



Materials List

(T) Place Value Charts
(S) Personal white board

(T) Beaker images
(S) Personal white board

(T) Scale
(S) Spring scales, digital scales,
beakers (mL), personal white
board

Eureka Math

3rd Grade Module 2 Lesson 11

At the request of elementary teachers, a team of Bethel & Sumner educators met as a committee to create Eureka slideshow presentations. These presentations are not meant as a script, nor are they required to be used. Please customize as needed. Thank you to the many educators who contributed to this project!

Directions for customizing presentations are available on the next slide.



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Customize this Slideshow

Reflecting your Teaching Style and Learning Needs of Your Students

- When the Google Slides presentation is opened, it will look like Screen A.
- Click on the “pop-out” button in the upper right hand corner to change the view.
- The view now looks like Screen B.
- Within Google Slides (not Chrome), choose FILE.
- Choose MAKE A COPY and rename your presentation.
- Google Slides will open your renamed presentation.
- It is now editable & housed in MY DRIVE.

The image shows a transition from a presentation viewer (Screen A) to an editor (Screen B). Screen A is a blue slide with the text "ReadyGEN™ in Action", "3rd Grade", "Unit 3, Module A", and "Lesson 1". A red box labeled "Screen A" is in the top left. A red arrow labeled "pop-out" points from the top right corner of the viewer to the top right corner of the editor. Screen B is the same slide but in edit mode. A red box labeled "Screen B" is in the top right. The "File" menu is open, and the "Make a copy..." option is highlighted with a red box. A "Copy document" dialog box is open, with the text "Rename Your Presentation" in the input field. The "OK" button is highlighted with a red box.

Icons



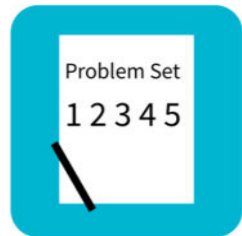
Read, Draw, Write



Learning Target



Personal White Board



Problem Set



Manipulatives Needed



Fluency



Think Pair Share



Whole Class



Individual



Partner



Small Group



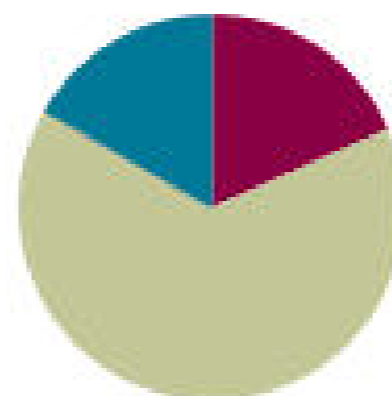
Small Group Time

Lesson 11

Objective: Solve mixed word problems involving all four operations with grams, kilograms, liters, and milliliters given in the same units.

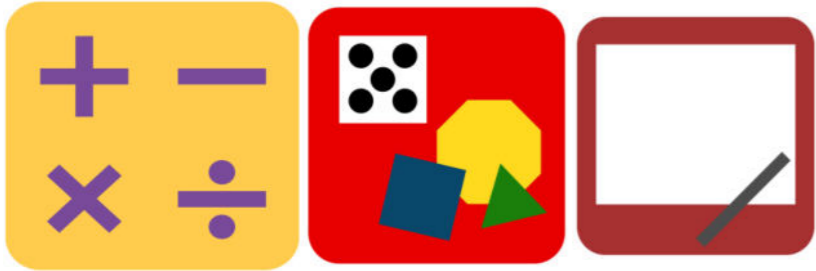
Suggested Lesson Structure

■ Fluency Practice	(11 minutes)
■ Concept Development	(39 minutes)
■ Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
Total Time	(60 minutes)





I can solve mixed word problems involving all four operations with grams, kilograms, liters, and milliliters given in the same units.



Renaming Tens

Write 7 tens = _____.

“Say the number”.

Write 8 tens = _____.

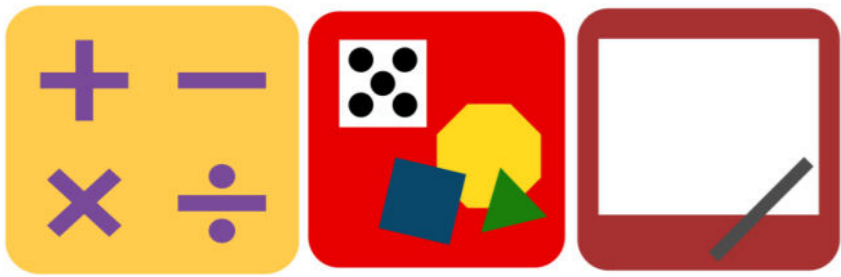
“Say the number”.

Write 9 tens = _____.

“Say the number”.

Write 10 tens = _____.

“Say the number”.



Renaming Tens

Write 11 tens = _____.

“Say the number”.

Write 12 tens = _____.

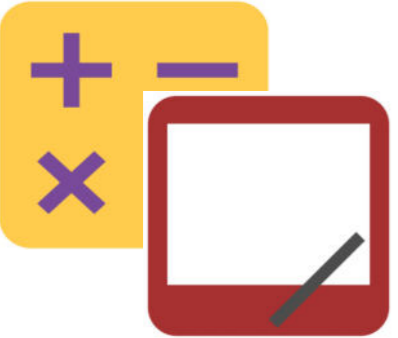
“Say the number”.

