Eureka Math

4th Grade Module 3 Lesson 27

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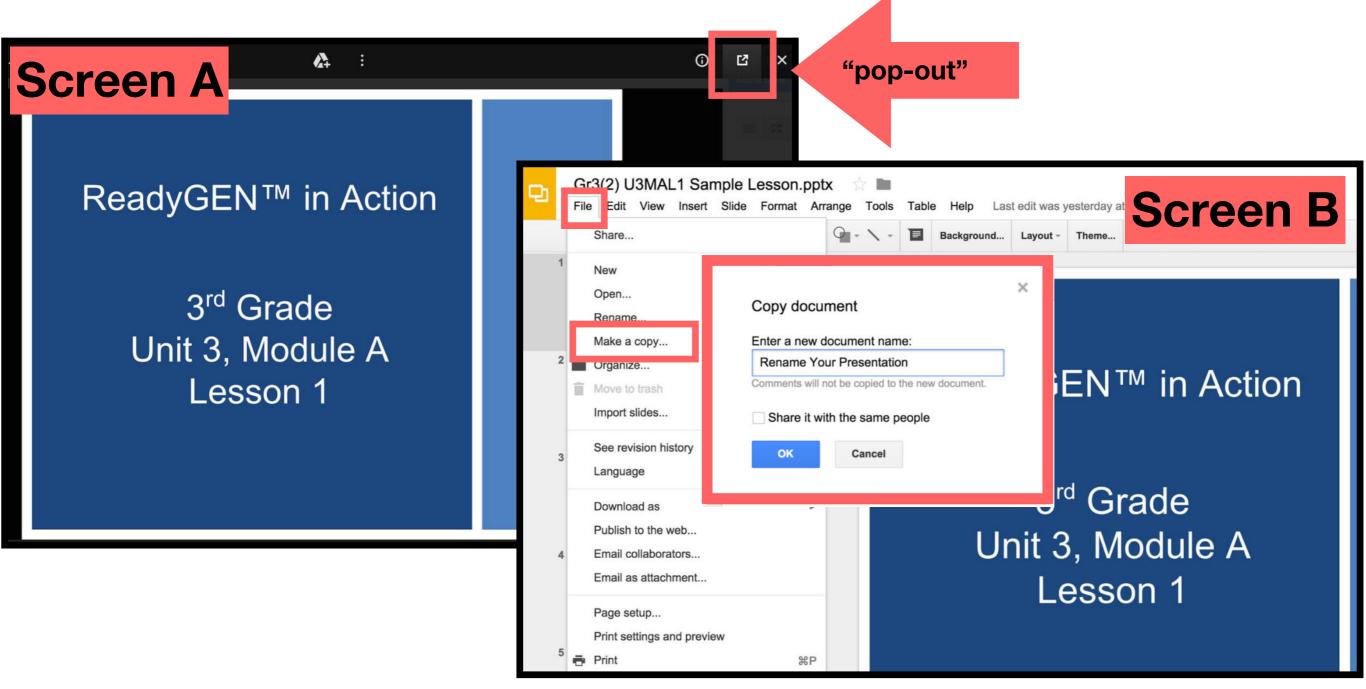


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Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- > When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
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Icons











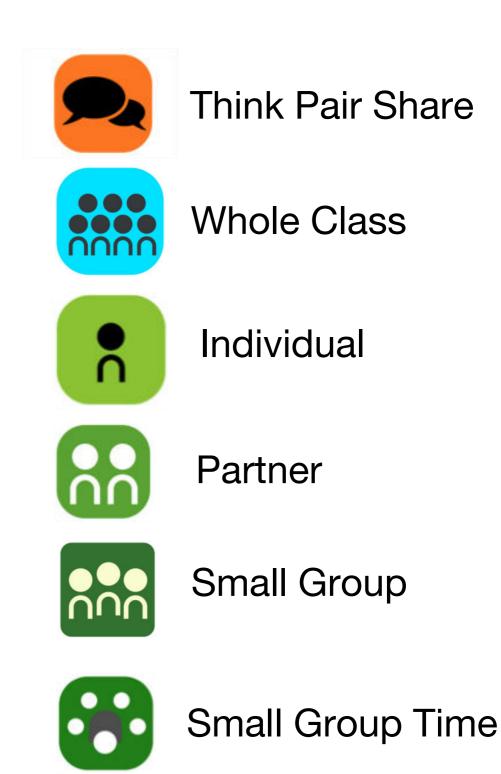




Problem Set



Manipulatives Needed







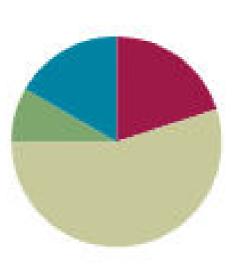
Lesson 27

Objective: Represent and solve division problems with up to a three-digit dividend numerically and with place value disks requiring decomposing a remainder in the hundreds place.

Suggested Lesson Structure

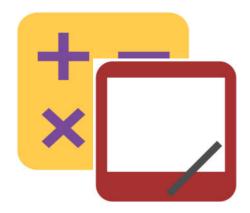
Fluency Practice
Application Problem
Concept Development
Student Debrief
Total Time

(12 minutes) (5 minutes) (33 minutes) (10 minutes) (60 minutes)





I can represent and solve division problems with up to a three-digit dividend numerically and with place value disks requiring decomposing a remainder in the hundreds place.



