

Materials List

(S) Application Problems Sheet

(S) Personal white board

Eureka Math

3rd Grade Module 3 Lesson 9

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Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.

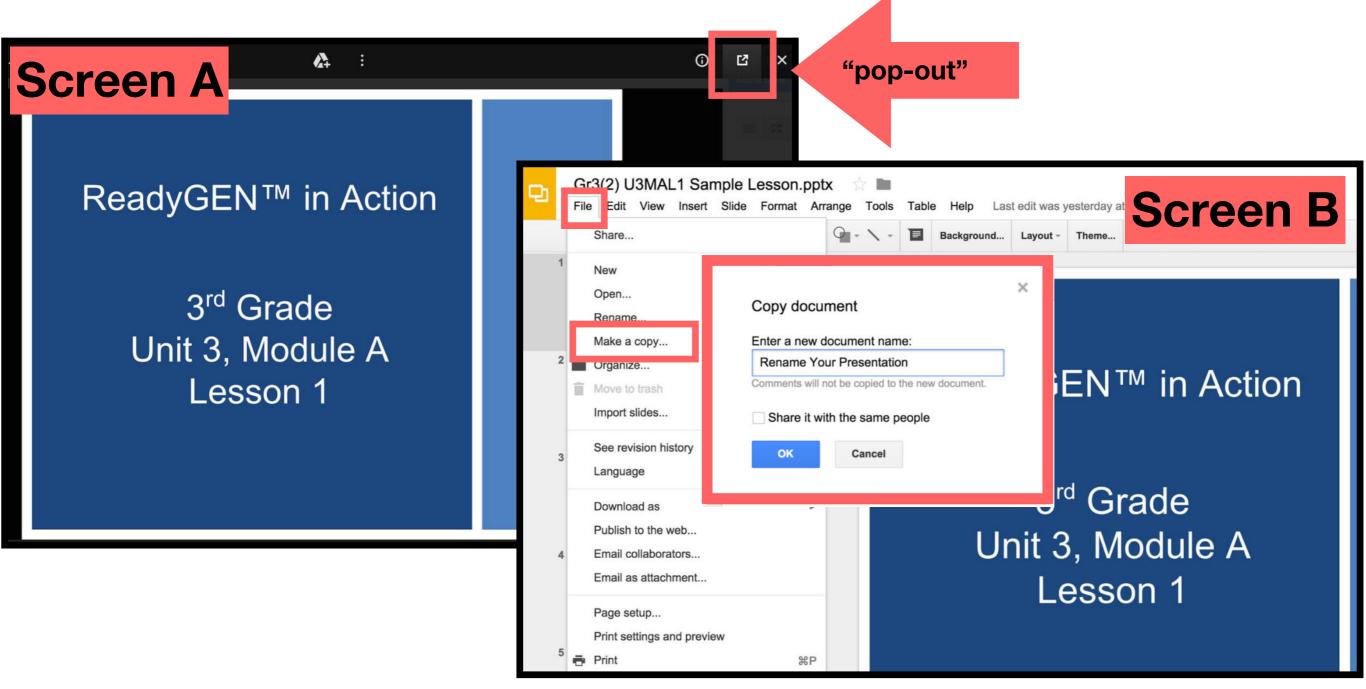


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Customize this Slideshow

Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- ➤ When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- ➤ Click on the "pop-out" button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- \succ The view now looks like Screen B.
- ➤ Within Google Slides (not Chrome), choose FILE.
- ➤ Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- ➤ Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.
- ➤ It is now editable & housed in MY DRIVE.