Write 16 tens = _____.

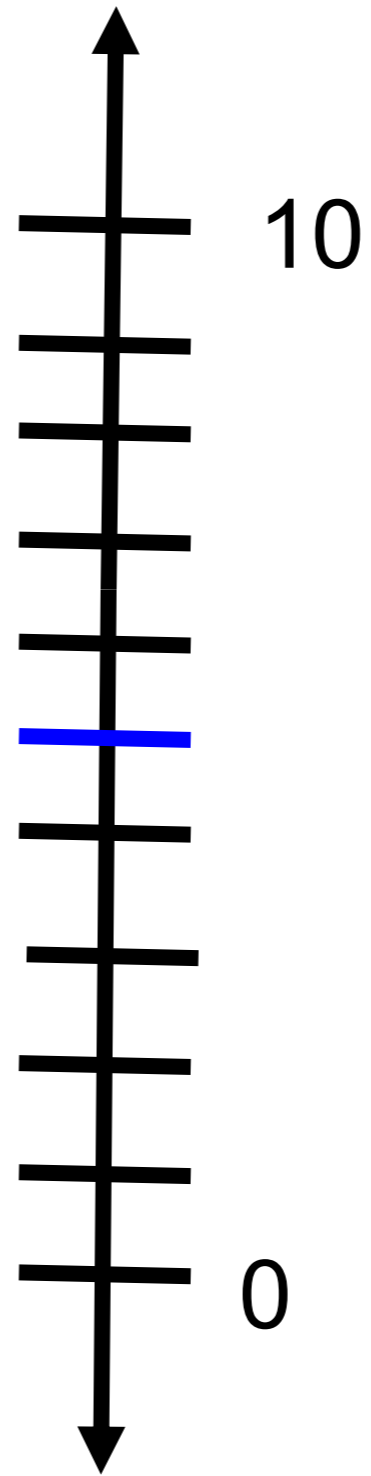
“Say the number”.

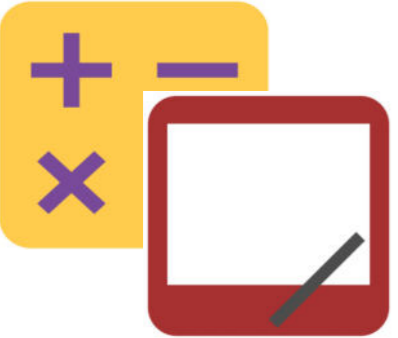
Write 19 tens = _____.

“Say the number”.

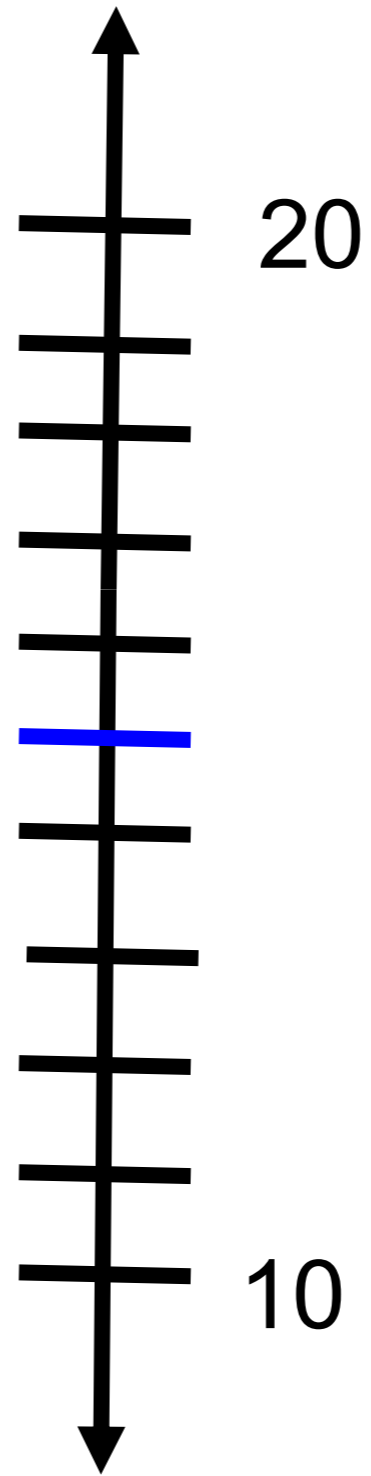


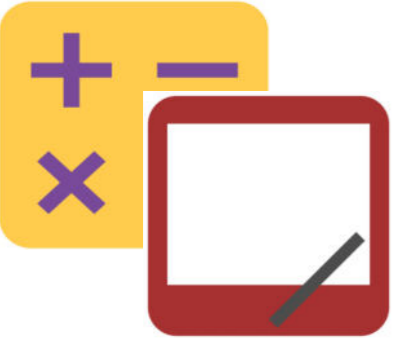
Halfway on the Number Line





Halfway on the Number Line

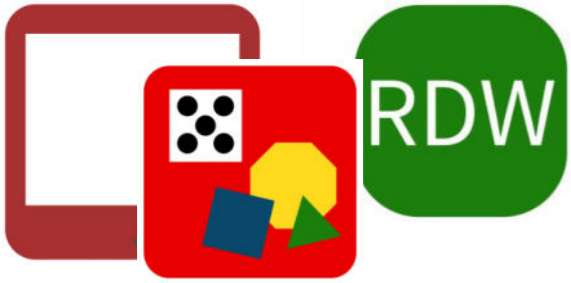




Read a Beaker

Start at the bottom of the beaker and count by 1 liter.