Sprint: Circle the Prime Number



Divide with Place Value Disks 6÷2=

On your personal white board, draw place value disks to represent the expression. Say the division sentence in unit form.

RDW Application Problem

Emma takes 57 stickers from her collection and divides them up equally between 4 of her friends. How many stickers will each friend receive?

Emma puts the remaining stickers back in her collection. How many stickers will Emma return to her collection?

Materials

(S) Personal white boards, thousands place value chart for dividing (Lesson 26 Template)

423÷3

Let's find the quotient. Represent 423 on the place value chart. Tell your partner how many groups below will be needed.

Four hundreds divided by 3. Distribute your disks and cross of what you've used. What is the quotient?

423÷3

Tell me how to decompose the remaining 1 hundred.

Let's decompose 1 hundred. Turn to your partner and decide together what to do next.

Why didn't we stop when we had a remainder of 1 hundred?

423÷3

12 tens divided by 3. What is the quotient? Distribute your disks and cross off what you've used.

Does that mean we are finished?

Do that now. Distribute and cross off your disks. 3 ones divided by 3. What is the quotient?

423÷3

Is there any more dividing we need to do?

Great! So, what is the quotient of 423 divided by 3? Say the whole number sentence.

783÷3

Let's solve 783 ÷ 3 using a place value chart and long division side by side. Represent 783 in a place value chart and prepare for long division.

Starting with the largest unit, tell me what to divide.

Do that on your chart. 7 hundreds divided by 3. What is the quotient?

783÷3

In your place value chart, you recorded 2 hundred three times. Say a multiplication sentence that tells me that.

We started with 7 hundreds, distributed 6 hundreds, and have 1 hundred remaining. Tell me a subtraction sentence for that.

783÷3

How many tens remain to be divided?

We decompose the remaining 1 hundred for 10 tens and add on the 8 tens. Decompose the 1 hundred. Say a division sentence for how we should distribute 18 tens.

783÷3

You recorded 6 tens, three times. Say a multiplication sentence that tells that.

We renamed 10 tens, distributed all 18 tens, and have no tens remaining. Say a subtraction sentence for that.

783÷3

What is left to distribute?

How many ones remain to be divided?

Say a division sentence for how we should distribute 3 ones.

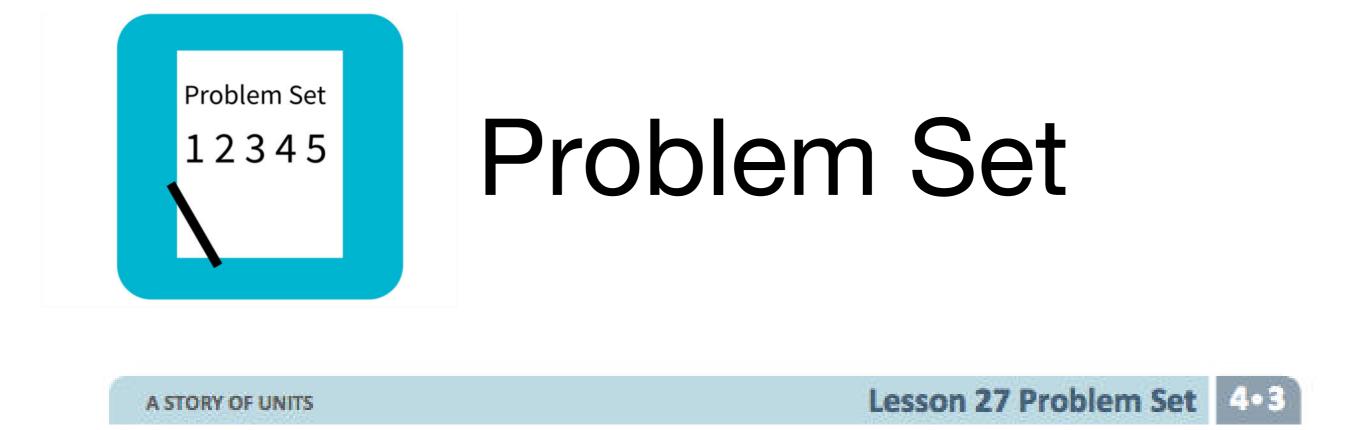
783÷3

You recorded 1 one, three times. Say a multiplication sentence that describes that.

We have 3 ones, and we distributed 3 ones. Say a subtraction sentence for that.

546÷3

Work together with a partner to solve 546 ÷ 3 using place value disks and long division. One partner solves the problem using a place value chart and disks, while the other partner uses long division. Work at the same pace, matching the action of the disks with the written method, and, or course, compare your quotients.



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Date

1. Divide. Use place value disks to model each problem.

a. 324÷2

Debrief

Think about ways to connect the division Problems in 1(a) and 1(b) to word problems. What are some other ways to say *divided by two*? Try making a connection to fractions by using words like half.

Problems 1(c) and 1 (d) have the same divisor. Problem 1(d) has a larger whole. What conclusions can you make about quotients when the wholes are different, but the divisors are the same?

The size of a remainder is closely connected with that of the divisor. What conclusions can you make about remainders, whether they are in the hundreds, tens, or ones columns?

Exit Ticket

A STORY OF UNITS	Lesson 27 Exit Ticket
ne	Date
ide. Use place value disks to mode	el each problem. Then, solve using the algorithm.
Disks	Algorithm