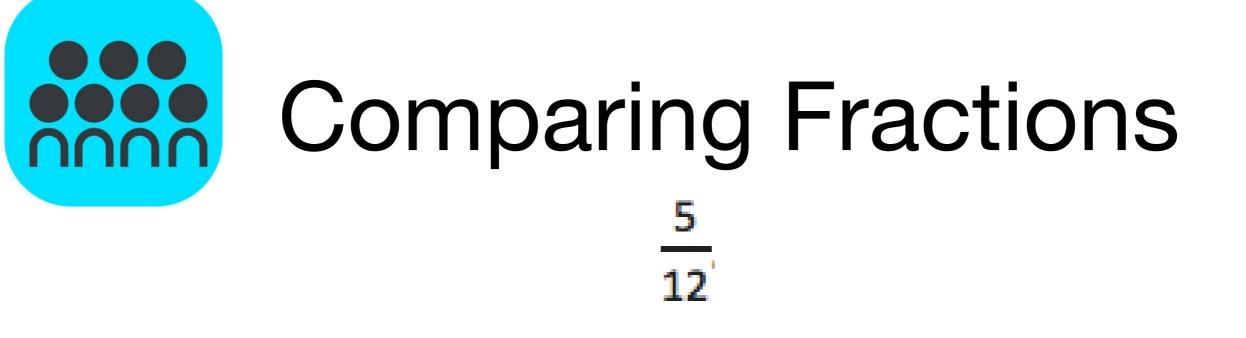
Can you model this on a number line?

Talk to your partner. Is  $\frac{2}{5}$  greater than  $\frac{1}{2}$  or less than  $\frac{1}{2}$ ?

Model this on a number line and then compare  $^{2}\!\!/_{5}$  and  $^{1}\!\!/_{2}$ 



# What do we know about 5/12 in relation to 0, 1/2, and 1?



# Plot and label 5/12 on a number line. Is 5/12 closer to 0 or 1/2 ?

How close? Count the twelfths.



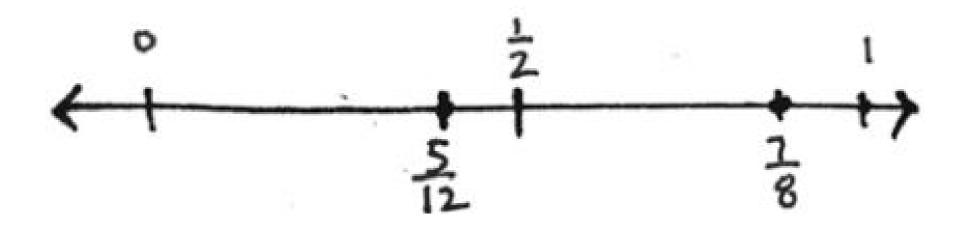
#### 7/8

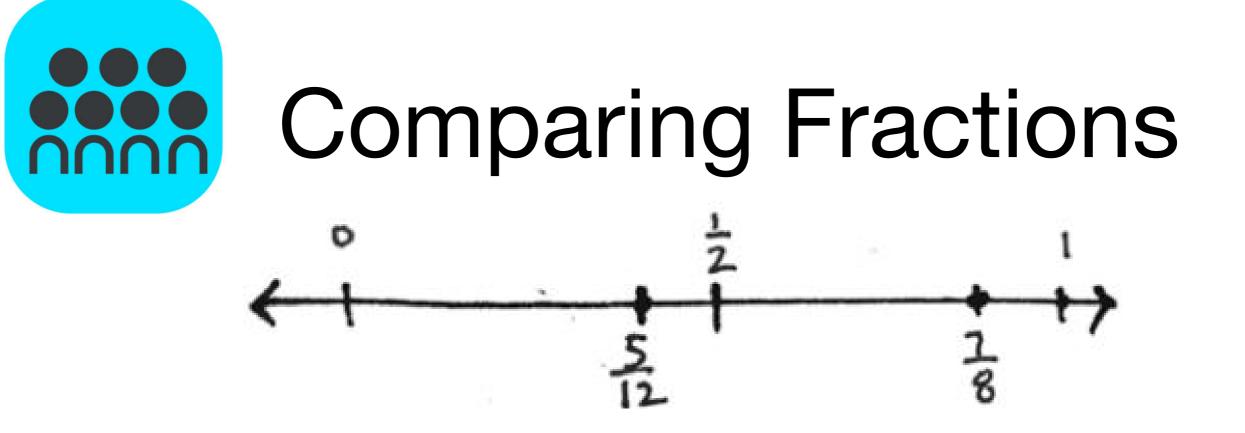
# What do we know about 7/8 in relation to 0, 1/2, and 1?

