Introducing **Policy 2419:** Regulations for the Education of Students with **Exceptionalities**

Policy 2419-Chapter 4 Identifying Students with SLD and Response to Intervention

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Identifying Students with Specific Learning Disabilities Introducing.... Policy 2419: Regulations for the Education of Students with Exceptionalities

http://wvde.state.wv.us/intro241 9/

Office of Special Programs, Extended and Early Learning

http://wvde.state.wv.us/ose

Training Components

- Presentation
- Supplementary materials
- Participant notes
- Policy 2419 (final document or bill analysis version)
- Participant questions and WVDE responses
- Training Calendar
- Policy 2419 Training Synopsis

Identifying Students with Specific Learning Disabilities

Module Contents

- Definition of Specific Learning Disability
- Options for Determining SLD
- Eligibility Committee Members
- Determining SLD
- Observation Requirement
- Written Report Requirements
- Parent Notice West Virginia Department of Education

 Disorder in one or more of the basic psychological processes involved in understanding or in using language, spoken or written, manifested in an imperfect ability to:

 Listen, think, read, write, spell, or to do mathematical calculations

Includes conditions such as:

 Perceptual disabilities
 Brain injury
 Minimal brain dysfunction
 Dyslexia
 Developmental aphasia

 Does <u>not</u> include learning problems due to:

- Visual, hearing, or motor disabilities
- Mental impairment
 - **Emotional/behavior disorders**
- Environmental, cultural or economic disadvantage

Determinant factor must <u>not</u> be due to:
 Lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including the essential components of reading instruction (i.e., phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension)

Lack of appropriate mathematics instruction

Limited English proficiency

RTI Implementation Timelines

✓ Elementary School – July 1, 2009
 ✓ Middle School – July 1, 2010
 ✓ High School – July 1, 2011

Response to Intervention Defined p. 34



RTI is the practice of

- Providing high-quality instruction/intervention matched to student needs and
- Using leaning rate over time and level of performance to
- Make important educational decisions.(NASDSE, 2005)

3-Tier Model



Tier I p. 34



- Universal screening of all students
- Core program instruction in 5 essential components of reading
- 90 minutes uninterrupted reading block
- Scientific research-based instruction
- Differentiated instruction
- Whole group, small group, literacy stations

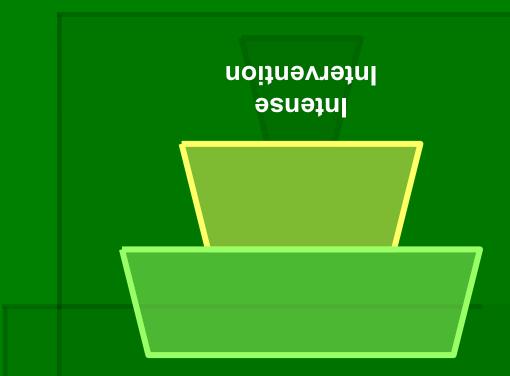
Tier II p. 34



- Progress monitoring of at-risk students
- Small group instruction in <u>addition</u> <u>to</u> core reading instruction
- Same ability groups of 3-5 students
- Programs, strategies, and procedures designed to supplement, enhance and support Tier 1

 Scientific research-West Virginia Department of based interventions Education

Tier III p. 35



- Intensive, strategic, supplemental instruction
- Small group intervention beyond the core reading program
- Same-ability groups of three students or fewer
- Typically 45-60 min/day

Role of the Interventionist p. 35

An interventionist is an educator who is knowledgeable of scientific researchbased strategies and intervention.

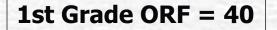
IEP implementation is a priority for special educators but unused portions of a caseload may be dedicated to the RTI process.

RTI Eligibility Standards p. 36

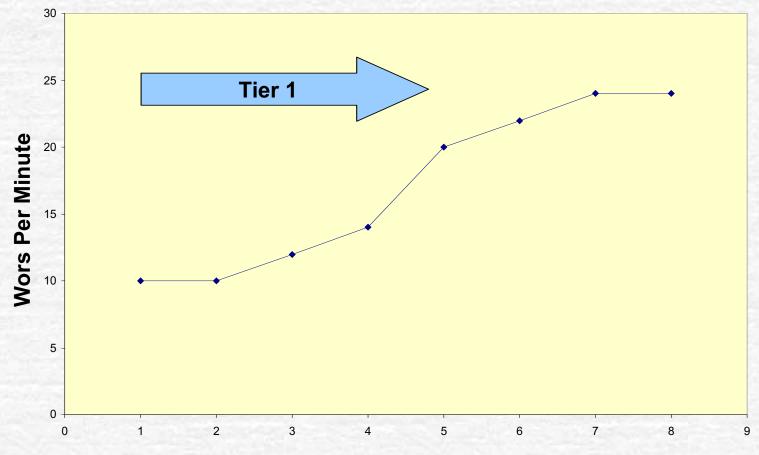
Standard 1: Level of Learning Comparison of student's level of academic performance to same-grade peers Grade level learning experiences, including interventions, based on CSOs