lcons











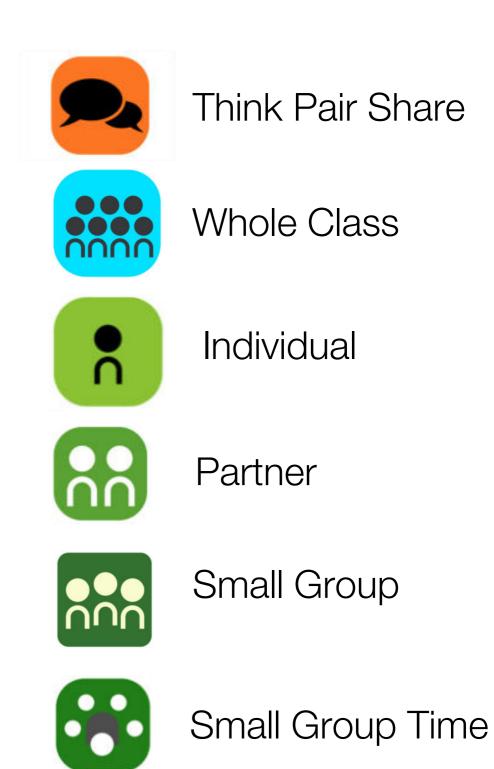








Manipulatives Needed





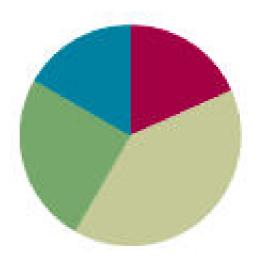


Lesson 9 Objective: Model the associative property as a strategy to multiply.

Suggested Lesson Structure

Fluency Practice
Application Problems
Concept Development
Student Debrief
Total Time

(11 minutes)(15 minutes)(24 minutes)(10 minutes)(60 minutes)





I can model the associative property as a strategy to multiply.



Write $a \times 6 = 12$

On your personal white board, write the value of a.



Write $a \times 6 = 30$

On your personal white board, write the value of a.



Write $b \times 6 = 24$

On your personal white board, write the value of b.



Write $c \times 6 = 36$

On your personal white board, write the value of c.



Write $d \times 6 = 60$

On your personal white board, write the value of d.



Write $e \times 6 = 54$

On your personal white board, write the value of e.



Write $f \times 7 = 35$

On your personal white board, write the value of f.



Write $g \times 7 = 28$

On your personal white board, write the value of g.



Write $h \times 7 = 42$

On your personal white board, write the value of h.



Write $j \times 7 = 70$

On your personal white board, write the value of j.



Write $k \times 7 = 56$

On your personal white board, write the value of k.



Group Counting

Eights to 80

Nines to 90



Write 10 - 5 + 3 = 8

On your board, copy the equation.



Write 10 - 5 + 3 = 2

On your board, copy the equation.



Write 10 = 20 - 7 + 3

On your board, copy the equation.



Write 16 = 20 - 7 + 3

On your board, copy the equation.



Write $8 + 2 \times 4 = 40$

On your board, copy the equation.



Write $8 + 2 \times 4 = 40$

On your board, copy the equation.



Write 12 = 12 ÷ 2 × 2

On your board, copy the equation.



Write 3 = 12 ÷ 2 × 2

On your board, copy the equation.



Write $10 = 35 - 5 \times 5$

On your board, copy the equation.



Write 20 – 10 ÷ 5 = 2

On your board, copy the equation.



Name				Date	
So	ve t	he following pairs of problems.	Circle the pairs where both pr	oblems have the same answer.	
1.	a.	7 + (6 + 4)	5. a. (:	3 + 2) × 5	
	b.	(7 + 6) + 4	b. 3	+ (2 × 5)	
2.	a.	(3 × 2) × 4	6. a. (8	8 ÷ 2) × 2	
		3 × (2 × 4)		÷ (2 × 2)	
3.	a,	$(2 \times 1) \times 5$	7. a. (S	9 – 5) + 3	

b. 2 × (1 × 5) b. 9 - (5 + 3)



Write 16 × 3 =

This could be difficult to solve, work with your partner to list factors that have a product of 16. Write them on your personal white board.

4, 8, and 2 are much friendlier factors than 16.