Discuss with your partner. Is 7/8 closer to 1/2 or to 1?

#### 7/8

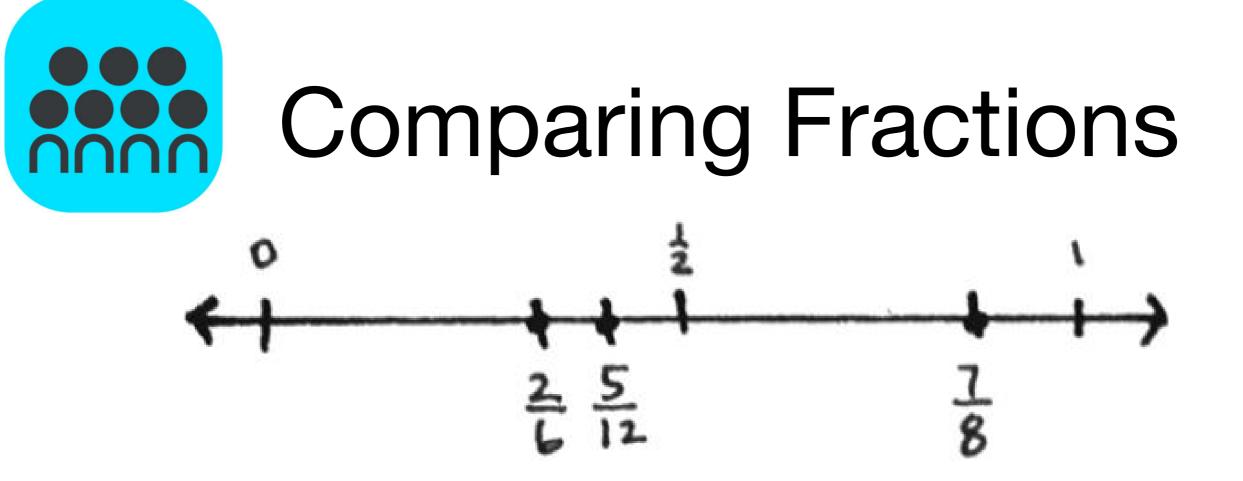
Plot and label 7/8 on the same number line as you labeled 5/12. Write a number sentence comparing 7/8 and 5/12.





Here is a challenge! Plot 2/6 on the same number line. Discuss with your partner the relationship 2/6 has to the other points on the number line.

Consider the size of each unit.



We can compare the distance of a point from 1/2 based on the size of the fractional units. We can use these important locations on the number line as benchmarks to help us compare fractions.