RTI Eligibility Standards p. 37

Standard 2: Rate of Learning
 Sufficient progress to meet grade level standards
 Ongoing progress monitoring
 Standard is met if a reasonable rate of progress cannot be projected when provided intervention



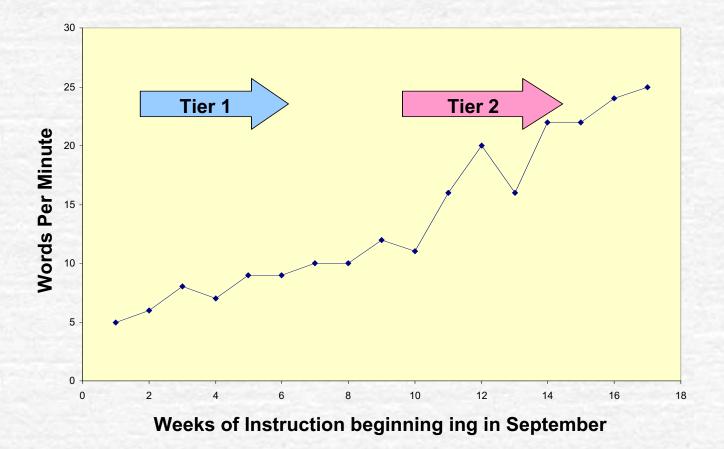
Student Profile: Jordan Grade 1 - Middle of Year



Weeks of Instruction beginning in January

2nd Grade ORF = 90

Student Profile: Niki Grade 2



2nd Grade ORF = 90

Student Profile: Jerry



Weeks of Instruction beginning September

RTI Eligibility Standards p. 37

Standard 3: Exclusion Factors Visual, hearing, or motor disability **Mental impairment Behavior/emotional disorder Cultural factors Environmental or economic disadvantage** Limited English proficiency

Validating Underachievement p. 38

 Data demonstrate provision of appropriate general education instruction and intervention

 Data-based documentation of repeated assessments of achievement at reasonable intervals (i.e., progress monitoring)

Parent Consent

 Whenever a student is referred for evaluation

If, before referral for evaluation, student has not made adequate progress...

After appropriate period of time
 When provided appropriate instruction by qualified personnel

Observation Requirement p. 38



- Student is observed in his/her learning environment
- Document student's academic performance and behavior in areas of difficulty

Observation Requirement p. 38

Group must decide to:

 Use information from <u>observation</u> <u>done before</u> child was referred for evaluation

or

 Have at least one group member conduct <u>observation after</u> student is referred and parent consent obtained

Observation Requirement p. 38

 For a student less than school age or out of school:
 ✓ Group member must observe student in environment appropriate for a child that age



Evaluation Components p. 38

 Assessment must focus on areas related to the area of difficulty to assist with program planning and instruction

Sample assessments for reading problems:

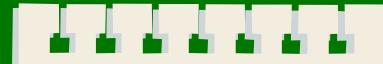
Phonological processes
Verbal memory
Attention
Processing speed
Orthographical processes
Rapid automatic naming



Evaluation Components

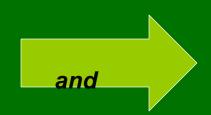


The evaluation battery must ultimately be designed to inform and assist with instructional planning.

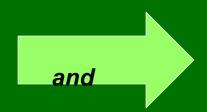


- 1. Basis for making the determination
- 2. Whether the student has a specific learning disability

- 3. Relevant observed behavior
- 4. Educationally relevant medical findings

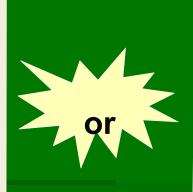


- 5. Whether student does not achieve adequately:
 - a) For student's age, or
 - To meet Stateapproved standards



and

b. Student does not make sufficient progress to meet age or State grade-level standards

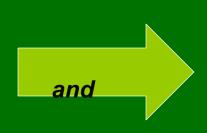




c. Student exhibits pattern of strengths and weaknesses in performance, achievement, or both, relative to age, State grade-level standards or intellectual development

6. What the group has determined relevant to effects on achievement of:

- ✓ Visual, hearing, or motor disability
- ✓Mental impairment
- ✓Emotional/behavior disorder
- ✓Cultural factors
- Environmental or economic disadvantage
- ✓Limited English proficiency



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- 7. If student has participated in the RTI process,
- Instructional strategies used and studentcentered data collected; and
- Documentation that the student's parents were notified about 3 things...

Parent Notice Requirements p. 40

- State's policies regarding amount and nature of student performance data that would be collected and general education services provided
- Output Strategies for increasing child's rate of learning
- Parent right to request and evaluation



Dissenting Opinions p. 40

Each group member must certify in writing whether the report reflects the member's conclusion.



If report does not, member must submit separate written statement of views.



Labeling a child is never a benign action. West Virginia Department of Education

For more information contact:

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Closing

Questions

 Responses to questions submitted will be posted within three business days on the Introducing...Policy 2419 and the OSP websites

Evaluation