Factors

4 x 4 = 16 8 x 2 = 16



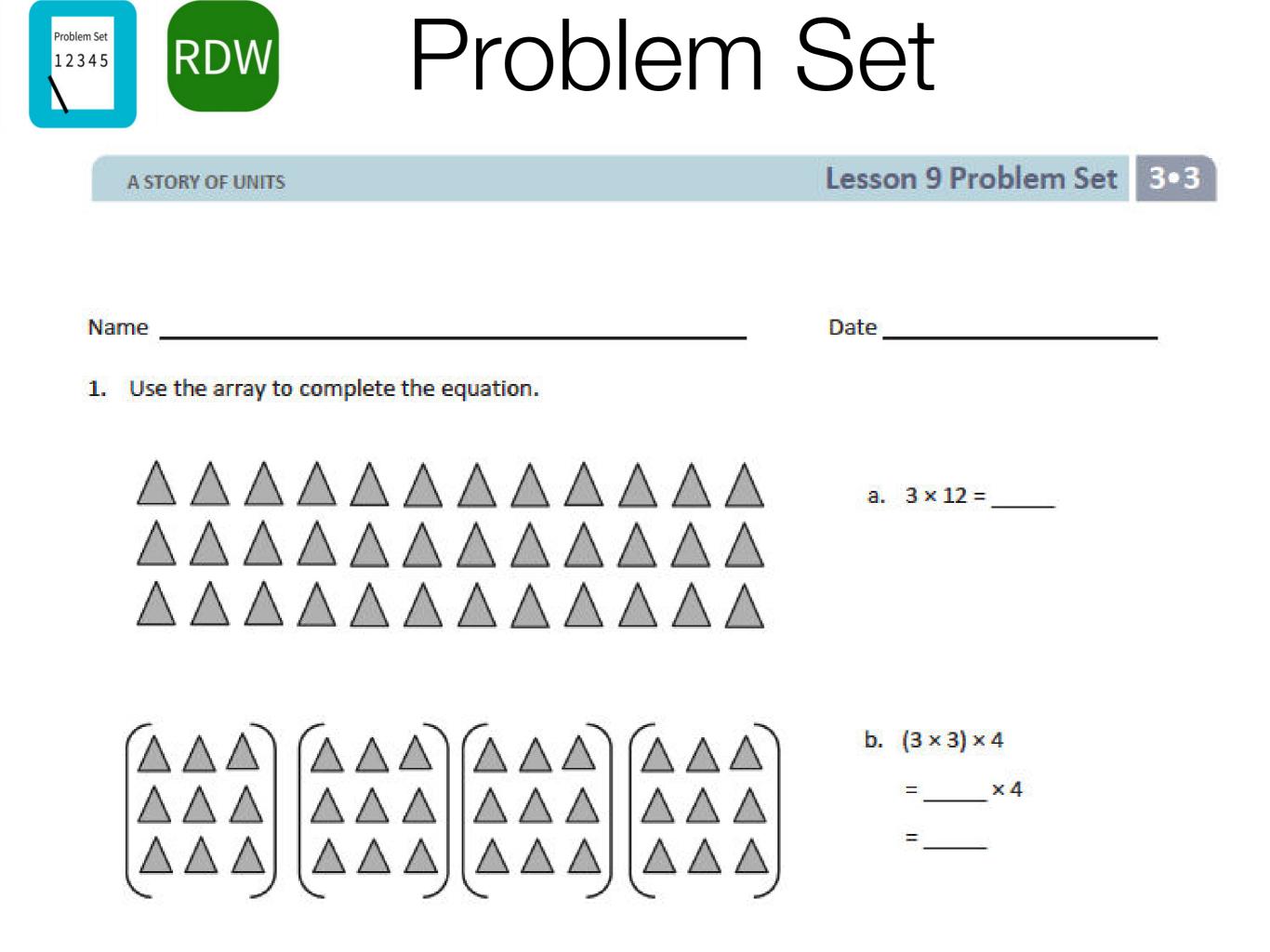
(8 × 2) × 3

Why do you think I put 8 × 2 in parentheses?





15 x 3 =





Student Debrief

Lesson Objective: Model the associative property as a strategy to multiply.

In Problem 1, how do the problems on the bottom simplify the problems on the top?

In Problem 3, how did Charlotte simplify?

How are the commutative property and this new strategy helpful for finding unknown, larger Facts?

How did the Application Problems relate to the lesson today?

Exit Ticket

A STORY OF UNITS

Name _____

Date _____

Lesson 9 Exit Ticket 3•3

Simplify to find the answer to 18 × 3. Show your work, and explain your strategy.