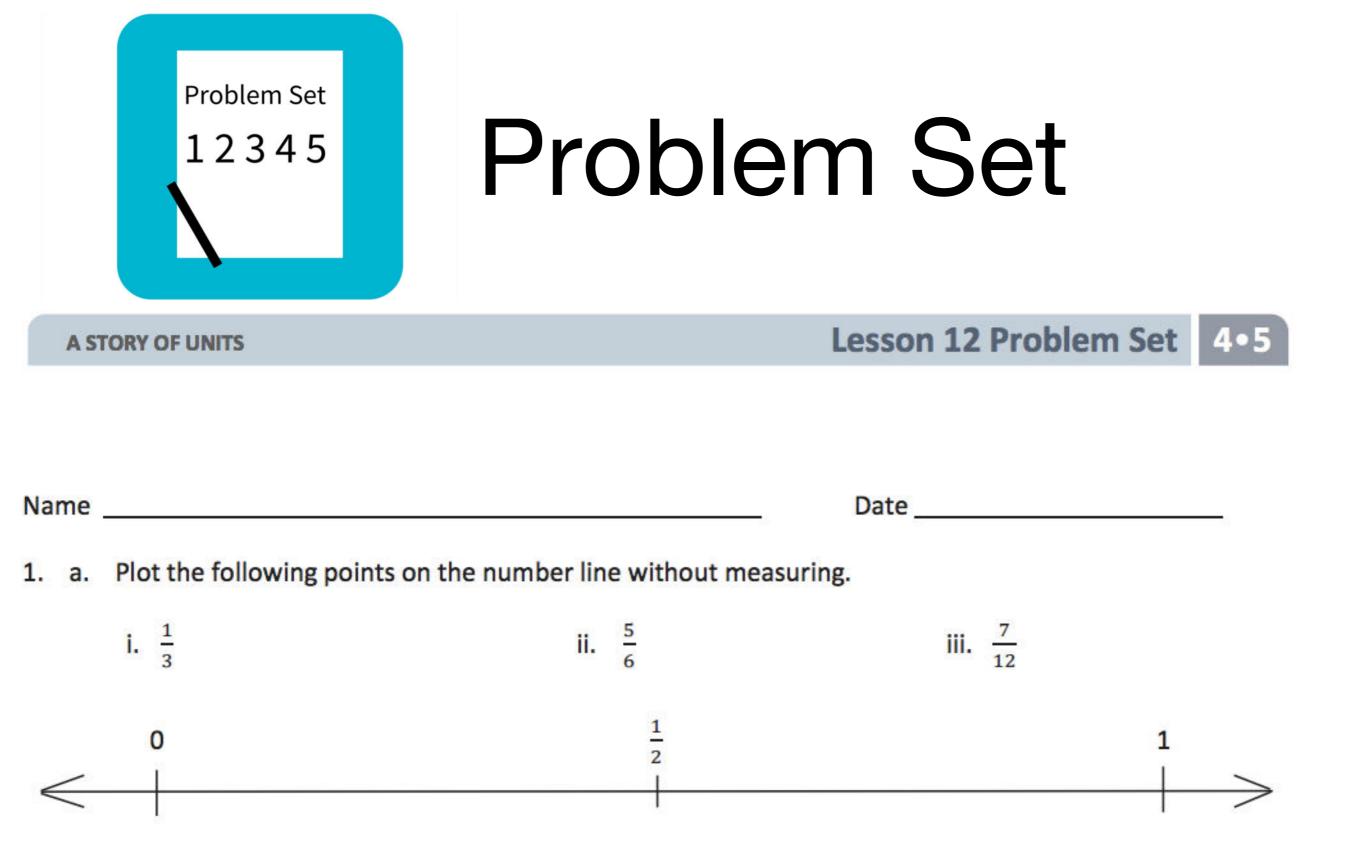
Talk to your partner. Compare 5/8 and 4/5. Consider the relationship 5/8 has to 0, 1/2, and 1.

What about 4/5?

What can we conclude about 5/8 and 4/5? Think about the size of the units.

Compare 2/5 and 6/10. Again, consider the relationship 2/5 has to 0, 1/2, and 1.

Talk to your partner, and compare 33/100 and 2/3.



## Debrief

Participate in the discussion by...

- Thinking about the question.
- Sharing your work.
- Explaining your strategy.
- Listening to others.



## Debrief

- How was the number line helpful as we compared the fractions in Problem 1(b)?
- For Problem 3(a–j), explain how you used the benchmarks 0, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, and 1 to compare the fractions.
   When both fractions were greater than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, how did you know which one was greater?
- Will the strategy of using the benchmarks 0, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, and 1 always help us to compare two fractions? Explain.
- How did the Application Problem connect to today's lesson?

## Exit Ticket

A STORY OF UNITS		Lesson 12 Exit Ticket	4•5
Name	S	Date	
1. Plot the following points on the	e number line without measuring		
a. $\frac{8}{10}$	b. $\frac{3}{5}$	<b>c.</b> $\frac{1}{4}$	
0	1 2	1	$\rightarrow$