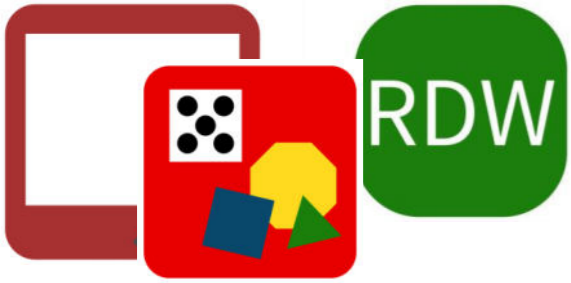




Concept Development

Part 1: Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction.

A pet mouse weighs 34 grams. A pet hamster weighs 126 grams more than the mouse. How much does the pet hamster weigh?
Model the problem on your board.



Concept Development

Talk with your partner: Is there a simplifying strategy you might use to find how much the hamster weighs?

$$34 \text{ g} + 126 \text{ g} = ?$$



Concept Development

Part 1: Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction.

As time allows, repeat the process.

Judith squeezes 140 milliliters of lemon juice to make 1 liter of lemonade. How many milliliters of lemon juice are in 2 liters of lemonade?



Concept Development

Part 1: Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction.

As time allows, repeat the process.

Robert's crate of tools weighs 12 kilograms. He takes his power tools out. Now the crate weighs 4 kilogram. How many kilograms do the power tools weigh?



Concept Development

Problem 2: Solve word problems involving multiplication.

A pitcher of shaved ice needs 5 milliliters of food coloring to turn red. How many milliliters of food coloring are needed to make 9 pitchers of shaved ice red? Explain to your partner how you would model and solve this problem.



Concept Development

Problem 2: Solve word problems involving multiplication.

As time allows, repeat the process.

Alyssa drinks 3 liters of water every day. How many liters will she drink in 8 days?

There are 4 grams of almonds in each bag of mixed nuts. How many grams of almonds are in 7 bags?



Concept Development

Problem 3: Solve word problems involving division.

Let's work in groups to solve the following problem.

At the pet shop there are 36 liters of water in a tank.
Each fish bowl holds 4 liters. How many fish bowls can
the shopkeeper fill using the water in the tank?



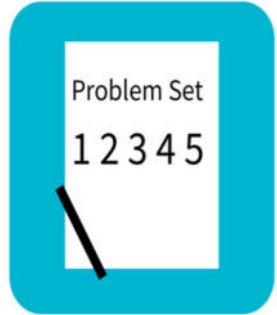
Concept Development

Problem 3: Solve word problems involving division.

As time allows, repeat the process:

Every day the school garden gets watered with 7 liters of water. How many days pass until the garden has been watered with 49 liters?

A bin at the grocery store holds 9 kilograms of walnuts. The total value of 9 kilograms of walnuts is \$36. How much does 1 kilogram of walnuts cost?



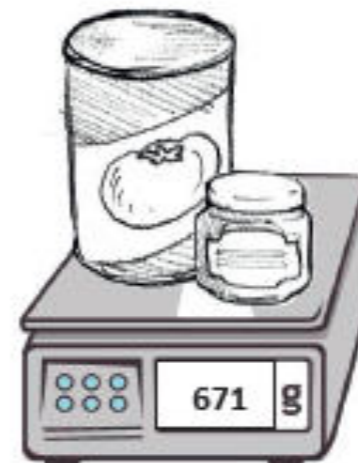
Problem Set

Students should do their personal best to complete the problem set within the allotted 10 minutes. For some classes, it may be appropriate to modify the assignment by specifying which problems they work on first. Some problems do not specify a method for solving. Students should solve these problems using the RDW approach used for Application Problems.

Name _____

Date _____

1. The total weight in grams of a can of tomatoes and a jar of baby food is shown to the right.
 - a. The jar of baby food weighs 113 grams. How much does the can of tomatoes weigh?
 - b. How much more does the can of tomatoes weigh than the jar of baby food?





Student Debrief

Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Solve mixed word problems involving all four operations with grams, kilograms, liters, and milliliters given in the same units.

Exit Ticket

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help with assessing students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in today's lesson and planning more effectively for future lessons. The questions may be read aloud to the students.

A STORY OF UNITS

Lesson 11 Exit Ticket

3•2

Name _____

Date _____

The capacities of three cups are shown below:



Cup A
160 mL



Cup B
280 mL



Cup C
237 mL